

CAPITAL HEALTH PLAN ADVANTAGE PLUS (HMO)



2024 Evidence of Coverage

January 1 – December 31, 2024

Evidence of Coverage:

Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services and Prescription Drug Coverage as a Member of Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO)

This document gives you the details about your Medicare health care and prescription drug coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2024. This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.

For questions about this document, please contact Member Services at 1-877-247-6512 for additional information. (TTY users should call 1-877-870-8943). Hours are 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week, between October 1 - March 31; and 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., Monday through Friday between April 1 and September 30. This call is free.

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OMB Approval 0938-1051 (Expires: February 29, 2024) This plan, Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus, is offered by Capital Health Plan. (When this *Evidence of Coverage* says "we," "us," or "our," it means Capital Health Plan. When it says "plan" or "our plan," it means Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus.)

This document is available for free in other formats such as braille and large print. If you need plan information in another format please contact Member Services.

Member Services has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.

Benefits, premiums, and/or copayments/coinsurance may change on January 1, 2025.

The formulary, pharmacy network, and/or provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary. We will notify affected enrollees about changes at least 30 days in advance. This document explains your benefits and rights. Use this document to understand about:

- Your plan premium and cost sharing;
- Your medical and prescription drug benefits;
- How to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a service or treatment;
- How to contact us if you need further assistance; and,
- Other protections required by Medicare law.

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CHAPTER 1:

Getting started as a member

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1 You are enrolled in Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus, which is a Medicare HMO

You are covered by Medicare, and you have chosen to get your Medicare health care and your prescription drug coverage through our plan, Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus. We are required to cover all Part A and Part B services. However, cost sharing and provider access in this plan differ from Original Medicare.

Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus is a Medicare Advantage HMO Plan (HMO stands for Health Maintenance Organization) approved by Medicare and run by a private company.

Coverage under this Plan qualifies as Qualifying Health Coverage (QHC) and satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act's (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Please visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at:

www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families for more information.

Section 1.2 What is the *Evidence of Coverage* document about?

This *Evidence of Coverage* document tells you how to get your medical care and prescription drugs. It explains your rights and responsibilities, what is covered, what you pay as a member of the plan, and how to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a decision or treatment.

The words *coverage* and *covered services* refer to the medical care and services and the prescription drugs available to you as a member of Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus.

It's important for you to learn what the plan's rules are and what services are available to you. We encourage you to set aside some time to look through this *Evidence of Coverage* document.

If you are confused, concerned, or just have a question, please contact Member Services.

Section 1.3 Legal information about the Evidence of Coverage

This *Evidence of Coverage* is part of our contract with you about how Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form, the *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*, and any notices you receive from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called *riders* or *amendments*.

The contract is in effect for months in which you are enrolled in Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus between January 1, 2024 and December 31, 2024.

Each calendar year, Medicare allows us to make changes to the plans that we offer. This means we can change the costs and benefits of Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus after December 31, 2024. We can also choose to stop offering the plan in your service area,

after December 31, 2024.

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) must approve Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus each year. You can continue each year to get Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue to offer the plan and Medicare renews its approval of the plan.

SECTION 2 What makes you eligible to be a plan member?

Section 2.1 Your eligibility requirements

You are eligible for membership in our plan as long as:

- You have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B
- -- and -- you live in our geographic service area (Section 2.2 below describes our service area).
 Incarcerated individuals are not considered living in the geographic service area even if they are physically located in it.
- -- and -- you are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States

Section 2.2 Here is the plan service area for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus

Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus is available only to individuals who live in our plan service area. To remain a member of our plan, you must continue to reside in the plan service area. The service area is described below.

Our service area includes these counties in Florida: Calhoun, Franklin, Gadsden, Jefferson, Leon, Liberty, Madison, and Wakulla.

If you plan to move out of the service area, you cannot remain a member of this plan. Please contact Member Services to see if we have a plan in your new area. When you move, you will have a Special Enrollment Period that will allow you to switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or drug plan that is available in your new location. It is also important that you call Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

Section 2.3 U.S. Citizen or Lawful Presence

A member of a Medicare health plan must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus if you are not eligible to remain a member on this basis. Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus must disenroll you if you do not meet this requirement.

SECTION 3 Important membership materials you will receive

Section 3.1 Your plan membership card

While you are a member of our plan, you must use your membership card whenever you get services covered by this plan and for prescription drugs you get at network pharmacies. You should also show the provider your Medicaid card, if applicable. Here's a sample membership card to show you what yours will look like:



Do NOT use your red, white, and blue Medicare card for covered medical services while you are a member of this plan. If you use your Medicare card instead of your Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus membership card, you may have to pay the full cost of medical services yourself. Keep your Medicare card in a safe place. You may be asked to show it if you need hospital services, hospice services, or participate in Medicare approved clinical research studies also called clinical trials.

If your plan membership card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Member Services right away and we will send you a new card.

Section 3.2 *Provider Directory*

The *Provider Directory* lists our current network providers and durable medical equipment suppliers. **Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, durable medical equipment suppliers, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and any plan cost sharing as payment in full. You must use network providers to get your medical care and services. Out of area dialysis will only be covered when temporarily outside the plan's service area, or if local services are temporarily unavailable. If you go elsewhere without proper authorization you will have to pay in full. The only exceptions are emergencies, urgently needed services when the network is not available (that is, in situations when it is unreasonable or not possible to obtain services in-network), out-of-area dialysis services, and cases in which Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus authorizes use of out-of-network providers.

The most recent list of providers and suppliers is available on our website at <u>www.capitalhealth.com/Medicare</u>.

If you don't have your copy of the *Provider Directory*, you can request a copy (electronically or in hardcopy form) from Member Services. Requests for hard copy Provider

Directories will be mailed to you within three business days.

Section 3.3 Pharmacy Directory

The *Pharmacy Directory* lists our network pharmacies. **Network pharmacies** are all of the pharmacies that have agreed to fill covered prescriptions for our plan members. You can use the *Pharmacy Directory* to find the network pharmacy you want to use. See Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for information on when you can use pharmacies that are not in the plan's network. If you don't have the *Pharmacy Directory*, you can get a copy from Member Services. You can also find this information on our website at

www.capitalhealth.com/Medicare.

Section 3.4 The plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)

The plan has a *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*. We call it the "Drug List" for short. It tells which Part D prescription drugs are covered under the Part D benefit included in Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus. The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list must meet requirements set by Medicare. Medicare has approved the Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus "Drug List."

The "Drug List" also tells you if there are any rules that restrict coverage for your drugs.

We will provide you a copy of the "Drug List." To get the most complete and current information about which drugs are covered, you can visit the plan's website (<u>www.capitalhealth.com/Medicare</u>) or call Member Services.

SECTION 4 Your monthly costs for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus

Your costs may include the following:

- Plan Premium (Section 4.1)
- Monthly Medicare Part B Premium (Section 4.2)
- Part D Late Enrollment Penalty (Section 4.3)
- Income Related Monthly Adjusted Amount (Section 4.4)

In some situations, your plan premium could be less

The "Extra Help" program helps people with limited resources pay for their drugs. Chapter 2, Section 7 tells more about this program. If you qualify, enrolling in the program might lower your monthly plan premium.

If you are *already enrolled* and getting help from one of these programs, **the information about premiums in this** *Evidence of Coverage* **may not apply to you**. We sent you a separate insert, called the *Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get "Extra Help" Paying for Prescription Drugs* (also known as the Low-Income Subsidy Rider or the LIS Rider), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, please call Member Services, and ask for the LIS Rider.

Medicare Part B and Part D premiums differ for people with different incomes. If you have questions about these premiums review your copy of *Medicare & You*

2024 handbook, the section called 2024 Medicare Costs. If you need a copy, you can download it from the Medicare website (<u>www.medicare.gov</u>). Or you can order a printed copy by phone at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

Section 4.1 Plan premium

As a member of our plan, you pay a monthly plan premium. For 2024, the monthly premium for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus is \$26.

Section 4.2 Monthly Medicare Part B Premium

Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums

In addition to paying the monthly plan premium, **you must continue paying your Medicare premiums to remain a member of the plan.** This includes your premium for Part B. It may also include a premium for Part A which affects members who aren't eligible for premium free Part A.

Section 4.3 Part D Late Enrollment Penalty

Some members are required to pay a Part D late **enrollment penalty**. The Part D late enrollment penalty is an additional premium that must be paid for Part D coverage if at any time after your initial enrollment period is over, there is a period of 63 days or more in a row when you did not have Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage. Creditable prescription drug coverage is coverage that meets Medicare's minimum standards since it is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. The cost of the late enrollment penalty depends on how long you went without Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage. You will have to pay this penalty for as long as you have Part D coverage.

The Part D late enrollment penalty is added to your monthly premium. When you first enroll in Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus, we let you know the amount of the penalty. If you do not pay your Part D late enrollment penalty, you could lose your prescription drug benefits.

You **will not** have to pay it if:

- You receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs.
- You have gone less than 63 days in a row without creditable coverage.
- You have had creditable drug coverage through another source such as a former employer, union, TRICARE, or Department of Veterans Affairs. Your insurer or your human resources department will tell you each year if your drug coverage is creditable coverage. This information may be sent to you in a letter or included in a newsletter from the plan. Keep this information because you may need it if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

- Note: Any notice must state that you had creditable prescription drug coverage that is expected to pay as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug plan pays.
 - Note: The following are *not* creditable prescription drug coverage: prescription drug discount cards, free clinics, and drug discount websites.

Medicare determines the amount of the penalty. Here is how it works:

If you went 63 days or more without Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage after you were first eligible to enroll in Part D, the plan will count the number of full months that you did not have coverage. The penalty is 1% for every month that you did not have creditable coverage. For example, if you go 14 months without coverage, the penalty will be 14%.

- Then Medicare determines the amount of the average monthly premium for Medicare drug plans in the nation from the previous year. For 2024, this average premium amount is \$34.70.
- To calculate your monthly penalty, you multiply the penalty percentage and the average monthly premium and then round it to the nearest 10 cents. In the example here, it would be 14% times \$34.70, which equals \$4.86. This rounds to \$4.90. This amount would be added to the monthly premium for someone with a Part D late enrollment penalty.

There are three important things to note about this monthly Part D late enrollment penalty:

 First, the penalty may change each year because the average monthly premium can change each year.

- Second, you will continue to pay a penalty every month for as long as you are enrolled in a plan that has Medicare Part D drug benefits, even if you change plans.
- Third, if you are <u>under</u> 65 and currently receiving Medicare benefits, the Part D late enrollment penalty will reset when you turn 65. After age 65, your Part D late enrollment penalty will be based only on the months that you don't have coverage after your initial enrollment period for aging into Medicare.

If you disagree about your Part D late enrollment penalty, you or your representative can ask for a review. Generally, you must request this review within 60 days from the date on the first letter you receive stating you have to pay a late enrollment penalty. However, if you were paying a penalty before joining our plan, you may not have another chance to request a review of that late enrollment penalty. **Important:** Do not stop paying your Part D late enrollment penalty while you're waiting for a review of the decision about your late enrollment penalty. If you do, you could be disenrolled for failure to pay your plan premiums.

Section 4.4 Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount

Some members may be required to pay an extra charge, known as the Part D Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, also known as IRMAA. The extra charge is figured out using your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from 2 years ago. If this amount is above a certain amount, you'll pay the standard premium amount and the additional IRMAA. For more information on the extra amount you may have to pay based on your income, visit

https://www.medicare.gov/drug-coverage-part-d/

costs-for-medicare-drug-coverage/

monthly-premium-for-drug-plans.

If you have to pay an extra amount, Social Security, not your Medicare plan, will send you a letter telling you what that extra amount will be. The extra amount will be withheld from your Social Security, Railroad Retirement Board, or Office of Personnel Management benefit check, no matter how you usually pay your plan premium, unless your monthly benefit isn't enough to cover the extra amount owed. If your benefit check isn't enough to cover the extra amount, you will get a bill from Medicare. You must pay the extra amount to the government. It cannot be paid with your monthly plan premium. If you do not pay the extra amount, you will be disenrolled from the plan and lose prescription drug coverage.

If you disagree about paying an extra amount, you can ask Social Security to review the decision. To find out more about how to do this, contact Social Security at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778).

SECTION 5 More information about your monthly premium

Section 5.1 There are several ways you can pay your plan premium

There are three ways you can pay your plan premium.

Option 1: Paying by check

A monthly invoice is mailed by the 10th of every month. Premiums must be paid on a monthly basis, on or before the due date, which is the 25th of the month for the following month's coverage as specified on the plan billing form. The plan contract allows a 10-day grace period. Payments must be received by the 5th of the month of coverage. Payment must be mailed to Capital Health Plan, P.O. Box 30047, Tampa, Florida 33630-3047. Checks should be made payable to Capital Health Plan and not the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services or Health and Human Services. Additional fees can be charged if checks are returned for insufficient funds.

Option 2: You can have the plan premium automatically deducted from your bank account (Electronic Funds Transfer)

You can have your monthly plan premium electronically deducted from your bank account if you choose. An Authorization Agreement form must be filled out authorizing the plan to draft your premium payment on a monthly basis from your checking or savings account. Withdrawals are made on the 10th of the month for that month's coverage. Forms must be received no later than the 1st of the month for that month's coverage. If the form is received after the 1st of the month, you will need to submit one more payment by check. You may cancel the bank draft at any time by submitting a letter to the plan or by calling member services. You can request an

Authorization Agreement form by calling Member Services.

Option 3: Having your plan premium taken out of your monthly Social Security check

You can have the plan premium taken out of your monthly Social Security check. Contact Member Services for more information on how to pay your monthly plan premium this way. We will be happy to help you set this up.

Changing the way you pay your plan premium. If you decide to change the option by which you pay your plan premium, it can take up to three months for your new payment method to take effect. While we are processing your request for a new payment method, you are responsible for making sure that your plan premium is paid on time. To change your payment method, a form will need to be completed, contact Member Services for further instruction.

What to do if you are having trouble paying your plan premium

Your plan premium is due in our office by the 25th of the month. If we have not received your payment by the 5th day of the following month, we will send you a notice telling you that your plan membership will end if we do not receive your premium within two calendar months. If you are required to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty, you must pay the penalty to keep your prescription drug coverage.

If you are having trouble paying your premium on time, please contact Member Services to see if we can direct you to programs that will help with your costs.

If we end your membership because you did not pay your premium, you will have health coverage under Original Medicare. In addition, you may not be able to receive Part D coverage until the following year if you enroll in a new plan during the annual enrollment period. (If you go without creditable drug coverage for more than 63 days, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty for as long as you have Part D coverage.)

At the time we end your membership, you may still owe us for premiums you have not paid. We have the right to pursue collection of the amount you owe. In the future, if you want to enroll again in our plan (or another plan that we offer), you will need to pay the amount you owe before you can enroll.

If you think we have wrongfully ended your membership, you can make a complaint (also called a grievance); see Chapter 9 for how to file a complaint. If you had an emergency circumstance that was out of your control and it caused you to not be able to pay your plan premium within our grace period, you can make a complaint. For complaints, we will review our decision again. Chapter 9, Section 10 of this document tells how to make a complaint, or you can call us at 1-877-247-6512 between 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week between
October 1 and March 31, and 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m.,
Monday through Friday, between April 1 and
September 30. TTY users should call 1-877-870-8943.
You must make your request no later than 60 days after
the date your membership ends.

Section 5.2 Can we change your monthly plan premium during the year?

No. We are not allowed to change the amount we charge for the plan's monthly plan premium during the year. If the monthly plan premium changes for next year we will tell you in September and the change will take effect on January 1.

However, in some cases the part of the premium that you have to pay can change during the year. This happens if you become eligible for the "Extra Help" program or if you lose your eligibility for the "Extra Help" program during the year. If a member qualifies for "Extra Help" with their prescription drug costs, the "Extra Help" program will pay part of the member's monthly plan premium. A member who loses their eligibility during the year will need to start paying their full monthly premium. You can find out more about the "Extra Help" program in Chapter 2, Section 7.

SECTION 6 Keeping your plan membership record up to date

Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and telephone number. It shows your specific plan coverage including your Primary Care Provider.

The doctors, hospitals, pharmacists, and other providers in the plan's network need to have correct information about you. These network providers use your membership record to know what services and drugs are covered and the cost-sharing amounts for you. Because of this, it is very important that you help us keep your information up to date.

Let us know about these changes:

- Changes to your name, your address, or your phone number
- Changes in any other health insurance coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse or domestic partner's employer, workers' compensation, or Medicaid)
- If you have any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident
- If you have been admitted to a nursing home
- If you receive care in an out-of-area or out-of-network hospital or emergency room
- If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes

 If you are participating in a clinical research study (Note: You are not required to tell your plan about the clinical research studies, you intend to participate in, but we encourage you to do so)

If any of this information changes, please let us know by calling Member Services.

It is also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

SECTION 7 How other insurance works with our plan

Other insurance

Medicare requires that we collect information from you about any other medical or drug insurance coverage that you have. That's because we must coordinate any other coverage you have with your benefits under our plan. This is called **Coordination of Benefits**.

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Once each year, we will send you a letter that lists any other medical or drug insurance coverage that we know about. Please read over this information carefully. If it is correct, you don't need to do anything. If the information is incorrect, or if you have other coverage that is not listed, please call Member Services. You may need to give your plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you have confirmed their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.

When you have other insurance (like employer group health coverage), there are rules set by Medicare that decide whether our plan or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that pays first is called the primary payer and pays up to the limits of its coverage. The one that pays second, called the secondary payer, only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay all of the uncovered costs. If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital, and pharmacy.

These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:

- If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.
- If your group health plan coverage is based on your or a family member's current employment, who pays first depends on your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability, or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD):
 - If you're under 65 and disabled and you or your family member is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 100 employees.

- If you're over 65 and you or your spouse or domestic partner is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 20 employees.
- If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.

These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:

- No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance)
- Liability (including automobile insurance)
- Black lung benefits
- Workers' compensation

Medicaid and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after Medicare, employer group health plans, and/or Medigap have paid.

CHAPTER 2: Important phone numbers and resources

SECTION 1	Capital Health Plan
	Advantage Plus contacts
	(how to contact us, including
	how to reach Member
	Services)

How to contact our plan's Member Services

For assistance with claims, billing, or member card questions, please call or write to Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus Member Services. We will be happy to help you.

Method	Member Services – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-247-6512
	Calls to this number are free. You may call
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week
	between October 1 and March 31; and

Method	Member Services – Contact Information
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., Monday through
	Friday between April 1 and September 30.
	Member Services also has free language
	interpreter services available for non-English
	speakers.
TTY	1-877-870-8943
	This number requires special telephone
	equipment and is only for people who have
	difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free. You may call
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week
	between October 1 and March 31; and
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., Monday through
	Friday between April 1 and September 30.
FAX	850-383-3338

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Method	Member Services – Contact Information
WRITE	Capital Health Plan
	Member Services
	P.O. Box 15349
	Tallahassee, Florida 32317-5349
EMAIL	memberservices@chp.org
WEBSITE	www.capitalhealth.com/Medicare

How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision or appeal about your medical care

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services or Part D prescription drugs. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on asking for coverage decisions or appeals about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9

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(What to do if you have a problem or complaint

(coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

Method	Coverage Decisions and Appeals for Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-247-6512
	Calls to this number are free. You may call
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week
	between October 1 and March 31; and
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., Monday through
	Friday between April 1 and September 30.
TTY	1-877-870-8943
	This number requires special telephone
	equipment and is only for people who have
	difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free. You may call
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week
	between October 1 and March 31; and
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., Monday through
	Friday between April 1 and September 30.

Method	Coverage Decisions and Appeals for Medical Care – Contact Information
FAX	850-383-3413
WRITE	Capital Health Plan
	Member Services
	P.O. Box 15349
	Tallahassee, Florida 32317-5349
WEBSITE	www.capitalhealth.com/Medicare

Method	Coverage Decisions for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-247-6512
	Calls to this number are free. You may call
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week
	between October 1 and March 31; and
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., Monday through
	Friday between April 1 and September 30.

Method	Coverage Decisions for Part D
	Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
	Messages related to coverage decisions,
	appeals and complaints are monitored
	seven days a week and processed
	according to the requirements explained in
	Chapter 9.
ТТҮ	1-877-870-8943
	This number requires special telephone
	equipment and is only for people who have
	difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free. You may call
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week
	between October 1 and March 31; and
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., Monday through
	Friday between April 1 and September 30.
FAX	1-800-693-6703
WRITE	Capital Health Plan

Method	Coverage Decisions for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
	Medicare D Clinical Review
	2900 Ames Crossing Road
	Eagan, Minnesota 55121
WEBSITE	www.capitalhealth.com/Medicare

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Method	Appeals for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-247-6512
	Calls to this number are free. You may call
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week
	between October 1 and March 31; and
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., Monday through
	Friday between April 1 and September 30.
	Messages related to coverage decisions,
	appeals and complaints are monitored

Method	Appeals for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
	seven days a week and processed according to the requirements explained in Chapter 9.
TTY	 1-877-870-8943 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. You may call 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week between October 1 and March 31; and 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., Monday through Friday between April 1 and September 30.
FAX	1-800-693-6703
WRITE	Capital Health Plan Medicare Appeals Department

Method	Appeals for Part D Prescription
	Drugs – Contact Information
	2900 Ames Crossing Road
	Eagan, Minnesota 55121
WEBSITE	www.capitalhealth.com/Medicare

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How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network providers or pharmacies, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. For more information on making a complaint about your medical care, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

Method	Complaints About Medical Care or
	Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact
	Information
CALL	1-877-247-6512
	Calls to this number are free. You may
	call 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a
	week between October 1 and March 31;
	and 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., Monday
	through Friday between April 1 and
	September 30.
ТТҮ	1-877-870-8943
	This number requires special telephone
	equipment and is only for people who
	have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free. You may
	call 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a
	week between October 1 and March 31;

Method	Complaints About Medical Care or Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
	and 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., Monday through Friday between April 1 and
	September 30.
FAX	850-383-3413
WRITE	Capital Health Plan
	Member Services
	P.O. Box 15349
	Tallahassee, Florida 32317-5349

Method	Complaints About Medical Care or Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
MEDICARE	You can submit a complaint about
WEBSITE	Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus
	directly to Medicare. To submit an online
	complaint to Medicare, go to
	www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaint
	Form/home.aspx.

Where to send a request asking us to pay for our share of the cost for medical care or a drug you have received

If you have received a bill or paid for services (such as a provider bill) that you think we should pay for, you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay the provider bill. See Chapter 7 (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs*).

Please note: If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. See Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*) for more information.

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Method	Payment Requests – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-247-6512
	Calls to this number are free. You may call
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week
	between October 1 and March 31; and
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., Monday through
	Friday between April 1 and September 30.
ТТҮ	1-877-870-8943
	This number requires special telephone
	equipment and is only for people who have
	difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free. You may call
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week

Method	Payment Requests – Contact Information
	between October 1 and March 31; and
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., Monday through
	Friday between April 1 and September 30.
FAX	850-383-3338
WRITE	Capital Health Plan
	Member Services
	P.O. Box 15349
	Tallahassee, Florida 32317-5349
WEBSITE	www.capitalhealth.com/Medicare

Method	Payment Requests for Part D
	Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-247-6512
	Calls to this number are free. You may call
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week
	between October 1 and March 31; and

Method	Payment Requests for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., Monday through
	Friday between April 1 and September 30.
ТТҮ	1-877-870-8943
	This number requires special telephone
	equipment and is only for people who have
	difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free. You may call
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week
	between October 1 and March 31; and
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., Monday through
	Friday between April 1 and September 30.
FAX	1-800-693-6703
WRITE	Capital Health Plan
	P.O. Box 20970
	Lehigh Valley, Pennsylvania 18002-0970
WEBSITE	www.capitalhealth.com/Medicare

SECTION 2 Medicare (how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)

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Medicare is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The Federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (sometimes called CMS). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations including us.

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-MEDICARE, or 1-800-633-4227
	Calls to this number are free.
	24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

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Method	Medicare – Contact Information
TTY	1-877-486-2048
	This number requires special telephone
	equipment and is only for people who have
	difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free.
WEBSITE	www.medicare.gov
	This is the official government website for
	Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information
	about Medicare and current Medicare issues.
	It also has information about hospitals,
	nursing homes, physicians, home health
	agencies, and dialysis facilities. It includes
	documents you can print directly from your
	computer. You can also find Medicare
	contacts in your state.
	The Medicare website also has detailed
	information about your Medicare eligibility

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
	and enrollment options with the following
	tools:
	 Medicare Eligibility Tool: Provides
	Medicare eligibility status information.
	Medicare Plan Finder: Provides
	personalized information about
	available Medicare prescription
	drug plans, Medicare health plans,
	and Medigap (Medicare Supplement
	Insurance) policies in your area.
	These tools provide an
	estimate of what your out-of-pocket
	costs might be in different Medicare
	plans.
	You can also use the website to tell
	Medicare about any complaints

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
	you have about Capital Health Plan
	Advantage Plus:
	Tell Medicare about your complaint:
	You can submit a complaint about
	Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus
	directly to Medicare. To submit a
	complaint to Medicare, go to
	www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaint
	Form/home.aspx. Medicare takes your
	complaints seriously and will use this
	information to help improve the quality
	of the Medicare program.
	If you don't have a computer, your local
	library or senior center may be able to help
	you visit this website using its computer. Or
	you can call Medicare and tell them what
	information you are looking for. They will find

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
	the information on the website and review the
	information with you. (You can call Medicare
	at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227),
	24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users
	should call 1-877-486-2048.)

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SECTION 3 State Health Insurance Assistance Program (free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state. In Florida, the SHIP is called Serving Health Insurance Needs of Elders (SHINE).

SHINE is an independent (not connected with any insurance company or health plan) state program that gets

money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

SHINE counselors can help you understand your Medicare rights, help you make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and help you straighten out problems with your Medicare bills. SHINE counselors can also help you with Medicare questions or problems and help you understand your Medicare plan choices and answer questions about switching plans.

METHOD TO ACCESS SHIP and OTHER RESOURCES:

- Visit <u>www.shiphelp.org</u> (Click on SHIP LOCATOR in middle of page)
- Select your STATE from the list. This will take you to a page with phone numbers and resources specific to your state.

Method	Serving Health Insurance Needs of Elders (SHINE) (Florida's SHIP) – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-963-5337
ТТҮ	1-800-955-8770
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
WRITE	SHINE Program Department of Elder Affairs 4040 Esplanade Way, Suite 270 Tallahassee, Florida 32399-7000
WEBSITE	www.floridashine.org

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SECTION 4 Quality Improvement Organization

There is a designated Quality Improvement Organization for serving Medicare beneficiaries in each state. For Florida, the Quality Improvement Organization is called KEPRO.

KEPRO has a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. KEPRO is an independent organization. It is not connected with our plan.

You should contact KEPRO in any of these situations:

- You have a complaint about the quality of care you have received.
- You think coverage for your hospital stay is ending too soon.

 You think coverage for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

Method	KEPRO (Florida's Quality Improvement Organization) – Contact Information
CALL	1-888-317-0751
ТТҮ	1-855-843-4776
	This number requires special telephone
	equipment and is only for people who have
	difficulties with hearing or speaking.
WRITE	KEPRO
	5201 W. Kennedy Blvd., Suite 900
	Tampa, Florida 33609
WEBSITE	www.keproqio.com

SECTION 5 Social Security

Social Security is responsible for determining eligibility and handling enrollment for Medicare. U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents who are 65 or older, or who have a disability or End-Stage Renal Disease and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare. If you are already getting Social Security checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have to enroll in Medicare. To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.

Social Security is also responsible for determining who has to pay an extra amount for their Part D drug coverage because they have a higher income. If you got a letter from Social Security telling you that you have to pay the extra amount and have questions about the amount or if your income went down because of a life-changing event, you can call Social Security to ask for reconsideration. If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

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Method	Social Security – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-772-1213
	Calls to this number are free.
	Available 8:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday.
	You can use Social Security's automated
	telephone services to get recorded
	information and conduct some business
	24 hours a day.
ТТҮ	1-800-325-0778
	This number requires special telephone
	equipment and is only for people who have
	difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free.

Method	Social Security – Contact Information
	Available 8:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday.
WEBSITE	<u>www.ssa.gov</u>

SECTION 6 Medicaid

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Some people with Medicare are also eligible for Medicaid. The programs offered through Medicaid help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These **Medicare Savings Programs** include:

 Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB): Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). (Some people with QMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (QMB+).) Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB): Helps pay Part B premiums. (Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).)

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- Qualifying Individual (QI): Helps pay Part B premiums.
- Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI): Helps pay Part A premiums.

To find out more about Medicaid and its programs, contact the Florida Agency for Health Care Administration.

Method	Florida Agency for Health Care Administration – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-254-1055
	Calls to this number are free.
ТТҮ	1-866-467-4970
	This number requires special telephone
	equipment and is only for people who have
	difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free.
WRITE	Florida Agency for Health Care
	Administration
	2727 Mahan Dr.
	Tallahassee, Florida 32308
WEBSITE	www.ahca.myflorida.com

SECTION 7 Information about programs to help people pay for their prescription drugs

The Medicare.gov website

(https://www.medicare.gov/drug-coverage-part-d/costs-formedicare-drug-coverage/costs-in-the-coverage-gap/ <u>5-ways-to-get-help-with-prescription-costs</u>) provides information on how to lower your prescription drug costs. For people with limited incomes, there are also other programs to assist, described below.

Medicare's "Extra Help" Program

Medicare provides "Extra Help" to pay prescription drug costs for people who have limited income and resources. Resources include your savings and stocks, but not your home or car. If you qualify, you get help paying for any Medicare drug plan's monthly premium, yearly deductible,

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and prescription copayments. This "Extra Help" also counts toward your out-of-pocket costs.

If you automatically qualify for "Extra Help" Medicare will mail you a letter. You will not have to apply. If you do not automatically qualify you may be able to get "Extra Help" to pay for your prescription drug premiums and costs. To see if you qualify for getting "Extra Help," call:

- 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048, 24 hours a day/7 days a week;
- The Social Security Office at 1-800-772-1213, between 8 am to 7 pm, Monday through Friday. TTY users should call 1-800-325-0778 (applications); or
- Your State Medicaid Office (applications).
 (See Section 6 of this chapter for contact information).

If you believe you have qualified for "Extra Help" and you believe that you are paying an incorrect cost-sharing amount when you get your prescription at a pharmacy, our plan has a process for you to either request assistance in obtaining evidence of your proper copayment level, or, if you already have the evidence, to provide this evidence to us.

 We will check with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) to verify that you qualify for Extra Help and update our system. If we are unable to verify that you qualify for Extra Help, you will be asked to show evidence which can include a Medicaid card or another document showing Medicaid status: State or Social Security Administration letter with documentation or proof that you are Medicaid or LIS eligible; or documentation of Medicaid payment to a facility for you as an institutionalized individual. We will submit this information to CMS for a determination and have them update their records if appropriate.

• When we receive the evidence showing your copayment level, we will update our system so that you can pay the correct copayment when you get your next prescription at the pharmacy. If you overpay your copayment, we will reimburse you. Either we will forward a check to you in the amount of your overpayment, or we will offset future copayments. If the pharmacy hasn't collected a copayment from you and is carrying your copayment as a debt owed by you, we may make the payment directly to the pharmacy. If a state paid on your behalf, we may make the payment directly to the state. Please contact Member Services if you have questions.

What if you have coverage from an AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)? What is the AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)?

The AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) helps ADAP-eligible individuals living with HIV/AIDS have access to life-saving HIV medications. Medicare Part D prescription drugs that are also on the ADAP formulary qualify for prescription cost-sharing assistance through the Florida Department of Health.

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Note: To be eligible for the ADAP operating in your State, individuals must meet certain criteria, including proof of State residence and HIV status, low income as defined by the State, and uninsured/under-insured status. If you change plans, please notify your local ADAP enrollment worker so you can continue to receive assistance. For information on eligibility criteria, covered drugs, or how to enroll in the program, please call 1-800-352-2437 (TTY 1-888-503-7118).

SECTION 8 How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board

The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation's railroad workers and their families. If you

receive your Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, it is important that you let them know if you move or change your mailing address. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

Method	Railroad Retirement Board – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-772-5772
	Calls to this number are free.
	If you press "0," you may speak with an RRB
	representative from 9:00 am to 3:30 pm,
	Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday,
	and from 9:00 am to 12:00 pm on
	Wednesday.
	If you press "1", you may access the
	automated RRB HelpLine and recorded
	information 24 hours a day, including
	weekends and holidays.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

Method	Railroad Retirement Board – Contact Information
ТТҮ	1-312-751-4701
	This number requires special telephone
	equipment and is only for people who have
	difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are <i>not</i> free.
WEBSITE	<u>rrb.gov/</u>

SECTION 9 Do you have group insurance or other health insurance from an employer?

If you (or your spouse or domestic partner) get benefits from your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group as part of this plan, you may call the employer/union benefits administrator or Member Services if you have any questions. You can ask about your 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

(or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree health benefits, premiums, or the enrollment period. (Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this document.) You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227; TTY: 1-877-486-2048) with questions related to your

Medicare coverage under this plan.

If you have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group, please contact **that group's benefits administrator**. The benefits administrator can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with our plan.

CHAPTER 3: Using the plan for your medical services

SECTION 1 Things to know about getting your medical care as a member of our plan

This chapter explains what you need to know about using the plan to get your medical care covered. It gives definitions of terms and explains the rules you will need to follow to get the medical treatments, services, equipment, prescription drugs, and other medical care that are covered by the plan.

For the details on what medical care is covered by our plan and how much you pay when you get this care, use the benefits chart in the next chapter, Chapter 4 (*Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay*).

Section 1.1 What are network providers and covered services?

- Providers are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The term providers also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.
- Network providers are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and your cost-sharing amount as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. The providers in our network bill us directly for care they give you. When you see a network provider, you pay only your share of the cost for their services.
- Covered services include all the medical care, health care services, supplies equipment, and Prescription Drugs that are covered by our plan.

Your covered services for medical care are listed in the benefits chart in Chapter 4. Your covered services for prescription drugs are discussed in Chapter 5.

Section 1.2 Basic rules for getting your medical care covered by the plan

As a Medicare health plan, Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and must follow Original Medicare's coverage rules.

Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus will generally cover your medical care as long as:

- The care you receive is included in the plan's Medical Benefits Chart (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this document).
- The care you receive is considered medically necessary. Medically necessary means that the services, supplies, equipment, or drugs are needed

for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

- You have a network primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care. As a member of our plan, you must choose a network PCP (for more information about this, see Section 2.1 in this chapter).
 - In most situations, your network PCP must give you approval in advance before you can use other providers in the plan's network, such as specialists, hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, or home health care agencies. This is called giving you a referral. For more information about this, see Section 2.3 of this chapter.
 - Referrals from your PCP are not required for emergency care or urgently needed services.
 There are also some other kinds of care you can get without having approval in advance

from your PCP (for more information about this, see Section 2.2 of this chapter).

- You must receive your care from a network provider (for more information about this, see Section 2 in this chapter). In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider (a provider who is not part of our plan's network) will not be covered. This means that you will have to pay the provider in full for the services furnished. *Here are three exceptions:*
 - The plan covers emergency care or urgently needed services that you get from an out-of-network provider. For more information about this, and to see what emergency or urgently needed services means, see Section 3 in this chapter.
 - If you need medical care that Medicare requires our plan to cover but there are no specialists in our network that provide this care, you can get

this care from an out-of-network provider at the same cost sharing you normally pay in-network. Authorization should be obtained from the plan prior to seeking care. In this situation, you will pay the same as you would pay if you got the care from a network provider. For information about getting approval to see an out-of-network doctor, see Section 2.4 in this chapter.

 The plan covers kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible. The cost sharing you pay the plan for dialysis can never exceed the cost sharing in Original Medicare. If you are outside the plan's service area and obtain the dialysis from a provider that is outside the plan's network, your cost sharing cannot exceed the cost sharing you pay in-network. However, if your usual in-network provider for dialysis is temporarily unavailable and you choose to obtain services inside the service area from a provider outside the plan's network the cost sharing for the dialysis may be higher.

SECTION 2 Use providers in the plan's network to get your medical care

Section 2.1 You must choose a Primary Care Provider (PCP) to provide and oversee your medical care

What is a PCP and what does the PCP do for you?

• What is a PCP?

When you become a member of our plan, you must choose a plan provider to be your primary care provider (PCP). Your PCP is a physician who meets state requirements and is trained to give you basic medical care. You will get your routine or basic care from your PCP.

- What types of providers may act as a PCP? You can choose from our plan network a family practice doctor, an internal medicine doctor, or a doctor who specializes in pediatrics if you are under the age of 18 as your PCP. These doctors are listed in the Provider Directory and on our website, <u>www.capitalhealth.com/medicare</u>.
- What is the role of a PCP?

When your PCP thinks that you need specialized treatment, he/she may need to give you a referral (approval in advance) to see a plan specialist or certain other providers. A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. Specialists include but are not limited to doctors such as:

• Oncologists (who care for patients with cancer)

- Cardiologists (who care for patients with heart conditions)
- Orthopedists (who care for patients with certain bone, joint, or muscle conditions)

For some types of referrals, your PCP may need to get prior approval from our plan (this is called getting "prior authorization"). It is very important to get a referral (approval in advance) when required from your PCP before you see a plan specialist or certain other providers (there are a few exceptions, including routine women's health care, that we explain in Section 2.2 of this Chapter). If you don't have a referral (approval in advance) before you get services from a specialist, you may have to pay for these services yourself. If the specialist wants you to come back for more care, check first to be sure that the referral (approval in advance) you got from your PCP for the first visit covers more visits to the specialist.

• What is the role of the PCP in coordinating covered services and making decisions about or obtaining prior authorization, if applicable? "Coordinating" your services includes checking or consulting with other plan providers about your care and how it is going. If you need certain types of covered services or supplies, you must get approval in advance from your PCP (such as giving you a referral to see a specialist). In some cases, your PCP will need to get prior authorization (prior approval) from us. Because your PCP will provide and coordinate your medical care, you should have all of your past medical records sent to your PCP's office.

How do you choose your PCP?

You are free to choose your PCP from those listed in the *Provider Directory* whose practices are open to new members. This choice should be made when you

complete your enrollment application or after you receive your enrollment confirmation letter from Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus. You can make this choice by calling Member Services at one of the telephone numbers on the back cover of this document.

Changing your PCP

You may change your PCP for any reason, at any time. Also, it's possible that your PCP might leave our plan's network of providers and you would have to find a new PCP.

To change your PCP, call Member Services. When you call, be sure to tell Member Services if you are seeing specialists or getting other covered services that need your PCP's approval (such as home health services and durable medical equipment). When you change your PCP, Member Services will help make sure that you can continue with the specialty care and other services that you have been getting. They will check to be sure that the

PCP you want to switch to is accepting new patients. Member Services will change your membership record to show the name of your new PCP, and tell you when the change to your new PCP will take effect which is usually the first day of the following month.

Section 2.2 What kinds of medical care can you get without a referral from your PCP?

You can get the services listed below without getting approval in advance from your PCP.

- Routine women's health care, which includes breast exams, screening mammograms (x-rays of the breast), Pap tests, and pelvic exams as long as you get them from a network provider.
- Flu shots, COVID-19 vaccinations, Hepatitis B vaccinations, and pneumonia vaccinations as long as you get them from a network provider.

- Emergency services from network providers or from out-of-network providers
- Urgently needed services are covered services that are not emergency services, provided when the network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible or when the enrollee is out of the service area. For example, you need immediate care during the weekend. Services must be immediately needed and medically necessary.
- Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area, or if local services are temporarily unavailable. If possible, please call Member Services before you leave the service area so we can help arrange for you to have maintenance dialysis while you are away.
- Covered services by a Chiropractor, Dermatologist or Podiatrist.

Section 2.3 How to get care from specialists and other network providers

A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists. Here are a few examples:

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer.
- Cardiologists care for patients with heart conditions.
- Orthopedists care for patients with certain bone, joint, or muscle conditions.

What is the role of the PCP in referring members to specialists and other providers?

You will get your routine or basic care from your PCP. Your PCP also will coordinate the rest of the covered services you get as a member of our plan. For example, to see a specialist, you may need to get your PCP's approval first (this is called getting a "referral" to a specialist). The following services require a referral:

- Inpatient Hospital (Acute Care and Psychiatric)
- Skilled Nursing Facility
- Cardiac and Pulmonary Rehabilitation Services
- Partial Hospitalization
- Home Health Services
- Occupational Therapy Services
- Physician Specialist Services
- Other Health Care Professionals
- Physical Therapy and Speech Therapy-Language
- Outpatient Diagnostic Procedures
- Diagnostic Radiological Services
- Therapeutic Radiological Services
- Outpatient X-rays
- Outpatient Hospital Services
- Ambulatory Surgical Center
- Outpatient Blood Services
- Durable Medical Equipment
- Diabetic Supplies and Services

- Prosthetics/Medical Supplies
- Certain Telehealth Benefits
- Kidney Disease Education Services
- Diabetes Self-Management Training
- Comprehensive Dental
- Non-Emergency Ambulance

For what services will the PCP need to get prior authorization from the plan?

Authorizations from the plan will be required for the following. For additional information about these services see Chapter 4, Section 2.1.

- Inpatient Hospital (Acute Care, Psychiatric, and Non-Emergency)
- Skilled Nursing
- Skilled Nursing Facility
- Cardiac and Pulmonary Rehabilitation Services
- Partial Hospitalization
- Diagnostic Radiological Services

- Durable Medical Equipment
- Prosthetics/Medical Supplies
- Comprehensive Dental
- Non-Emergency Ambulance
- Services from out-of-network providers.

What if a specialist or another network provider leaves our plan?

We may make changes to the hospitals, doctors, and specialists (providers) that are part of your plan during the year. If your doctor or specialist leaves your plan you have certain rights and protections that are summarized below:

- Even though our network of providers may change during the year, Medicare requires that we furnish you with uninterrupted access to qualified doctors and specialists.
- We will notify you that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to select a new provider.

- If your primary care or behavioral health provider leaves our plan, we will notify you if you have seen that provider within the past three years.
- If any of your other providers leave our plan, we will notify you if you are assigned to the provider, currently receive care from them, or have seen them within the past three months.
- We will assist you in selecting a new qualified in-network provider that you may access for continued care.
- If you are currently undergoing medical treatment or therapies with your current provider, you have the right to request, and we will work with you to ensure, that the medically necessary treatment or therapies you are receiving continues.
- We will provide you with information about the different enrollment periods available to you and options you may have for changing plans.

 We will arrange for any medically necessary covered benefit outside of our provider network, but at in-network cost sharing, when an in-network provider or benefit is unavailable or inadequate to meet your medical needs. Prior authorization is required.

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- If you find out your doctor or specialist is leaving your plan, please contact us so we can assist you in finding a new provider to manage your care.
- If you believe we have not furnished you with a qualified provider to replace your previous provider or that your care is not being appropriately managed, you have the right to file a quality of care complaint to the QIO, a quality of care grievance to the plan, or both. Please see Chapter 9.

Section 2.4 How to get care from out-of-network providers

If you need medical care that Medicare requires our plan to cover and the providers in our network cannot provide this care, you can get this care from an out-of-network provider. You must obtain authorization from the plan prior to seeking care. In this situation, you will pay the same as you would pay if you got the care from a network provider. To obtain authorization to see an out-of-network provider, work through your PCP.

You are not required to obtain prior authorization from the plan for out-of-network emergency or out of area urgently needed services. In addition, prior authorization is not required for dialysis services for members who have traveled outside the plan's service area.

SECTION 3 How to get services when you have an emergency or urgent need for care or during a disaster

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Section 3.1 Getting care if you have a medical emergency

What is a medical emergency and what should you do if you have one?

A **medical emergency** is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent your loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb or function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse. If you have a medical emergency:

 Get help as quickly as possible. Call 911 for help or go to the nearest emergency room or hospital.
 Call for an ambulance if you need it. You do *not* need to get approval or a referral first from your PCP. You do not need to use a network doctor. You may get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the United States or its territories, and from any provider with an appropriate state license even if they are not part of our network.

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 As soon as possible, make sure that our plan has been told about your emergency. We need to follow up on your emergency care. You or someone else should call to tell us about your emergency care, usually within 48 hours. Member Services can assist you if you call the number located on your plan membership card.

What is covered if you have a medical emergency?

Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. We also cover medical services during the emergency.

The doctors who are giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable, and the medical emergency is over.

After the emergency is over you are entitled to follow-up care to be sure your condition continues to be stable. Your doctors will continue to treat you until your doctors contact us and make plans for additional care. Your follow-up care will be covered by our plan.

If your emergency care is provided by out-of-network providers, we will try to arrange for network providers to take over your care as soon as your medical condition and the circumstances allow.

What if it wasn't a medical emergency?

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical emergency. For example, you might go in for emergency care – thinking that your health is in serious danger – and the doctor may say that it wasn't a medical emergency after all. If it turns out that it was not an emergency, as long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we will cover your care.

However, after the doctor has said that it was *not* an emergency, we will cover additional care *only* if you get the additional care in one of these two ways:

- You go to a network provider to get the additional care.
- or The additional care you get is considered urgently needed services and you follow the rules for getting this urgent care (for more information about this, see Section 3.2 below).

Section 3.2 Getting care when you have an urgent need for services

What are urgently needed services?

An urgently needed service is a non-emergency situation requiring immediate medical care but given your circumstances, it is not possible or not reasonable to obtain these services from a network provider. The plan must cover urgently needed services provided out of network. Some examples of urgently needed services are i) a severe sore throat that occurs over the weekend or ii) an unforeseen flare-up of a known condition when you are temporarily outside the service area.

When you have an urgent need for care you have access to Capital Health Plan's Urgent Care office center located at 1264 Metropolitan Blvd., Tallahassee, Florida 32312. Capital Health Plan's Urgent Care office is typically open Monday through Friday from 11:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. weekends from 9:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. Hours could change and holiday hours may vary. Call the Urgent Care office at 850-383-3382 for an appointment. Calling is necessary to reduce the time you wait.

Some sicknesses and injuries may not be serious enough to require a trip to an Emergency Room or Urgent Care facility. In this situation members have access to network physicians through remote technology including the web and other mobile devices. This benefit is called Telehealth. Through a Telehealth visit members can contact network providers who can review patients' medical and prescription drug history, answer questions, diagnose, treat, and prescribe medication when clinically appropriate – just like a face-to-face visit. Instructions on how to access Telehealth are available on our website at <u>www.capitalhealth.com/medicare</u>.

Our plan covers worldwide emergency and urgent care services outside the United States.

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Section 3.3 Getting care during a disaster

If the Governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to care from your plan.

Please visit the following website:

<u>www.capitalhealth.com/Medicare</u> for information on how to obtain needed care during a disaster.

If you cannot use a network provider during a disaster, your plan will allow you to obtain care from out-of-network providers at in-network cost sharing. If you cannot use a network pharmacy during a disaster, you may be able to fill your prescription drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy. Please see Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for more information.

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SECTION 4 What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your services?

Section 4.1 You can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services

If you have paid more than your plan cost-sharing for covered services, or if you have received a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, go to Chapter 7 (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs*) for information about what to do.

Section 4.2 If services are not covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost

Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus covers all medically necessary services as listed in the Medical Benefits Chart

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in Chapter 4 of this document. If you receive services not covered by our plan or services obtained out-of-network and were not authorized, you are responsible for paying the full cost of services.

For covered services that have a benefit limitation, you also pay the full cost of any services you get after you have used up your benefit for that type of covered service. Costs you pay once a benefit limit has been reached will not count toward your out-of-pocket maximum. You can call Member Services when you want to know how much of your benefit limit you have already used.

SECTION 5 How are your medical services covered when you are in a clinical research study?

Section 5.1 What is a clinical research study?

A clinical research study (also called a *clinical trial*) is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. Certain clinical research studies are approved by Medicare. Clinical research studies approved by Medicare typically request volunteers to participate in the study.

Once Medicare approves the study, and you express interest, someone who works on the study will contact you to explain more about the study and see if you meet the requirements set by the scientists who are running the study. You can participate in the study as long as you meet the requirements for the study, *and* you have a full

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understanding and acceptance of what is involved if you participate in the study.

If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of the costs for the covered services you receive as part of the study. If you tell us that you are in a qualified clinical trial, then you are only responsible for the in-network cost sharing for the services in that trial. If you paid more, for example, if you already paid the Original Medicare cost-sharing amount, we will reimburse the difference between what you paid and the in-network cost sharing. However, you will need to provide documentation to show us how much you paid. When you are in a clinical research study, you may stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (the care that is not related to the study) through our plan.

If you want to participate in any Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do *not* need to tell us or to get approval from us or your PCP. The providers that deliver

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your care as part of the clinical research study do *not* need to be part of our plan's network of providers. Please note that this does not include benefits for which our plan is responsible that include, as a component, a clinical trial or registry to assess the benefit. These include certain benefits specified under national coverage determinations (NCDs) and investigational device trials (IDE) and may be subject to prior authorization and other plan rules.

Although you do not need to get our plan's permission to be in a clinical research study, covered for Medicare Advantage enrollees by Original Medicare, **we encourage you to notify us in advance when you choose to participate in Medicare-qualified clinical trials**.

If you participate in a study that Medicare has *not* approved, *you will be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study*.

Section 5.2 When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays for what?

Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, Original Medicare covers the routine items and services you receive as part of the study, including:

- Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study.
- An operation or other medical procedure if it is part of the research study.
- Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care.

After Medicare has paid its share of the cost for these services, our plan will pay the difference between the cost sharing in Original Medicare and your in-network cost sharing as a member of our plan. This means you will pay the same amount for the services you receive as part of the study as you would if you received these services from

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our plan. However, you are required to submit documentation showing how much cost sharing you paid. Please see Chapter 7 for more information for submitting requests for payments.

Here's an example of how the cost sharing works: Let's say that you have a lab test that costs \$100 as part of the research study. Let's also say that your share of the costs for this test is \$20 under Original Medicare, but the test would be \$10 under our plan's benefits. In this case, Original Medicare would pay \$80 for the test, and you would pay the \$20 copay required under Original Medicare. You would then notify your plan that you received a gualified clinical trial service and submit documentation such as a provider bill to the plan. The plan would then directly pay you \$10. Therefore, your net payment is \$10, the same amount you would pay under our plan's benefits. Please note that in order to receive payment from your plan, you must submit documentation to your plan such as a provider bill.

When you are part of a clinical research study, neither

Medicare nor our plan will pay for any of the following:

- Generally, Medicare will *not* pay for the new item or service that the study is testing unless Medicare would cover the item or service even if you were *not* in a study.
- Items or services provided only to collect data, and not used in your direct health care. For example, Medicare would not pay for monthly CT scans done as part of the study if your medical condition would normally require only one CT scan.

Do you want to know more?

You can get more information about joining a clinical research study by visiting the Medicare website to read or download the publication *Medicare and Clinical Research Studies.* (The publication is available at: www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/02226-Medicare-and-Clinical-Research-Studies.pdf.) You can also call

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1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day,

7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

SECTION 6 Rules for getting care in a religious non-medical health care institution

Section 6.1 What is a religious non-medical health care institution?

A religious non-medical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against a member's religious beliefs, we will instead provide coverage for care in a religious non-medical health care institution. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services).

Section 6.2 Receiving Care from a Religious Non-Medical Health Care Institution

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you are conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is **non-excepted**.

- Non-excepted medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that is *voluntary* and *not required* by any federal, state, or local law.
- Excepted medical treatment is medical care or treatment that you get that is *not* voluntary or *is required* under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan's coverage of services you receive is limited to *non-religious* aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility, the following conditions apply:
 - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to receive covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.
 - *and* you must get approval in advance from our plan before you are admitted to the facility, or your stay will not be covered.

Medicare Inpatient Hospital coverage limits apply. See the

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Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 for coverage limits.

SECTION 7 Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment

Section 7.1 Will you own the durable medical equipment after making a certain number of payments under our plan?

Durable medical equipment (DME) includes items such as oxygen equipment and supplies, wheelchairs, walkers, powered mattress systems, crutches, diabetic supplies, speech generating devices, IV infusion pumps, nebulizers, and hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home. The member always owns certain items, such as prosthetics. In this section, we discuss other types of DME that you must rent.

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In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of DME own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. As a member of Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus, however, you usually will not acquire ownership of rented DME items no matter how many copayments you make for the item while a member of our plan, even if you made up to 12 consecutive payments for the DME item under Original Medicare before you joined our plan. Under certain limited circumstances we will transfer ownership of the DME item to you. Call Member Services for more information.

What happens to payments you made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?

If you did not acquire ownership of the DME item while in our plan, you will have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you switch to Original Medicare in order to own the item. The payments made while enrolled in your plan do not count.

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Example 1: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. The payments you made in Original Medicare do not count. You will have to make 13 payments to our plan before owning the item.

Example 2: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. You were in our plan but did not obtain ownership while in our plan. You then go back to Original Medicare. You will have to make 13 consecutive new payments to own the item once you join Original Medicare again. All previous payments (whether to our plan or to Original Medicare) do not count.

Section 7.2 Rules for oxygen equipment, supplies, and maintenance

What oxygen benefits are you entitled to?

If you qualify for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus will cover:

- Rental of oxygen equipment
- Delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Tubing and related oxygen accessories for the delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Maintenance and repairs of oxygen equipment

If you leave Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus or no longer medically require oxygen equipment, then the oxygen equipment must be returned.

What happens if you leave your plan and return to Original Medicare?

Original Medicare requires an oxygen supplier to provide you services for five years. During the first 36 months you rent the equipment. The remaining 24 months the supplier provides the equipment and maintenance (you are still responsible for the copayment for oxygen). After five years you may choose to stay with the same company or go to another company. At this point, the five-year cycle begins again, even if you remain with the same company, requiring you to pay copayments for the first 36 months. If you join or leave our plan, the five-year cycle starts over.

CHAPTER 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

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SECTION 1 Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services

This chapter provides a Medical Benefits Chart that lists your covered services and shows how much you will pay for each covered service as a member of Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus. Later in this chapter, you can find information about medical services that are not covered. It also explains limits on certain services.

Section 1.1 Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services.

- Copayment is the fixed amount you pay each time you receive certain medical services. You pay a copayment at the time you get the medical service.
 (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your copayments.)
- Coinsurance is the percentage you pay of the total cost of certain medical services. You pay a coinsurance at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your coinsurance.)

Most people who qualify for Medicaid or for the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB) program should never pay deductibles, copayments, or coinsurance. Be sure to show your proof of Medicaid or QMB eligibility to your provider, if applicable. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 131 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Section 1.2 What is the most you will pay for Medicare Part A and Part B covered medical services?

Because you are enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Plan, there is a limit on the total amount you have to pay out-of-pocket each year for in-network medical services that are covered under Medicare Part A and Part B. This limit is called the maximum out-of-pocket (MOOP) amount for medical services. For calendar year 2024 this amount is \$3,850.

The amounts you pay for copayments and coinsurance for in-network covered services count toward this maximum out-of-pocket amount. The amounts you pay for your plan premiums and for your Part D prescription drugs do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. If you reach the maximum out-of-pocket amount of \$3,850, you will not have to pay any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year for in-network covered Part A and Part B services. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 132 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

However, you must continue to pay your plan premium and the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

Section 1.3 Our plan does not allow providers to balance bill you

As a member of Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus, an important protection for you is that you only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan. Providers may not add additional separate charges, called **balance billing**. This protection applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges. Here is how this protection works.

- If your cost sharing is a copayment (a set amount of dollars, for example, \$15.00), then you pay only that amount for any covered services from a network provider.
- If your cost sharing is a coinsurance (a percentage of the total charges), then you never pay more than that percentage. However, your cost depends on which type of provider you see:
 - If you receive the covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the plan's reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and the plan).
 - If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for

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> participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral or for emergencies or urgently needed services.)

- If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not participate with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for non-participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral, or for emergencies or outside the service area for urgently needed services.)
- If you believe a provider has balance billed you, call Member Services.

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SECTION 2 Use the *Medical Benefits Chart* to find out what is covered and how much you will pay

Section 2.1 Your medical benefits and costs as a member of the plan

The Medical Benefits Chart on the following pages lists the services Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus covers and what you pay out-of-pocket for each service. Part D prescription drug coverage is in Chapter 5. The services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only when the following coverage requirements are met:

 Your Medicare covered services must be provided according to the coverage guidelines established by Medicare.

- Your services (including medical care, services, supplies, equipment, and Part B prescription drugs) *must* be medically necessary. Medically necessary means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- You receive your care from a network provider. In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider will not be covered, unless it is emergent or urgent care or unless your plan or a network provider has given you a referral. This means that you will have to pay the provider in full for the services furnished.
- You have a primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care. In most situations, your PCP must give you approval in advance before you can see other providers in the plan's network. This is called giving you a referral.

- Some of the services listed in the Medical Benefits
 Chart are covered only if your doctor or other
 network provider gets approval in advance
 (sometimes called prior authorization) from us.

 Covered services that need approval in advance are
 marked in the Medical Benefits Chart by an
 asterisk (*).
- We may also charge you administrative fees for missed appointments or for not paying your required cost sharing at the time of service. Call Member Services if you have questions regarding these administrative fees.

Other important things to know about our coverage:

 Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. For some of these benefits, you pay *more* in our plan than you would in Original Medicare. For others, you pay *less*.
 (If you want to know more about the coverage and 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 138 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

> costs of Original Medicare, look in your *Medicare & You 2024* handbook. View it online at <u>www.medicare.gov</u> or ask for a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)

- For all preventive services that are covered at no cost under Original Medicare, we also cover the service at no cost to you. However, if you also are treated or monitored for an existing medical condition during the visit when you receive the preventive service, a copayment will apply for the care received for the existing medical condition.
- If Medicare adds coverage for any new services during 2024, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services.

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Important Benefit Information for Enrollees with Certain Chronic Conditions

- If you are diagnosed by a plan provider with any of the following chronic condition(s) identified below and meet certain medical criteria, you may be eligible for targeted supplemental benefits and/or reduced cost sharing:
 - o Diabetes
- For further detail, please go to the "Help with Certain Chronic Conditions" row in the Medical Benefits Chart below.

Important Benefit Information for Enrollees Who Qualify for "Extra Help":

 If you receive "Extra Help" to pay your Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, and coinsurance, you may be eligible for reduced cost sharing. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 140 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Please go to the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 for further detail.

Important Benefit Information for Enrollees with Chronic Conditions

If you are diagnosed with the following chronic condition(s) identified below and meet certain criteria, you may be eligible for special supplemental benefits for the chronically ill.
 Members will participate in a care coordination plan

through the Nancy Van Vessem, M.D., Center for Healthy Aging at Capital Health Plan and will have one of the following conditions:

- Diabetes mellitus
- Vascular Disease
- End Stage Renal Disease requiring dialysis
- Chronic Heart Failure
- o **Dementia**
- Other chronic conditions may apply

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 141 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

- Please go to the Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically III row in the below Medical Benefits Chart for further detail.
- Please contact us to find out exactly which benefits you may be eligible for.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 142 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

You will see this apple next to the preventive services

in the benefits chart

Medical Benefits Chart

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening

A one-time screening ultrasoundThere is nofor people at risk. The plan onlycoinsurance,covers this screening if you havecopayment, orcertain risk factors and if you get adeductible forreferral for it from your physician,members eligible forphysician assistant, nursethis preventivepractitioner, or clinical nursescreening.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 143 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you	services
Acupuncture for chronic low	
back pain	
Covered services include:	You pay a \$40 copay
Up to 12 visits in 90 days are	for each Acupuncture visit.
covered for Medicare beneficiaries	
under the following circumstances:	
For the purpose of this benefit,	
chronic low back pain is defined as:	
 Lasting 12 weeks or longer; 	
 nonspecific, in that it has no 	
identifiable systemic cause	
(i.e., not associated with	

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 144 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

metastatic, inflammatory,

infectious disease, etc.);

- not associated with surgery; and
- not associated with pregnancy.

An additional eight sessions will be covered for those patients demonstrating an improvement. No more than 20 acupuncture treatments may be administered annually. Treatment must be discontinued if the patient is not improving or is

regressing.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 145 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay when you get these Services that are covered for you services Provider Requirements: Physicians (as defined in 1861(r)(1)of the Social Security Act (the Act)) may furnish acupuncture in accordance with applicable state requirements. Physician assistants (PAs), nurse practitioners (NPs)/clinical nurse specialists (CNSs) (as identified in 1861(aa) (5) of the Act), and auxiliary personnel may furnish

acupuncture if they meet all

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 146 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

applicable state requirements and have:
a masters or doctoral level degree in acupuncture or Oriental Medicine from a school accredited by the Accreditation Commission on Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine

(ACAOM); and,

 a current, full, active, and unrestricted license to practice acupuncture in a State, Territory, or Commonwealth (i.e., Puerto Rico) of the United States, or District of Columbia. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 147 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

Auxiliary personnel furnishing acupuncture must be under the appropriate level of supervision of a physician, PA, or NP/CNS required by our regulations at 42 CFR §§ 410.26 and 410.27.

Ambulance services*

Covered ambulance services,You pay a \$250whether for an emergency orcopay for eachnon-emergency situation, includeMedicare-coveredfixed wing, rotary wing, and groundambulance one-wayambulance services, to the nearesttrip.appropriate facility that can providecare if they are furnished to a

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 148 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

member whose medical condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health or if authorized by the plan. If the covered ambulance services are not for an emergency situation, it should be documented that the member's condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health and that transportation by ambulance is medically required. * Prior authorization required for

non-emergency services.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 149 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

🎽 Annual wellness visit

If you've had Part B for longer than There is no 12 months, you can get an annual wellness visit to develop or update a personalized prevention plan based on your current health and risk factors. This is covered once visit. every 12 months.

Note: Your first annual wellness visit can't take place within 12 months of your Welcome to Medicare preventive visit. However, you don't need to have had a Welcome to Medicare visit to

coinsurance,

copayment, or

deductible for the

annual wellness

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 150 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

be covered for annual wellness

visits after you've had Part B for

12 months.

Bone mass measurement

For qualified individuals (generally,
this means people at risk of losing
bone mass or at risk of
osteoporosis), the following
services are covered everyCopayment, or
deductible for24 months or more frequently if
medically necessary: procedures
to identify bone mass, detect bone
loss, or determine bone quality,There is no

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 151 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay	
	when you get these	
Services that are covered for you	I services	
including a physician's		
interpretation of the results.		
Breast cancer screening		
(mammograms)		
Covered services include:	There is no	
One baseline mammogram	coinsurance,	
between the ages of 35 and 39	copayment, or	
One screening mammogram	deductible for	
every 12 months for women	covered screening	
aged 40 and older	mammograms.	
Clinical breast exams once		
every 24 months		

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 152 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

CHP Choice Card

The CHP Choice Card is a debit card that may be used to reduce up to **\$600** of your out-of-pocket expenses for dental services, over the counter items or hearing aids. The debit card is prepaid by the plan; it is not a credit card. You cannot convert the card to cash or loan it to other people. Cosmetic procedures are not covered under this benefit. Any unused allocated money will revert to the plan at the end of the year or when you leave

There is no

coinsurance,

copayment, or

deductible for

members.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 153 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

the plan. A reimbursement is available for dental, over the counter, and hearing aids received from providers that do not accept claim form for reimbursement along with the original printed, location. Claims must be submitted within 30 days of the date of the purchase on your receipt. To request a claim form, contact Member Services.

debit cards or in the event of a card failure. You must submit a itemized receipt from the provider 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 154 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

For over-the-counter items you can

use your CHP Choice Card at

Wal-Mart, CVS, Walgreens, and

Crawfordville Pharmacy.

Cardiac rehabilitation services*

Comprehensive programs of
cardiac rehabilitation services that
include exercise, education, and
counseling are covered for
members who meet certainNconditions with a doctor's referral.NThe plan also covers intensive
cardiac rehabilitation programsNthat are typically more rigorous orN

You pay a \$40 copay for each Medicare-covered cardiac rehabilitation visit. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 155 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what vou pay)

you pay)		
	What you must pay	
	when you get these	
Services that are covered for you services		
more intense than cardiac		
rehabilitation programs.		
* Requires prior authorization		
🍯 Cardiovascular disease risk		
reduction visit (therapy for		
cardiovascular disease)		
We cover one visit per year with	There is no	
your primary care doctor to help	coinsurance,	
lower your risk for cardiovascular	copayment, or	
disease. During this visit, your	deductible for the	
doctor may discuss aspirin use	intensive behavioral	

(if appropriate), check your blood

intensive benavioral therapy cardiovascular

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 156 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these u services
pressure, and give you tips to make sure you're eating healthy.	disease preventive benefit.
 Cardiovascular disease 	
testing Blood tests for the detection of	There is no
cardiovascular disease	coinsurance,
(or abnormalities associated with an elevated risk of cardiovascular	copayment, or deductible for
disease) once every 5 years	cardiovascular disease testing that
(60 months).	is covered once every 5 years.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 157 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

		What you must pay
		when you get these
Se	rvices that are covered for you	services
Ŭ	Cervical and vaginal cancer	
	screening	
Со	overed services include:	There is no
•	For all women: Pap tests and	coinsurance,
	pelvic exams are covered once	copayment, or
	every 24 months	deductible for
•	If you are at high risk of	Medicare-covered
	cervical or vaginal cancer or	preventive Pap and
	you are of childbearing age	pelvic exams.
	and have had an abnormal	
	Pap test within the past	
	3 years: one Pap test every	
	12 months	

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 158 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay	
	when you get these	
Services that are covered for you	I services	
Chiropractic services		
Covered services include:	You pay a	
We cover only manual	\$20 copay for each	
manipulation of the spine to	Medicare-covered	
correct subluxation	chiropractic visit.	
Colorectal cancer screening		
The following screening tests are	There is no	
covered:	coinsurance,	
Colonoscopy has no minimum	copayment, or	
or maximum age limitation and	deductible for a	
is covered once every	Medicare-covered	
120 months (10 years) for	colorectal cancer	
patients not at high risk, or	screening exam,	

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 159 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

48 months after a previous flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients who are not at high risk for colorectal cancer, and once every 24 months for high risk patients after a previous screening colonoscopy or barium enema.

 Flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients 45 years and older.
 Once every 120 months for patients not at high risk after the patient received a screening colonoscopy. Once every 48 months for high risk

excluding barium enemas, for which coinsurance applies. If your doctor finds and removes a polyp or other tissue during the colonoscopy or flexible sigmoidoscopy, the screening exam becomes a diagnostic exam.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 160 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

J I J /	
	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you	u services
patients from the last flexible	You pay a \$0 copay
sigmoidoscopy or barium	for each
enema.	Medicare-covered
Screening fecal-occult blood	barium enema.
tests for patients 45 years and	
older. Once every 12 months.	
Multitarget stool DNA for	
patients 45 to 85 years of age	
and not meeting high risk	
criteria. Once every 3 years.	
Blood-based Biomarker Tests	
for patients 45 to 85 years of	
age and not meeting high risk	
criteria. Once every 3 years.	

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 161 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay
when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

Barium Enema as an • alternative to colonoscopy for patients at high risk and 24 months since the last screening barium enema or the last screening colonoscopy. Barium Enema as an alternative to flexible sigmoidoscopy for patient not at high risk and 45 years or older. Once at least 48 months following the last screening barium enema or screening flexible sigmoidoscopy.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 162 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	J • • • • J •	
		What you must pay when you get these
		when you get these
Se	rvices that are covered for you	services
•	Colorectal cancer screening	
	tests include a follow-on	
	screening colonoscopy after a	
	Medicare covered	
	non-invasive stool-based	
	colorectal cancer screening	
	test returns a positive result.	
_		

Dental services*

In general, preventive dental	You pay a \$40
services (such as cleaning, routine	copay for each
dental exams, and dental x-rays)	Medicare-covered
are not covered by Original	dental visit.
Medicare. However, Medicare	Additional coverage
currently pays for dental services	may be provided

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 163 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you	services
in a limited number of	through your Choice
circumstances, specifically when	Card. (See CHP
that service is an integral part of	Choice Card for
specific treatment of a beneficiary's	details).
primary medical condition. Some	
examples include reconstruction of	
the jaw following fracture or injury,	
tooth extractions done in	
preparation for radiation treatment	
for cancer involving the jaw, or oral	
exams preceding kidney	
transplantation.	
* Doquiroo prior outborization	

* Requires prior authorization

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 164 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay when you get these Services that are covered for you services Depression screening There is no We cover one screening for depression per year. The coinsurance, screening must be done in a copayment, or deductible for an primary care setting that can provide follow-up treatment and/or annual depression referrals. screening visit.

Diabetes screening

We cover this screening (includes	There is no
fasting glucose tests) if you have	coinsurance,
any of the following risk factors:	copayment, or
high blood pressure	deductible for the
(hypertension), history of abnormal	Medicare covered

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 165 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you	I services
cholesterol and triglyceride levels	diabetes screening
(dyslipidemia), obesity, or a	tests.
history of high blood sugar	
(glucose). Tests may also be	
covered if you meet other	
requirements, like being	
overweight and having a family	
history of diabetes.	
Based on the results of these tests,	
you may be eligible for up to two	
diabetes screenings every	
12 months.	

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 166 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	J - J /	
		What you must pay
		when you get these
Se	rvices that are covered for you	I services
Ŭ	Diabetes self-management	
	training, diabetic services,	
	and supplies*	
Fo	r all people who have diabetes	\$0 cost sharing is
(in	sulin and non-insulin users).	limited to preferred
Со	vered services include:	manufacturers
•	Supplies to monitor your blood	Ascensia and
	glucose: Blood glucose	Lifescan, including
	monitor, blood glucose test	the meter, test strips
	strips, lancet devices and	and lancets.
	lancets, and glucose-control	If other diabetic
	solutions for checking the	testing supplies are
	accuracy of test strips and	required your
	monitors.	provider or an

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 167 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

		What you must pay
		when you get these
Se	rvices that are covered for you	services
•	For people with diabetes who	authorized
	have severe diabetic foot	representative can
	disease: One pair per	request a coverage
	calendar year of therapeutic	determination;
	custom-molded shoes	however, if
	(including inserts provided with	approved for other
	such shoes) and two additional	manufacturers such
	pairs of inserts, or one pair of	as Dexcom and
	depth shoes and three pairs of	Freestyle you will
	inserts (not including the	pay 20%
	non-customized removable	coinsurance for
	inserts provided with such	these products.*
	shoes). Coverage includes	
	fitting.	

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 168 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

• • •	
	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you	ı services
Diabetes	You pay
self-management training is	20% coinsurance
covered under certain	for
conditions.	Medicare-covered
* Diabotic tosting supplies from	therapeutic shoes or
* Diabetic testing supplies from	inserts.
non-preferred manufacturers	
requires prior authorization,	You pay a
quantity limits may apply.	\$10 copay for
	Medicare-covered
	diabetes
	self-management
	training.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 169 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies*

(For a definition of durable medical You pay 20% equipment, see Chapter 12 as well coinsurance for as Chapter 3, Section 7 of this document.)

Covered items include, but are not limited to: wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices,

Medicare-covered durable medical equipment.

Your cost sharing for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage is 20%.

Your cost sharing will not change after 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 170 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay when you get these Services that are covered for you services oxygen equipment, nebulizers, and being enrolled for walkers. 36 months We cover all medically necessary DME covered by Original Medicare. If our supplier in your area does not carry a particular brand or manufacturer, you may ask them if they can special order it for you. The most recent list of suppliers is available on our website at www.capitalhealth.com/medicare. * Requires prior authorization

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 171 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you	services
Emergency care	
Emergency care refers to services	You pay a \$135
that are:	copay for
 Furnished by a provider 	Medicare-covered
qualified to furnish emergency	emergency care
services, and	visits.
Needed to evaluate or stabilize	The copay is waived
an emergency medical	if you are admitted
condition.	to the hospital within
A modical amarganay is when you	24-hours.
A medical emergency is when you,	If you receive
or any other prudent layperson	emergency care at
with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that	an out-of-network
you have medical symptoms that	hospital and need
you have medical symptoms that	

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 172 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

require immediate medicalinpatient caattention to prevent loss of lifeyour emerg(and, if you are a pregnant woman,condition isloss of an unborn child), loss of astabilized, ylimb, or loss of function of a limb.return to a rThe medical symptoms may be anhospital in cillness, injury, severe pain, or ayour care tomedical condition that is quicklycontinue togetting worse.covered or your care

Cost sharing for necessary emergency services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in-network.

inpatient care after your emergency stabilized, you must return to a network hospital in order for your care to continue to be covered or you must have your inpatient care at the out-of-network hospital authorized by the plan and your cost is the cost

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 173 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay when you get these
Services that are covered for you	I services
We cover emergency and urgently needed services world-wide.	sharing you would pay at a network hospital. If other services are provided during the emergency care visit, additional copays may apply.
 Health and wellness education programs Health and wellness education programs include: Health Education 	For each Telehealth visit, you pay

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 174 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you	services
Members have access to	the following
condition-specific group	copays:
sessions in which the educator	Primary care
provides information and/or	physician (\$10)
skills instruction, one-on-one	Specialist (\$40)
instruction sessions, as	Urgent care
needed, and interactive web	J
and telephone based coaching	(Amwell \$15 / CHP
to reinforce what an enrollee	\$20).
learned in their group or	There is no copay
individual session.	for the Nursing
Additional sessions of Smoking	Hotline.
and Tobacco Use Cessation	Generally there are
Counseling (up to 44)	no copays for other
Wellness Benefit	health and wellness

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 175 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you	I services
The plan provides	education programs
reimbursement up to \$150	described in this
each calendar year. Minimum	section.
participation of four	Wellness Benefit
consecutive months in the	
calendar year while a	reimbursement of up
Capital Health Plan Advantage	to \$150 each
Plus member is required.	calendar year
	applies to exercise
Member must submit a	programs,
reimbursement form and	memberships at
required documentation no	approved health or
later than one year from the	
last participation date. Country	wellness facilities,
clubs, social clubs, spas,	and includes
tennis facilities, sports teams	Diabetic Prevention
\mathbf{C}	

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 176 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you	services
or leagues, and personal	Programs through a
trainers are excluded.	Metabolic Center.
Remote Access	
Technology – Telehealth	
(including Web/ Phone based	
technologies and Nursing	
Hotline) Members have access	
to a health information	
line 24/7 where health care	
professionals provide	
information about prescription	
and non-prescription drugs,	
self-management tools, weight	
management, wellness,	
nutrition & preventive care.	

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 177 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

Through remote access

technologies (Telehealth)

members have access to a

doctor who can review

patient's medical and

prescription drug history,

answer questions, diagnose,

treat and prescribe medication

when clinically appropriate.

Telehealth services are

available through our

contracted vendor in all states

where telehealth services are

permitted.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 178 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

Hearing services

Diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations performed by your provider to determine if you need medical treatment are covered as outpatient care when furnished by a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider.

Up to one routine hearing exam covered every year.

You pay a \$40 copay for a specialist for Medicare-covered diagnostic hearing

exams.

You pay a \$40 copay for a specialist for up to one supplemental routine hearing exam every year. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 179 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you	u services
	Additional coverage
	may be provided
	through your Choice
	Card. (See CHP
	Choice Card for
	details).
Help with Certain Chronic	
Conditions	
If you are diagnosed by a plan	You pay a \$0
provider with the following chronic	copay for
condition(s) identified below and	Medicare-covered
meet certain medical criteria, you	diabetic eye exams
may be eligible for targeted	at Capital Health
	Plan's eye care

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 180 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you	u services
supplemental benefits and/or	located in center for
reduced cost sharing:	members
Diabetes	diagnosed with
	diabetes.
HIV screening	
For people who ask for an	There is no
HIV screening test or who are at	coinsurance,
increased risk for HIV	copayment, or
infection, we cover:	deductible for
One screening exam every	members eligible
12 months	for
	Medicare-covered
	preventive HIV
	screening.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 181 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay when you get these
Services that are covered for you	I services
For women who are pregnant, we	
cover:	
Up to three screening exams	
during a pregnancy	
Home health agency care	
Prior to receiving home health	There is no
services, a doctor must certify that	coinsurance,
you need home health services	copayment, or
and will order home health	deductible for home
services to be provided by a home	health agency care.
health agency. You must be	
homebound, which means leaving	
home is a major effort.	

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 182 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

Covered services include, but are not limited to:

- Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services (to be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than 8 hours per day and 35 hours per week)
- Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy
- Medical and social services

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 183 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

J I J /	
	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you	I services
 Medical equipment and 	
supplies	
Home infusion therapy	
Home infusion therapy involves	You pay a 20%
the intravenous or subcutaneous	coinsurance for
administration of drugs or	Medicare-covered
biologicals to an individual at	home infusion
home. The components needed to	therapy.
perform home infusion include the	
drug (for example, antivirals,	
immune globulin), equipment	
(for example, a pump), and	
supplies (for example, tubing and	
catheters).	

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 184 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

Covered services include, but are not limited to:

- Professional services, including nursing services, furnished in accordance with the plan of care
- Patient training and education not otherwise covered under the durable medical equipment benefit
- Remote monitoring
- Monitoring services for the provision of home infusion therapy and home infusion

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 185 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

drugs furnished by a qualified

home infusion therapy supplier

Hospice care

You are eligible for the hospice benefit when your doctor and the hospice medical director have given you a terminal prognosis certifying that you're terminally ill and have 6 months or less to live if your illness runs its normal course. You may receive care from any Medicare-certified hospice program. Your plan is obligated to help you find Medicare-certified

When you enroll in a Medicare-certified hospice program, your hospice services and your Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis are paid for by Original Medicare, not 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 186 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you	must pay
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when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

hospice programs in the plan'sCapital Health Planservice area, including those theAdvantage Plus.MA organization owns, controls, orOur plan will coverhas a financial interest in. Yourone consultationhospice doctor can be a networkvisit before youprovider or an out-of-networkselect hospice.

Covered services include:

- Drugs for symptom control and pain relief
- Short-term respite care
- Home care

When you are admitted to a hospice you have the right to

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 187 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

remain in your plan; if you chose to remain in your plan you must continue to pay plan premiums. For hospice services and for services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are related to your terminal prognosis: Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay your hospice provider for your hospice services and any Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis. While you are in the hospice program, your hospice

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 188 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

provider will bill Original Medicare

for the services that Original

Medicare pays for. You will be

billed Original Medicare cost

sharing.

For services that are covered by

Medicare Part A or B and are not

related to your terminal prognosis:

If you need non-emergency,

non-urgently needed services that

are covered under Medicare

Part A or B and that are not

related to your terminal prognosis,

your cost for these services

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 189 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

depends on whether you use a provider in our plan's network and follow plan rules (such as if there is a requirement to obtain prior authorization).

- If you obtain the covered services from a network provider and follow plan rules for obtaining service, you only pay the plan cost-sharing amount for in-network services
- If you obtain the covered services from an out-of-network provider, you pay the cost sharing under

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 190 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

Fee-for-Service Medicare

(Original Medicare)

For services that are covered by

Capital Health Plan Advantage

Plus but are not covered by

Medicare Part A or B: Capital

Health Plan Advantage Plus will

continue to cover plan-covered

services that are not covered

under Part A or B whether or not

they are related to your terminal

prognosis. You pay your plan

cost-sharing amount for these

services.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 191 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

For drugs that may be covered by

the plan's Part D benefit: If these

drugs are unrelated to your

terminal hospice condition you pay

cost sharing. If they are related to

your terminal hospice condition,

then you pay Original Medicare

cost sharing. Drugs are never

covered by both hospice and our

plan at the same time. For more

information, please see Chapter 5,

Section 9.4 (What if you're in

Medicare-certified hospice).

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 192 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

Note: If you need

non-hospice care (care that is not

related to your terminal prognosis),

you should contact us to arrange

the services.

Our plan covers hospice

consultation services (one time

only) for a terminally ill person who

hasn't elected the hospice benefit.

Immunizations

Covered Medicare Part B services There is no

include:

coinsurance,

Pneumonia vaccine copayment, or

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 193 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

_		
		What you must pay
		when you get these
Se	rvices that are covered for you	u services
•	Flu shots, once each flu	deductible for the
	season in the fall and winter,	pneumonia,
	with additional flu shots if	influenza,
	medically necessary	Hepatitis B, and
•	Hepatitis B vaccine if you are	COVID-19 vaccines.
	at high or intermediate risk of	
	getting Hepatitis B	
•	COVID-19 vaccine	
•	Other vaccines if you are at	
	risk and they meet Medicare	
	Part B coverage rules	
We	e also cover some vaccines	
un	der our Part D prescription drug	
be	nefit.	

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 194 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

Inpatient hospital care*

Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, long-term care hospitals and other types of inpatient hospital services. Inpatient hospital care starts the day you are formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor's order. The day before you are discharged is your last inpatient day.

There is no limit to the number of days covered by the plan each hospital stay. The following cost sharing is charged for each inpatient admission.

You pay a \$250 copay per day for days 1 through 5. You pay a \$0 copay per day for days 6 and beyond.

\$1,250 out-of-pocket limit every stay. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 195 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you	u services
Covered services include but are	If you get authorized
not limited to:	inpatient care at an
 Semi-private room 	out-of-network
(or a private room if medically	hospital after your
necessary)	emergency condition
Meals including special diets	is stabilized, your
Regular nursing services	cost is the cost
Costs of special care units	sharing you would
(such as intensive care or	pay at a network
coronary care units)	hospital.
 Drugs and medications 	
Lab tests	
X-rays and other radiology	
services	

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 196 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	you pay)	
		What you must pay
	,	when you get these
Se	ervices that are covered for you	services
•	Necessary surgical and	
	medical supplies	
•	Use of appliances, such as	
	wheelchairs	
•	Operating and recovery room	
	costs	
•	Physical, occupational, and	
	speech language therapy	
•	Inpatient substance abuse	
	services	
•	Under certain conditions, the	
	following types of transplants	
	are covered: corneal, kidney,	

kidney-pancreatic, heart, liver,

lung, heart/lung, bone marrow,

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 197 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

stem cell, and

intestinal/ multivisceral. If you

need a transplant, we will

arrange to have your case

reviewed by a

Medicare-approved transplant

center that will decide whether

you are a candidate for a

transplant. Transplant

providers may be local or

outside of the service area. If

our in-network transplant

services are outside the

community pattern of care, you

may choose to go locally as

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 198 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

long as the local transplant providers are willing to accept the Original Medicare rate. If Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus provides transplant services at a location outside the pattern of care for transplants in your community and you choose to obtain transplants at this distant location, we will arrange or pay for appropriate lodging and transportation costs for you and a companion.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 199 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Jou pay,
What you must pay
when you get these
Services that are covered for you services
 Blood - including storage and
administration. Coverage of
whole blood and packed red
cells begins the first pint of
blood that you need. All other
components of blood are
covered beginning with the first
pint used.
Physician services
Note: To be an inpatient, your
provider must write an order to
admit you formally as an inpatient
of the hospital. Even if you stay in

the hospital overnight, you might

still be considered an outpatient. If

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 200 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

you are not sure if you are an

inpatient or an outpatient, you

should ask the hospital staff.

You can also find more information

in a Medicare fact sheet called Are

You a Hospital Inpatient or

Outpatient? If You Have

Medicare – Ask! This fact sheet is

available on the Web at

www.medicare.gov/sites/default/

files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-

Outpatient.pdf or by calling

1-800-MEDICARE

(1-800-633-4227). TTY users call

1-877-486-2048. You can call

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 201 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you	u services
these numbers for free, 24 hours a	
day, 7 days a week.	
* Requires prior authorization	
Inpatient services in a	
psychiatric hospital*	
Covered services include mental	The following cost
health care services that require a	sharing is charged
hospital stay.	for each inpatient
Our plan covers an unlimited	admission.
number of days for an inpatient	You pay a
hospital stay.	\$250 copay per day
* Requires prior authorization	for days 1
	through 5.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 202 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay when you get these
Services that are covered for you	I services
	You pay a \$0 copay
	per day for days 6
	and beyond.
	\$1,250
	out-of-pocket limit
	every stay.
Inpatient stay: Covered services	
received in a hospital or SNF	
during a non-covered inpatient	
stay*	
If you have exhausted your	You pay the full cost
inpatient benefits or if the inpatient	of a non-covered
stay is not reasonable and	inpatient admission

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 203 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

necessary, we will not cover yourwith theinpatient stay. However, in somelimitedcases, we will cover certainthe planservices you receive while you arePleasein the hospital or the skilledapplicanursing facility (SNF). Coveredsectionservices include, but are notPhysiclimited to:ner ser

- Physician services
- Diagnostic tests (like lab tests)
- X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy including technician materials and services
- Surgical dressings

with the exception of limited services that the plan will cover. Please refer to the applicable benefit section in this chart: **Physician/Practitio** ner services, including doctor's office visits; Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and

supplies;

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 204 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

		What you must pay
		when you get these
Se	ervices that are covered for you	services
•	Splints, casts, and other	
	devices used to reduce	
	fractures and dislocations	
•	Prosthetics and orthotics	Durable medical
	devices (other than dental) that	equipment (DME)
	replace all or part of an internal	and related
	body organ (including	supplies;
	contiguous tissue), or all or	Prosthetic devices
	part of the function of a	and related
	permanently inoperative or	supplies;
	malfunctioning internal body	Outpatient
	organ, including replacement	rehabilitation
	or repairs of such devices	services.
	or repairs of such devices	

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 205 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

- Leg, arm, back, and neck braces; trusses, and artificial legs, arms, and eyes including adjustments, repairs, and replacements required because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in the patient's physical condition
 Physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy
- * Requires prior authorization

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 206 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

Medical nutrition therapy

This benefit is for people with diabetes, renal (kidney) disease (but not on dialysis), or after a kidney transplant when referred by deductible for your doctor.

We cover 3 hours of one-on-one counseling services during your first year that you receive medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare (this includes our plan, any other Medicare Advantage plan, or Original Medicare), and 2 hours each year after that. If your

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or

members eligible for

Medicare-covered

medical nutrition

therapy services.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 207 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

condition, treatment, or diagnosis	
changes, you may be able to	
receive more hours of treatment	
with a physician's referral. A	
physician must prescribe these	
services and renew their referral	
yearly if your treatment is needed	
into the next calendar year.	
Medicare Diabetes	
Prevention Program (MDPP)	
MDPP services will be covered for	There is no
eligible Medicare beneficiaries	coinsurance,
under all Medicare health plans.	
	copayment, or

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 208 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you	ı services
MDPP is a structured health	deductible for the
behavior change intervention that	MDPP benefit.
provides practical training in	
long-term dietary change,	
increased physical activity, and	
problem-solving strategies for	
overcoming challenges to	
sustaining weight loss and a	
healthy lifestyle.	
Medicare Part B prescription	
drugs	
These drugs are covered under	You pay 20% of the
Part B of Original Medicare.	total cost for
Members of our plan receive	Medicare-covered

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 209 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you	services
coverage for these drugs through	Part B drugs such as
our plan. Covered drugs include:	chemotherapy
 Drugs that usually aren't 	drugs.
self-administered by the patient and are injected or infused while you are getting physician, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgical center	You pay 20% of the total cost for other Medicare-covered Part B drugs.
 Insulin furnished through an item of durable medical equipment (such as a medically necessary insulin pump) 	You will pay a maximum copay of \$35 for a one month supply of insulin.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 210 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pa		
	when you get these	
Services that are covered for you services		
Other drugs you take using		

Other d durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that were authorized by the plan

- Clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia
- Immunosuppressive Drugs, if you were enrolled in Medicare Part A at the time of the organ transplant
- Injectable osteoporosis drugs, if you are homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 211 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay when you get these Services that are covered for you services post-menopausal osteoporosis, and cannot self-administer the drug Antigens Certain oral anti-cancer drugs and anti-nausea drugs Certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin when

medically necessary, topical

anesthetics, and

erythropoiesis-stimulating

agents (such as Epogen®,

Procrit®, Epoetin Alfa,

Aranesp®, or Darbepoetin Alfa)

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 212 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay
when you get these
Services that are covered for you services
Intravenous Immune Globulin
for the home treatment of
primary immune deficiency
diseases
We also cover some vaccines
under our Part B and Part D
prescription drug benefit.
Chapter 5 explains the Part D
prescription drug benefit, including
rules you must follow to have
prescriptions covered. What you
pay for your Part D prescription
drugs through our plan is
explained in Chapter 6.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 213 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you	I services
Obesity screening and	
therapy to promote sustained	
weight loss	
If you have a body mass index of	There is no
30 or more, we cover intensive	coinsurance,
counseling to help you lose weight.	copayment, or
This counseling is covered if you	deductible for
get it in a primary care setting,	preventive obesity
where it can be coordinated with	screening and
your comprehensive prevention	therapy.
plan. Talk to your primary care	
doctor or practitioner to find out	
more.	

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 214 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you	I services
Opioid treatment program	
services	
Members of our plan with opioid	You pay a \$40
use disorder (OUD) can receive	copay for each
coverage of services to treat OUD	Medicare-covered
through an Opioid Treatment	Opioid treatment

Program (OTP) which includes the service.

following services:

 U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved opioid agonist and antagonist medication-assisted treatment (MAT) medications. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 215 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

you pay)			
	What you must pay		
	when you get these		
Services that are covered for you	u services		
• Dispensing and administration			
of MAT medications			
(if applicable)			
Substance use counseling			
Individual and group therapy			
Toxicology testing			
Intake activities			
Periodic assessments			
Outpatient diagnostic tests and	Outpatient diagnostic tests and		
therapeutic services and			
supplies*			
Covered services include, but are	You pay a		
not limited to:	\$0 copay		
• X-rays			

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 216 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

		Wł	nat you must pay
		wh	en you get these
Services that an	re covered for you	I Sei	rvices
Radiation (ra	dium and isotope)	for	
therapy inclu	ding technician	Me	dicare-covered:
materials and	d supplies. Cost	•	Lab services
sharing may	include an	•	Diagnostic
outpatient fac	cility charge.		procedures and
CT/MRI/PET	Nuclear		tests
Radiology He	eart, Vascular and	•	X-rays
Cardiovascu	lar	Yo	u pay a \$100
Diagnostic E	chocardiography		bay for
Surgical sup	olies, such as	Medicare-covered	
dressings		dia	gnostic radiology
Splints, casts	s, and other	ser	rvices
devices used	to reduce	(nc	ot including
fractures and	dislocations	x-ra	ays). Includes

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 217 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

		What you must pay
		when you get these
Ser	vices that are covered for you	services
•	Laboratory tests	MRI, CT, PET,
•	Blood - including storage and	Thallium and
	administration. Coverage of	Nuclear Cardiology
	whole blood and packed red	scans.
	cells begins the first pint of	You pay 20% of the
	blood that you need. All other	total cost for
	components of blood are	Medicare-covered
	covered beginning with the first	therapeutic
	pint used.	radiology services.
•	Other outpatient diagnostic	If the doctor
	tests	provides you
* Requires prior authorization		services in addition
		to outpatient
		diagnostic

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 218 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay	
	when you get these	
Services that are covered for you	ı services	
	procedures and	
	tests, therapeutic	
	services and	
	supplies a separate	
	cost sharing of a	
	\$10 copay for a PCP	
	or a \$40 copay for a	
	specialist may apply.	
Outpatient hospital observation		
Observation services are hospital	There is no	
outpatient services given to	coinsurance,	
determine if you need to be	copayment, or	
admitted as an inpatient or can be	deductible for	
discharged.	Medicare-covered	

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 219 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

Note: Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 220 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff. You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called Are You a Hospital Inpatient or **Outpatient? If You Have**

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 221 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

Medicare – Ask! This fact sheet is

available on the Web at

www.medicare.gov/sites/default/

files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-

Outpatient.pdf or by calling

1-800-MEDICARE

(1-800-633-4227). TTY users call

1-877-486-2048. You can call

these numbers for free, 24 hours a

day, 7 days a week.

Outpatient hospital services

department of a hospital for

We cover medically-necessary services you get in the outpatient

You pay a \$300

copay for each

Medicare-covered

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 222 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay
when you get these
I services
outpatient hospital
facility visit.
You pay 20% of the
total cost for
Medicare-covered
therapeutic radiology
services.
You pay a \$40
copay for each
Medicare-covered
partial
hospitalization
program visit.
You pay 20% of the
total cost for

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 223 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

jou puj)	
	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you	I services
X-rays and other radiology	Medicare-covered
services billed by the hospital	Part B drugs such as
Medical supplies such as	chemotherapy
splints and casts	drugs.
Certain drugs and biologicals	
that you can't give yourself	You pay 20% of the
Note: Unless the provider has	total cost for other
written an order to admit you as an	Medicare-covered
inpatient to the hospital, you are an	Part B drugs.
outpatient and pay the	
cost-sharing amounts for	
outpatient hospital services. Even	
if you stay in the hospital	
overnight, you might still be	
considered an outpatient. If you	

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 224 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

are not sure if you are an

outpatient, you should ask the

hospital staff.

You can also find more information

in a Medicare fact sheet called Are

You a Hospital Inpatient or

Outpatient? If You Have

Medicare – Ask! This fact sheet is

available on the Web at

www.medicare.gov/sites/default/

files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or

-Outpatient.pdf or by calling

1-800-MEDICARE

(1-800-633-4227). TTY users call

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 225 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

1-877-486-2048. You can call

these numbers for free, 24 hours a

day, 7 days a week.

Outpatient mental health care

Covered services include:

Mental health services provided by a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, licensed professional counselor (LPC), licensed marriage and family therapist (LMFT), nurse practitioner (NP),

You pay a \$40 copay for each Medicare-covered individual or group therapy visit. You pay a \$40 copay for each Medicare-covered individual or group 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 226 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
physician assistant (PA), or other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws.	therapy visit with a psychiatrist.
Outpatient rehabilitation services	
Covered services include: physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy.	You pay a \$20 copay for each Medicare-covered
Outpatient rehabilitation services are provided in various outpatient settings, such as hospital outpatient departments,	physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy visit.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 227 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

independent therapist offices, and

Comprehensive Outpatient

Rehabilitation Facilities (CORFs).

Outpatient substance abuse

services

Treatment services that are provided in the outpatient department of a hospital to patients who, for example, have been discharged from an inpatient stay for the treatment of drug substance abuse or who require treatment but do not require the availability and intensity of services

You pay a \$40 copay for each Medicare-covered individual or group substance abuse treatment visit. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 228 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

found only in the inpatient hospital setting.

Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers

Note: If you are having surgery in
a hospital facility, you should check
with your provider about whether
you will be an inpatient or
outpatient. Unless the provider
writes an order to admit you as an
inpatient to the hospital, you are an
outpatient and pay theYou pay a \$150
copay for each
ambulatory surgical
center visit.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 229 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

cost-sharing amounts forMedicare-coveredoutpatient surgery. Even if you stayoutpatient hospitalin the hospital overnight, you mightfacility visit.still be considered an outpatient.

Partial hospitalization services

and Intensive outpatient services*

Partial hospitalization is aYou pay a \$40structured program of activecopay for eachpsychiatric treatment provided as aMedicare-coveredhospital outpatient service or by apartialcommunity mental health center,hospitalizationthat is more intense than the careprogram visit.received in your doctor's orvou pay a \$40

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 230 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

therapist's office and is an alternative to inpatient

· · · · · ·

hospitalization.

Intensive outpatient service is a structured program of active behavioral (mental) health therapy treatment provided in a hospital outpatient department, a community mental health center, a Federally qualified health center, or a rural health clinic that is more intense than the care received in your doctor's or therapist's office

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 231 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

but less intense than partial

hospitalization.

Note: Because there are no

community mental health centers

in our network, we cover partial

hospitalization only as a hospital

outpatient service.

* Requires prior authorization

Physician/Practitioner services,

including doctor's office visits

Covered services include: You pay a \$10 copay

 Medically-necessary medical for each care or surgery services Medicare-covered 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 232 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

		What you must pay
		when you get these
Sei	rvices that are covered for you	services
	furnished in a physician's office,	primary care provider
	certified ambulatory surgical	in-person or
	center, hospital outpatient	telehealth visit. You
	department, or any other	pay a \$40 copay for
	location	each
•	Consultation, diagnosis, and	Medicare-covered
	treatment by a specialist	specialist in-person
•	Basic hearing and balance	or telehealth visit.
	exams performed by your PCP	You pay a \$20 copay
	or specialist, if your doctor	for each
	orders it to see if you need	Medicare-covered
	medical treatment	occupational,
•	Certain telehealth services,	speech, and physical
	including:	

• Urgently Needed Services

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 233 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

-		jou puj/		
		W	hat you must pay	
		w	hen you get these	
	Services that are covered for you services			
	0	Primary Care Physician the	erapy specialist	
		Services vis	sit.	
	0	Occupational Therapy		
		Services		
	0	Certain Specialist		
		Services		
	0	Individual and Group		
		Sessions for Mental		
		Health		
	0	Specialty Services		
	0	Podiatry Services		
	0	Other Health Care		
		Professionals		
	0	Individual Group Sessions		
		for Psychiatric Services		

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 234 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

-			
		What you must pay	
		when you get these	
	Services that are covered for you services		
	0	Physical Therapy and	
		Speech-Language	
		Pathology Services	
	0	Opioid Treatment Program	
		Services	
	0	Individual Group Sessions	
		for Outpatient Substance	
		Abuse	
	0	Diabetic Self-Management	
		Training	
	0	Kidney Disease Education	
		Services	
	0	You have the option of	
		getting these services	
		through an in-person visit	
I			

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 235 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

or by telehealth. If you

choose to get one of these

services by telehealth, you

must use a network

provider who offers the

service by telehealth.

- Some telehealth services including consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a physician or practitioner, for patients in certain rural areas or other places approved by Medicare
- Telehealth services for monthly end-stage renal disease-related

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 236 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

visits for home dialysis

members in a hospital-based or

critical access hospital-based

renal dialysis center, renal

dialysis facility, or the member's

home

- Telehealth services to diagnose, evaluate, or treat symptoms of a stroke, regardless of your location
- Telehealth services for members with a substance use disorder or co-occurring mental health disorder, regardless of their location

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 237 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

- Telehealth services for diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of mental health disorders if:
 - You have an in-person
 visit within 6 months prior
 to your first telehealth visit
 - You have an in-person visit every 12 months while receiving these telehealth services
 - Exceptions can be made to the above for certain circumstances

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 238 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

		Joa (a.)			
		What you must pay			
		when you get these			
Se	Services that are covered for you services				
•	Tele	health services for mental			
	hea	Ith visits provided by Rural			
	Hea	alth Clinics and Federally			
	Qua	alified Health Centers			
•	Virtu	ual check-ins (for example,			
	by p	phone or video chat) with			
	you	r doctor for 5-10 minutes <u>if</u> :			
	0	You're not a new patient			
		and			
	0	The check-in isn't related			
		to an office visit in the past			
		7 days and			
	0	The check-in doesn't lead			
		to an office visit within			

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 239 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay when you get these Services that are covered for you services 24 hours or the soonest available appointment Evaluation of video and/or images you send to your doctor, and interpretation and follow-up by your doctor within 24 hours if: You're not a new patient 0 and The evaluation isn't Ο related to an office visit in

the past

7 days and

• The evaluation doesn't

lead to an office visit

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 240 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	Jou puj/	
		What you must pay
		when you get these
Se	rvices that are covered for you	services
	within 24 hours or the	
	soonest available	
	appointment	
•	Consultation your doctor has	
	with other doctors by phone,	
	internet, or electronic health	
	record	

- Second opinion by another network provider prior to surgery
- Non-routine dental care

 (covered services are limited to surgery of the jaw or related structures, setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones,

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 241 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

extraction of teeth to prepare

the jaw for radiation treatments

of neoplastic cancer disease, or

services that would be covered

when provided by a physician)

Podiatry services

Covered services include:

- Diagnosis and the medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the feet (such as hammer toe or heel spurs)
- Routine foot care for members with certain medical conditions affecting the lower limbs

You a pay \$40 copay for each Medicare-covered podiatry visit for medically necessary foot care. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 242 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Jou paj,				
	What you must pay			
	when you get these			
Services that are covered for you services				
Prostate cancer screening				
exams				
For men aged 50 and older,	There is no			
covered services include the	coinsurance,			
following - once every 12 months:	copayment, or			
Digital rectal exam	deductible for an			
Prostate Specific Antigen	annual PSA test.			
(PSA) test				
Prosthetic devices and related				
supplies*				
Devices (other than dental) that	You pay 20% of the			
replace all or part of a body part or	total cost for			
function. These include but are not				

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 243 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay			
	when you get these			
Services that are covered for you services				
limited to: colostomy bags and	Medicare-covered			
supplies directly related to	prosthetic devices.			
colostomy care, pacemakers, braces, prosthetic shoes, artificial limbs, and breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy). Includes certain supplies related to prosthetic devices, and repair and/or replacement of prosthetic devices. Also includes some coverage following cataract removal or cataract surgery – see <i>Vision Care</i> later in this section for more detail.	You pay 20% of the total cost for Medicare-covered medical supplies related to prosthetics, splints, and other devices.			
* Dequires prior sutherization				

* Requires prior authorization

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 244 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

Pulmonary rehabilitation services*

Comprehensive programs of pulmonary rehabilitation are covered for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and a referral for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor treating the chronic respiratory disease.

You pay a \$20

copay for each

Medicare-covered

pulmonary

rehabilitation visit.

* Requires prior authorization

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 245 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay when you get these		
Services that are covered for you			
Services that are covered for you services			
Screening and counseling to			
reduce alcohol misuse			
We cover one alcohol misuse	There is no		
screening for adults with	coinsurance,		
Medicare (including pregnant	copayment, or		
	deductible for the		
women) who misuse alcohol but	Medicare-covered		
aren't alcohol dependent.			
If you screen positive for alcohol	screening and		
misuse, you can get up to four	counseling to reduce		
brief face-to-face counseling	alcohol misuse		
sessions per year (if you're	preventive benefit.		
competent and alert during			
counseling) provided by a qualified			
counsening, provided by a qualified			

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 246 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay when you get these Services that are covered for you services primary care doctor or practitioner in a primary care setting. Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT) For qualified individuals, a LDCT is There is no covered every 12 months. coinsurance, copayment, or Eligible members are: people deductible for the aged 50 – 77 years who have no Medicare covered

aged 50 – 77 years who have no signs or symptoms of lung cancer, but who have a history of tobacco smoking of at least 20 pack-years and who currently smoke or have

decision-making visit

or for the LDCT.

counseling and

shared

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 247 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

quit smoking within the last 15 years, who receive a written order for LDCT during a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit that meets the Medicare criteria for such visits and be furnished by a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner.

For LDCT lung cancer screenings after the initial LDCT screening: the member must receive a written order for LDCT lung cancer screening, which may be furnished

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 248 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

during any appropriate visit with a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. If a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit for subsequent lung cancer screenings with LDCT, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 249 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you services	
Screening for sexually	
transmitted infections (STIs)	
and counseling to prevent	
STIs	
We cover sexually transmitted	There is no
infection (STI) screenings for	coinsurance,
chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis,	copayment, or
and Hepatitis B. These screenings	deductible for the
are covered for pregnant women	Medicare-covered
and for certain people who are at	screening for STIs
increased risk for an STI when the	and counseling for
tests are ordered by a primary care	STIs preventive
provider. We cover these tests	benefit.
once every 12 months or at certain	
times during pregnancy.	

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 250 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

We also cover up to two individual 20 to 30 minute, face-to-face high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. We will only cover these counseling sessions as a preventive service if they are provided by a primary care provider and take place in a primary care setting, such as a doctor's office.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 251 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

Services to treat kidney disease

Covered services include:

- Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help members make informed decisions about their care. For members with stage IV chronic kidney disease when referred by their doctor, we cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services per lifetime
- Outpatient dialysis treatments (including dialysis treatments

You pay a \$10

copay for each

Medicare-covered

kidney disease

education session.

You pay 20% of the total cost for Medicare-covered renal dialysis.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 252 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

J • • • • J /	
	What you must pay when you get these
Services that are covered for you	services
when temporarily out of the	
service area, as explained in	
Chapter 3, or when your	
provider for this service is	
temporarily unavailable or	
inaccessible)	
Inpatient dialysis treatments	
(if you are admitted as an	
inpatient to a hospital for	

- special care)
- Self-dialysis training (includes training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments)

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 253 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Jou pay,	
	What you must pay when you get these
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you s	services
Home dialysis equipment and	
supplies	
Certain home support services	
(such as, when necessary,	
visits by trained dialysis	
workers to check on your home	
dialysis, to help in	
emergencies, and check your	
dialysis equipment and water	
supply)	
Certain drugs for dialysis are	
Certain drugs for dialysis are	
covered under your Medicare	
Part B drug benefit. For	

information about coverage for

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 254 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

Part B Drugs, please go to the

section, Medicare Part B

prescription drugs.

Skilled nursing facility (SNF)

care*

(For a definition of skilled nursing	For
facility care, see Chapter 12 of this	Medicare-covered
document. Skilled nursing facilities	SNF stays each
are sometimes called SNFs.)	benefit period:
A benefit period begins the day	You pay a
A benefit period begins the day	Tou pay a
you go into a hospital or skilled	\$20 copay per day
nursing facility. The benefit period	for days 1
ends when you haven't received	through 20.
any inpatient hospital care	Vou pov o
	You pay a

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 255 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

(or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a for days 21 hospital or a skilled nursing facility through 100. after one benefit period has ended, A benefit period is a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit our plan and periods. You are covered for 100 days per benefit period. No prior hospital stay is required. of hospital and

Covered services include but are not limited to:

- Semiprivate room (or a private • room if medically necessary)
- Meals, including special diets •

\$100 copay per day the way that both **Original Medicare** measures your use skilled nursing facility (SNF) services.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 256 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	you pay)
	What you must pay
	when you get these
Se	rvices that are covered for you services
•	Skilled nursing services
•	Physical therapy,
	occupational therapy, and
	speech therapy
•	Drugs administered to you as
	part of your plan of care
	(this includes substances that
	are naturally present in the
	body, such as blood clotting
	factors.)
•	Blood - including storage and
	administration. Coverage of

cells begins the first pint of

whole blood and packed red

blood that you need.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 257 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

All other components

of blood are covered beginning

with the first pint used.

- Medical and surgical supplies ordinarily provided by SNFs
- Laboratory tests ordinarily provided by SNFs
- X-rays and other radiology services ordinarily provided by SNFs
- Use of appliances such as wheelchairs ordinarily provided by SNFs

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 258 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must	t pay	
---------------	-------	--

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

Physician/Practitioner

services

Generally, you will get your

SNF care from network facilities.

However, under certain conditions

listed below, you may be able to

pay in-network cost sharing for a

facility that isn't a network provider,

if the facility accepts our plan's

amounts for payment.

 A nursing home or continuing care retirement community where you were living right before you went to the hospital 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 259 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay) What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

(as long as it provides skilled nursing facility care)

 A SNF where your spouse or domestic partner is living at the time you leave the hospital

* Requires prior authorization

Smoking and tobacco use cessation (counseling to stop smoking or tobacco use)

If you use tobacco, but do not haveThere is nosigns or symptoms ofcoinsurance,tobacco-related disease: We covercopayment, ortwo counseling quit attempts withindeductible for thea 12-month period as a preventiveMedicare-covered

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 260 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

J J/	
	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you	services
service with no cost to you. Each	smoking and
counseling attempt includes up to	tobacco use
four face-to-face visits.	cessation preventive
If you use tobacco and have been	benefits.
diagnosed with a tobacco-related	
disease or are taking medicine that	
may be affected by tobacco: We	
cover cessation counseling	
services. We cover two counseling	
quit attempts within a 12-month	
period, however, you will pay the	
applicable cost sharing. Each	
counseling attempt includes up to	
four face-to-face visits.	

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 261 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically III

Members will participate in a care coordination plan through the Nancy Van Vessem, M.D., Center for Health Aging at Capital Health Plan and will have one of the following conditions, Diabetes mellitus, Vascular Disease, End Stage Renal Disease requiring dialysis, Chronic Heart Failure or Dementia. You pay a \$10 copay for care coordination through the Nancy Van Vessem, M.D., Center for Health Aging at Capital Health Plan.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 262 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you	services
Members will be able to use the	
CHP Choice Card on Healthy	
Foods.	
The food and produce benefit	
mentioned is part of special	
supplemental program for the	
chronically ill. Not all members	
qualify.	
Supervised Exercise Therapy	
(SET)	
SET is covered for members who	You pay a \$10
have symptomatic peripheral	copay for
artery disease (PAD) and a referral	Supervised Exercise
	Therapy (SET) for

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 263 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

J	
	What you must pay when you get these
Services that are covered for you	
for PAD from the physician	Symptomatic
responsible for PAD treatment.	Peripheral Artery
Up to 36 sessions over a 12-week	Disease (PAD).
period are covered if the SET	
program requirements are met.	
The SET program must:	
Consist of sessions lasting	
30-60 minutes, comprising a	
therapeutic exercise-training	
program for PAD in patients	
with claudication	
Be conducted in a hospital	
outpatient setting or a	
physician's office	

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 264 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay
when you get these
rvices that are covered for you services
Be delivered by qualified
auxiliary personnel necessary
to ensure benefits exceed
harms, and who are trained in
exercise therapy for PAD
Be under the direct supervision
of a physician, physician
assistant, or nurse
practitioner/clinical nurse
specialist who must be trained
in both basic and advanced life
support techniques

SET may be covered beyond 36 sessions over 12 weeks for an

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 265 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

additional 36 sessions over an extended period of time if deemed medically necessary by a health

care provider.

Urgently needed services

Urgently needed services are
provided to treat a non-emergency,
unforeseen medical illness, injury,
or condition that requires
immediate medical care but given
your circumstances, it is not
possible, or it is unreasonable, to
obtain services from network
providers. If it is unreasonableYou pay a \$20
copay for each
Medicare-covered
urgently needed
service visit.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 266 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

given your circumstances to immediately obtain the medical care from a network provider, then your plan will cover the urgently needed services from a provider out-of-network. Services must be immediately needed and medically necessary. Examples of urgently needed services that the plan must cover out of network occur if: You are temporarily outside the service area of the plan and require medically needed immediate services for an unforeseen condition but it is not a medical

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 267 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

emergency; or it is unreasonable given your circumstances to immediately obtain the medical care from a network provider. Cost sharing for necessary urgently needed services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in-network.

We cover emergency and urgently needed services world-wide. Telehealth – Through remote access technologies including the web and other mobile devices

For each Telehealth visit, you pay the following copays: Primary care physician (\$10) Specialist (\$40) 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 268 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you	services
members have access to a doctor	Urgent care (Amwell
who can review patient's medical	\$15/ CHP \$20).
and prescription drug history,	
answer questions, diagnose, treat	
and prescribe medication when	
clinically appropriate.	
Cost sharing for necessary	
urgently needed services furnished	
out-of-network is the same as for	
such services furnished	
in-network.	

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 269 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

单 Vision care

Covered services include:

- Outpatient physician services for the diagnosis and treatment Medicare-covered of diseases and injuries of the eye, including treatment for age-related macular degeneration. Original Medicare doesn't cover routine eye exams (eye refractions) for eyeglasses/contacts
- For people who are at high risk of glaucoma, we will cover one glaucoma screening each year.

You pay \$10 or \$40 (specialist) for exams to diagnose and treat diseases and conditions of the eye, including an annual glaucoma screening for people at risk.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 270 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

		What you must pay	
		when you get these	
Se	Services that are covered for you services		
	People at high risk of	You pay \$10 or \$40	
	glaucoma include: people with	(specialist) for	
	a family history of glaucoma,	supplemental	
	people with diabetes, African	routine eye exams.	
	Americans who are age 50 and	You pay a \$0 copay	
	older, and Hispanic Americans	for one pair of	
	who are 65 or older	Medicare-covered	
•	For people with diabetes,	eyeglasses (lenses	
	screening for diabetic	and frames) or	
	retinopathy is covered once	contact lenses per	
	per year	lifetime after	
•	One pair of eyeglasses or	cataract surgery.	
	contact lenses after each		
	cataract surgery that includes	You pay any	
	insertion of an intraocular lens	additional costs for	

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 271 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you	services
(If you have two separate	upgraded frames
cataract operations, you	and lenses.
cannot reserve the benefit after	You pay a \$0 copay
the first surgery and purchase	for
two eyeglasses after the	Medicare-covered
second surgery.)	diabetic eye exams
• Up to one routine eye exam	at Capital Health
each year, refractions are	Plan's eye care
covered and the copay applied	located in center for
will be determined based on	members
place of service	diagnosed with
• Up to \$200 reimbursement for	diabetes. For
eyeglasses (lenses and	further detail, please
frames) or contact lenses	go to the "Help with
every year.	Certain Chronic

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 272 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

	What you must pay
	when you get these
Services that are covered for you	I services
	Conditions" row in
	the Medical Benefits
	Chart above.
Welcome to Medicare	
preventive visit	
The plan covers the one-time	There is no
Welcome to Medicare preventive	coinsurance,
visit. The visit includes a review of	copayment, or
your health, as well as education	deductible for the
and counseling about the	Welcome to
preventive services you need	Medicare preventive
(including certain screenings and	visit.
shots), and referrals for other care	
if needed.	

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 273 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay

when you get these

Services that are covered for you services

Important: We cover the

Welcome to Medicare preventive

visit only within the first 12 months

you have Medicare Part B. When

you make your appointment, let

your doctor's office know you

would like to schedule your

Welcome to Medicare preventive

visit.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 274 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

SECTION 3 What services are not covered by the plan?

Section 3.1 Services we do not cover (exclusions)

This section tells you what services are excluded from Medicare coverage and therefore, are not covered by this plan.

The chart below lists services and items that either are not covered under any condition or are covered only under specific conditions.

If you get services that are excluded (not covered), you must pay for them yourself except under the specific conditions listed below. Even if you receive the excluded services at an emergency facility, the excluded services are still not covered, and our plan will not pay for them. The only exception is if the service is appealed and 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 275 Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

decided upon appeal to be a medical service that we should have paid for or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a medical service, go to

Chapter 9, Section 5.3 in this document.)

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Acupuncture		 Available for people with chronic low back pain under certain circumstances.
Cosmetic surgery or procedures		 Covered in cases of an accidental injury or for

Services not	Not covered		
covered by	under any	Co	overed only under
Medicare	condition	sp	ecific conditions
			improvement of
			the functioning of
			a malformed
			body member.
		•	Covered for all
			stages of
			reconstruction for
			a breast after a
			mastectomy, as
			well as for the
			unaffected breast
			to produce a
			symmetrical
			appearance.

Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what

you pay)

Services not	Not covered	
covered by Medicare	under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Medicare Custodial care Custodial care is personal care that does not require the continuing attention of trained medical or paramedical personnel, such as care that helps you with activities of daily living, such as	Condition Not covered under any condition	specific conditions
bathing or dressing.		
Experimental medical and		 May be covered by Original

Services not	Not covered	
covered by	under any	Covered only under
Medicare	condition	specific conditions
surgical		Medicare under a
procedures,		Medicare
equipment, and		-approved clinical
medications.		research study or
Experimental		by our plan.
procedures and		(See Chapter 3,
items are those		Section 5 for more
items and		information on
procedures		clinical research
determined by		studies.)
Original Medicare		
to not be generally		
accepted by the		
medical community.		

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Fees charged for care by your immediate relatives or members of your household.	Not covered under any condition	
Full-time nursing care in your home.	Not covered under any condition	
Home-delivered meals	Not covered under any condition	
Homemaker services include basic household	Not covered under any condition	

Services not	Not covered	
covered by	under any	Covered only under
Medicare	condition	specific conditions
assistance,		
including light		
housekeeping or		
light meal		
preparation.		
Naturopath	Not covered	
services (uses	under any	
natural or	condition	
alternative		
treatments).		
Non-routine dental		Dental care
care		required to treat
		illness or injury
		may be covered

Services not	Not covered	
covered by	under any	Covered only under
Medicare	condition	specific conditions
		as inpatient or
		outpatient care.
Orthopedic shoes		 Shoes that are
or supportive		part of a leg
devices for the feet		brace and are
		included in the
		cost of the brace.
		Orthopedic or
		therapeutic
		shoes for people
		with diabetic foot
		disease.

Services not	Not covered	
covered by	under any	Covered only under
Medicare	condition	specific conditions
Personal items in	Not covered	
your room at a	under any	
hospital or a skilled	condition	
nursing facility,		
such as a		
telephone or a		
television.		
Private room in a		Covered only
hospital.		when medically
		necessary.
Reversal of	Not covered	
sterilization	under any	
procedures and or	condition	
non-prescription		

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Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
contraceptive supplies.		
Routine chiropractic care		 Manual manipulation of the spine to correct a subluxation is covered.
Routine dental care, such as cleanings, fillings, or dentures.		 The plan has a supplemental benefit that offers the CHP Choice Card that can be used to help

Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

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Services not	Not covered	
covered by	under any	Covered only under
Medicare	condition	specific conditions
		cover the cost for
		routine dental
		care.
Routine eye		• Eye exam and
examinations,		one pair of
eyeglasses, radial		eyeglasses
keratotomy, LASIK		(or contact
surgery, and other		lenses) are
low vision aids.		covered for
		people after
		cataract surgery
		per lifetime.
Routine foot care		Some limited
		coverage

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Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Services not	Not covered	
covered by	under any	Covered only under
Medicare	condition	specific conditions
		provided
		according to
		Medicare
		guidelines
		(e.g., if you have
		diabetes).
Routine hearing		• The plan has a
exams, hearing		supplemental
aids, or exams to fit		benefit that offers
hearing aids.		the CHP Choice
		Card that can be
		used to help
		cover the cost for
		routine vision
		care.

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Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what

you pay)

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to Original Medicare standards	Not covered under any condition	

CHAPTER 5:

Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

SECTION 1 Introduction

This chapter explains rules for using your coverage for

Part D drugs. Please see Chapter 4 for Medicare Part B drug benefits and hospice drug benefits.

Section 1.1 Basic rules for the plan's Part D drug coverage

The plan will generally cover your drugs as long as you follow these basic rules:

- You must have a provider (a doctor, dentist, or other prescriber) write you a prescription which must be valid under applicable state law.
- Your prescriber must not be on Medicare's Exclusion or Preclusion Lists.
- You generally must use a network pharmacy to fill your prescription. (See Section 2, *Fill your*

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prescriptions at a network pharmacy or through the plan's mail-order service).

- Your drug must be on the plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary) (we call it the "Drug List" for short). (See Section 3, Your drugs need to be on the plan's "Drug List").
- Your drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. A medically accepted indication is a use of the drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain references. (See Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.)

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SECTION 2 Fill your prescription at a network pharmacy or through the plan's mail-order service

Section 2.1 Use a network pharmacy

In most cases, your prescriptions are covered *only* if they are filled at the plan's network pharmacies. (See Section 2.5 for information about when we would cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies.)

A network pharmacy is a pharmacy that has a contract with the plan to provide your covered prescription drugs. The term covered drugs means all of the Part D prescription drugs that are on the plan's "Drug List."

Section 2.2 Network pharmacies

How do you find a network pharmacy in your area?

To find a network pharmacy, you can look in your *Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website (<u>www.capitalhealth.com/Medicare</u>), and/or call Member Services.

You may go to any of our network pharmacies.

What if the pharmacy you have been using leaves the network?

If the pharmacy you have been using leaves the plan's network, you will have to find a new pharmacy that is in the network. To find another pharmacy in your area, you can get help from Member Services or use the *Pharmacy Directory*. You can also find information on our website at <u>www.capitalhealth.com/Medicare</u>.

What if you need a specialized pharmacy?

Some prescriptions must be filled at a specialized pharmacy. Specialized pharmacies include:

- Pharmacies that supply drugs for home infusion therapy.
- Pharmacies that supply drugs for residents of a long-term care (LTC) facility. Usually, a LTC facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy. If you have any difficulty accessing your Part D benefits in an LTC facility, please contact Member Services.
- Pharmacies that serve the Indian Health Service / Tribal / Urban Indian Health Program (not available in Puerto Rico). Except in emergencies, only Native Americans or Alaska Natives have access to these pharmacies in our network.

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 Pharmacies that dispense drugs that are restricted by the FDA to certain locations or that require special handling, provider coordination, or education on their use. (Note: This scenario should happen rarely.)

To locate a specialized pharmacy, look in your *Pharmacy Directory* or call Member Services.

Section 2.3 Using the plan's mail-order service

For certain kinds of drugs, you can use the plan's network mail-order service. Generally, the drugs provided through mail-order are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition. These drugs are marked as **mail-order drugs** in our "Drug List." 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 294 Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

Our plan's mail-order service allows you to order **up to a 90-day supply**. Our plan also has cost savings and allows for up to a 100-day supply for drugs listed under Tier 6.

To get information about filling your prescriptions by mail call Member Services.

Usually, a mail-order pharmacy order will be delivered to you in no more than 7 days. If your order does not reach you within 7 days, you may call Member Services. Member Services will help you decide whether to wait for the medication, cancel the mail order, or fill the prescription at a local pharmacy.

New prescriptions the pharmacy receives directly from your doctor's office. After the pharmacy receives a prescription from a health care provider, it will contact you to see if you want the medication filled immediately or at a later time. It is important that you respond each time you are contacted by the pharmacy, 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 295 Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

to let them know whether to ship, delay, or stop the new prescription.

Refills on mail-order prescriptions. For refills, please contact your pharmacy 10 to 20 days before your current prescription will run out to make sure your next order is shipped to you in time.

Section 2.4 How can you get a long-term supply of drugs?

When you get a long-term supply of drugs, your cost sharing may be lower. The plan offers two ways to get a long-term supply (also called an extended supply) of maintenance drugs on our plan's "Drug List." (Maintenance drugs are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition.)

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drugs			

- Some retail pharmacies in our network allow you to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs at the mail-order cost-sharing amount. Your *Pharmacy Directory* tells you which pharmacies in our network can give you a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. You can also call Member Services for more information.
- You may also receive maintenance drugs through our mail-order program. Please see Section 2.3 for more information.

Section 2.5 When can you use a pharmacy that is not in the plan's network?

Your prescription may be covered in certain situations

Generally, we cover drugs filled at an out-of-network pharmacy *only* when you are not able to use a network pharmacy. To help you, we have network pharmacies 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 297 Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

outside of our service area where you can get your prescriptions filled as a member of our plan. **Please check first with Member Services** to see if there is a network pharmacy nearby. You will most likely be required to pay the difference between what you pay for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the cost that we would cover at an in-network pharmacy.

Here are the circumstances when we would cover prescriptions filled at an out-of-network pharmacy:

 We will cover prescriptions that are filled at an out-of-network pharmacy if the prescriptions are related to care for a medical emergency or urgently needed services. Prescriptions filled at an out-of-network pharmacy are limited to a 30-day supply. How do you ask for reimbursement from the plan?

If you must use an out-of-network pharmacy, you will generally have to pay the full cost (rather than your normal cost share) at the time you fill your prescription. You can ask us to reimburse you for our share of the cost. (Chapter 7. Section 2 explains how to ask the plan to pay

(Chapter 7, Section 2 explains how to ask the plan to pay you back.)

SECTION 3 Your drugs need to be on the plan's "Drug List"

Section 3.1 The "Drug List" tells which Part D drugs are covered

The plan has a *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary).* In this *Evidence of Coverage,* **we call it the "Drug List" for short**.

The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list meets

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Medicare's requirements and has been approved by Medicare.

The drugs on the "Drug List" are only those covered under Medicare Part D.

We will generally cover a drug on the plan's "Drug List" as long as you follow the other coverage rules explained in this chapter and the use of the drug is a medically accepted indication. A medically accepted indication is a use of the drug that is *either*:

- Approved by the Food and Drug Administration for the diagnosis or condition for which it is being prescribed.
- -- or -- Supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the DRUGDEX Information System.

The "Drug List" includes brand name drugs and generic drugs.

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A brand name drug is a prescription drug that is sold under a trademarked name owned by the drug manufacturer. Brand name drugs that are more complex than typical drugs (for example, drugs that are based on a protein) are called biological products. On the "Drug List," when we refer to drugs, this could mean a drug or a biological product.

A generic drug is a prescription drug that has the same active ingredients as the brand name drug. Generally, generics work just as well as the brand name drug and usually cost less. There are generic drug substitutes available for many brand name drugs.

What is not on the "Drug List?"

The plan does not cover all prescription drugs.

- In some cases, the law does not allow any Medicare plan to cover certain types of drugs (for more information about this, see Section 7.1 in this chapter).
- In other cases, we have decided not to include a particular drug on the "Drug List." In some cases, you may be able to obtain a drug that is not on the "Drug List." For more information, please see Chapter 9.

Section 3.2 There are 6 cost-sharing tiers for drugs on the "Drug List"

Every drug on the plan's "Drug List" is in one of 6 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug:

- Cost Sharing Tier 1 includes Preferred Generic Drugs. This is the lowest cost-sharing tier.
- Cost Sharing Tier 2 includes Generic Drugs.

- Cost Sharing Tier 3 includes insulin, Preferred Brand Drugs, and Generic Drugs.
- Cost Sharing Tier 4 includes insulin, Non-Preferred Brand Drugs, and Generic Drugs.
- Cost Sharing Tier 5 includes Specialty Drugs which can be generic or brand drugs. This is the highest cost-sharing tier.
- Cost Sharing Tier 6 includes Select Care Drugs and Select Care Generic Drugs.

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in the plan's "Drug List."

The amount you pay for drugs in each cost-sharing tier is shown in Chapter 6 (*What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs*).

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Section 3.3 How can you find out if a specific drug is on the "Drug List?"

You have four ways to find out:

- 1. Check the most recent "Drug List" if we sent you one in the mail.
- Visit the plan's website (<u>www.capitalhealth.com/Medicare</u>). The "Drug List" on the website is always the most current.
- 3. Call Member Services to find out if a particular drug is on the plan's "Drug List" or to ask for a copy of the list.
- 4. Use the plan's "Real-Time Benefit Tool"

 (www.myprime.com) or by calling Member Services).
 With this tool you can search for drugs on the
 "Drug List" to see an estimate of what you will pay and if there are alternative drugs on the "Drug List" that could treat the same condition.

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SECTION 4 There are restrictions on coverage for some drugs

Section 4.1 Why do some drugs have restrictions?

For certain prescription drugs, special rules restrict how and when the plan covers them. A team of doctors and pharmacists developed these rules to encourage you and your provider to use drugs in the most effective ways. To find out if any of these restrictions apply to a drug you take or want to take, check the "Drug List."

If a safe, lower-cost drug will work just as well medically as a higher-cost drug, the plan's rules are designed to encourage you and your provider to use that lower-cost option.

Please note that sometimes a drug may appear more than once on our "Drug List." This is because the same drugs 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 305 Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

can differ based on the strength, amount, or form of the drug prescribed by your health care provider, and different restrictions or cost sharing may apply to the different versions of the drug (for instance, 10 mg versus 100 mg; one per day versus two per day; tablet versus liquid).

Section 4.2 What kinds of restrictions?

The sections below tell you more about the types of restrictions we use for certain drugs.

If there is a restriction for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider will have to take extra steps in order for us to cover the drug. Contact Member Services to learn what you or your provider would need to do to get coverage for the drug. If you want us to waive the restriction for you, you will need to use the coverage decision process and ask us to make an exception. We may or may not agree to waive the restriction for you. (See Chapter 9)

Restricting brand name drugs when a generic version is available

Generally, a **generic** drug works the same as a brand name drug and usually costs less. **In most cases, when a generic version of a brand name drug is available, our network pharmacies will provide you the generic version instead of the brand name drug**. However, if your provider has told us the medical reason that neither the generic drug nor other covered drugs that treat the same condition will work for you, then we will cover the brand name drug. (Your share of the cost may be greater for the brand name drug than for the generic drug.)

Getting plan approval in advance

For certain drugs, you or your provider need to get approval from the plan before we will agree to cover the drug for you. This is called **prior authorization**. This is put in place to ensure medication safety and help guide appropriate use of certain drugs. If you do not get this approval, your drug might not be covered by the plan.

Trying a different drug first

This requirement encourages you to try less costly but usually just as effective drugs before the plan covers another drug. For example, if Drug A and Drug B treat the same medical condition, the plan may require you to try Drug A first. If Drug A does not work for you, the plan will then cover Drug B. This requirement to try a different drug first is called **step therapy**.

Quantity limits

For certain drugs, we limit how much of a drug you can get each time you fill your prescription. For example, if it is normally considered safe to take only one pill per day for a certain drug, we may limit coverage for your prescription to no more than one pill per day. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 308 Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

SECTION 5 What if one of your drugs is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered?

Section 5.1 There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered

There are situations where there is a prescription drug you are taking, or one that you and your provider think you should be taking that is not on our formulary or is on our formulary with restrictions. For example:

- The drug might not be covered at all. Or maybe a generic version of the drug is covered but the brand name version you want to take is not covered.
- The drug is covered, but there are extra rules or restrictions on coverage for that drug, as explained in Section 4.

- The drug is covered, but it is in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost sharing more expensive than you think it should be.
- There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way that you'd like it to be covered. If your drug is not on the "Drug List" or if your drug is restricted, go to Section 5.2 to learn what you can do.
- If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost more expensive than you think it should be, go to Section 5.3 to learn what you can do.

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Section 5.2 What can you do if your drug is not on the "Drug List" or if the drug is restricted in some way?

If your drug is not on the "Drug List" or is restricted, here are options:

- You may be able to get a temporary supply of the drug.
- You can change to another drug.
- You can request an exception and ask the plan to cover the drug or remove restrictions from the drug.

You may be able to get a temporary supply

Under certain circumstances, the plan must provide a temporary supply of a drug that you are already taking. This temporary supply gives you time to talk with your provider about the change in coverage and decide what to do. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 311 Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

To be eligible for a temporary supply, the drug you have been taking **must no longer be on the plan's** "**Drug List**" OR **is now restricted in some way**.

- If you are a new member, we will cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first
 90 days of your membership in the plan.
- If you were in the plan last year, we will cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first
 90 days of the calendar year.
- This temporary supply will be for a maximum of a 90-day supply. If your prescription is written for fewer days, we will allow multiple fills to provide up to a maximum of a 90-day supply of medication. The prescription must be filled at a network pharmacy. (Please note that the long-term care pharmacy may provide the drug in smaller amounts at a time to prevent waste.)

- For those members who have been in the plan for more than 90 days and reside in a long-term care facility and need a supply right away:
 We will cover one 31-day emergency supply of a particular drug, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. This is in addition to the above temporary supply.
- If you are a resident of a long-term care facility, we will allow you to refill your prescription until we have provided you with a 98-day transition supply, consistent with dispensing increment (unless you have a prescription written for fewer days). We will cover more than one refill of these drugs for the first 90 days you are a member of our plan. If you need a drug that is not on our formulary or if your ability to get your drugs is limited, but you are past the first 90 days of membership in our plan, we will cover a 31-day emergency supply of that drug (unless you have a prescription for fewer days) while you pursue

a formulary exception. Per our formulary language, members will get a refill upon admission or discharge to prevent gaps in care if the drug is not on our formulary at the time of admission or discharge to or from an LTD.

 You may have changes that take you from one level of care setting to another. During this level of care change, drugs may be prescribed that are not covered by your plan. If this happens, you and your doctor must use your plan's coverage determination request process. To prevent a gap in care when you are discharged, you may get a full outpatient supply that will allow therapy to continue once the limited discharge supply is gone. This outpatient supply is available before discharge from a Medicare Part A stay. When you are admitted to or discharged from an LTC setting, you may not have access to the drugs you were previously given. However, you may get a refill upon admission or discharge.

For questions about a temporary supply, call Member Services.

During the time when you are using a temporary supply of a drug, you should talk with your provider to decide what to do when your temporary supply runs out. You have two options:

1) You can change to another drug

Talk with your provider about whether there is a different drug covered by the plan that may work just as well for you. You can call Member Services to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you.

2) You can ask for an exception

You and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception and cover the drug in the way you would like it covered. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception. For example, you can ask the plan to cover a drug even though it is not on the plan's "Drug List." Or you can ask the plan to make an exception and cover the drug without restrictions.

If you are a current member and a drug you are taking will be removed from the formulary or restricted in some way for next year, we will tell you about any change prior to the new year. You can ask for an exception before next year and we will give you an answer within 72 hours after we receive your request (or your prescriber's supporting statement). If we approve your request, we will authorize the coverage before the change takes effect. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 316 Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells you what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines that have been set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

Section 5.3 What can you do if your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high?

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, here are things you can do:

You can change to another drug

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, talk to your provider. There may be a different drug in a lower cost-sharing tier that might work just as well for you. Call Member Services to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you.

You can ask for an exception

You and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception in the cost-sharing tier for the drug so that you pay less for it. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception to the rule.

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines that have been set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

Drugs in our Specialty Tier, Tier 5 are not eligible for this type of exception. We do not lower the cost-sharing amount for drugs in this tier. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 318 Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

SECTION 6 What if your coverage changes for one of your drugs?

Section 6.1 The "Drug List" can change during the year

Most of the changes in drug coverage happen at the beginning of each year (January 1). However, during the year, the plan can make some changes to the "Drug List." For example, the plan might:

- Add or remove drugs from the "Drug List."
- Move a drug to a higher or lower cost-sharing tier.
- Add or remove a restriction on coverage for a drug.
- Replace a brand name drug with a generic version of the drug.

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We must follow Medicare requirements before we change

the plan's "Drug List."

Section 6.2 What happens if coverage changes for a drug you are taking?

Information on changes to drug coverage

When changes to the "Drug List" occur, we post information on our website about those changes. We also update our online "Drug List" on a regularly scheduled basis. Below we point out the times that you would get direct notice if changes are made to a drug that you are taking. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 320 Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

Changes to your drug coverage that affect you during the current plan year

- A new generic drug replaces a brand name drug on the "Drug List" (or we change the cost-sharing tier or add new restrictions to the brand name drug or both)
 - We may immediately remove a brand name drug on our "Drug List" if we are replacing it with a newly approved generic version of the same drug. The generic drug will appear on the same or lower cost-sharing tier and with the same or fewer restrictions. We may decide to keep the brand name drug on our "Drug List," but immediately move it to a higher cost-sharing tier or add new restrictions or both when the new generic is added.

- We may not tell you in advance before we make that change—even if you are currently taking the brand name drug. If you are taking the brand name drug at the time we make the change, we will provide you with information about the specific change(s). This will also include information on the steps you may take to request an exception to cover the brand name drug. You may not get this notice before we make the change.
- You or your prescriber can ask us to make an exception and continue to cover the brand name drug for you. For information on how to ask for an exception, see Chapter 9.
- Unsafe drugs and other drugs on the "Drug List" that are withdrawn from the market
 - Sometimes a drug may be deemed unsafe or taken off the market for another reason. If this

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drugs

happens, we may immediately remove the drug from the "Drug List." If you are taking that drug, we will tell you right away.

Your prescriber will also know about this
 change and can work with you to find another
 drug for your condition.

• Other changes to drugs on the "Drug List"

 We may make other changes once the year has started that affect drugs you are taking. For example, we might add a generic drug that is not new to the market to replace a brand name drug on the "Drug List" or change the cost-sharing tier or add new restrictions to the brand name drug or both. We also might make changes based on FDA boxed warnings or new clinical guidelines recognized by Medicare.

-	drugs
0	For these changes, we must give you at least
	30 days' advance notice of the change or give
	you notice of the change and a 30-day refill of
	the drug you are taking at a network pharmacy.
0	After you receive notice of the change, you
	should work with your prescriber to switch to a
	different drug that we cover or to satisfy any
	new restrictions on the drug you are taking.
0	You or your prescriber can ask us to make an
	exception and continue to cover the drug for
	you. For information on how to ask for an

Changes to the "Drug List" that do not affect you during this plan year

exception, see Chapter 9.

We may make certain changes to the "Drug List" that are not described above. In these cases, the change will not apply to you if you are taking the drug when the change is made; however, these changes will likely affect you starting January 1 of the next plan year if you stay in the same plan.

In general, changes that will not affect you during the current plan year are:

- We move your drug into a higher cost-sharing tier.
- We put a new restriction on the use of your drug.
- We remove your drug from the "Drug List."

If any of these changes happen for a drug you are taking (except for market withdrawal, a generic drug replacing a brand name drug, or other change noted in the sections above), then the change won't affect your use or what you pay as your share of the cost until January 1 of the next year. Until that date, you probably won't see any increase in your payments or any added restrictions to your use of the drug.

We will not tell you about these types of changes directly during the current plan year. You will need to check the 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 325 Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

"Drug List" for the next plan year (when the list is available during the open enrollment period) to see if there are any changes to the drugs you are taking that will impact you during the next plan year.

SECTION 7 What types of drugs are not covered by the plan?

Section 7.1 Types of drugs we do not cover

This section tells you what kinds of prescription drugs are excluded. This means Medicare does not pay for these drugs.

If you get drugs that are excluded, you must pay for them yourself. If you appeal and the requested drug is found not to be excluded under Part D, we will pay for or cover it. (For information about appealing a decision, go to Chapter 9.) 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 326 Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

Here are three general rules about drugs that Medicare drug plans will not cover under Part D:

- Our plan's Part D drug coverage cannot cover a drug that would be covered under Medicare Part A or Part B.
- Our plan cannot cover a drug purchased outside the United States or its territories.
- Our plan usually cannot cover off-label use.
 Off-label use is any use of the drug other than those indicated on a drug's label as approved by the Food and Drug Administration.
- Coverage for off-label use is allowed only when the use is supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the DRUGDEX Information System.

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In addition, by law, the following categories of drugs are not covered by Medicare drug plans:

- Non-prescription drugs (also called over-the-counter drugs)
- Drugs used to promote fertility
- Drugs used for the relief of cough or cold symptoms
- Drugs used for cosmetic purposes or to promote hair growth
- Prescription vitamins and mineral products, except prenatal vitamins and fluoride preparations
- Drugs used for the treatment of sexual or erectile dysfunction
- Drugs used for treatment of anorexia, weight loss, or weight gain
- Outpatient drugs for which the manufacturer seeks to require that associated tests or monitoring services be purchased exclusively from the manufacturer as a condition of sale

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If you are receiving "Extra Help" to pay for your prescriptions, the "Extra Help" program will not pay for the drugs not normally covered. However, if you have drug coverage through Medicaid, your state Medicaid program may cover some prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare drug plan. Please contact your state Medicaid program to determine what drug coverage may be available to you. (You can find phone numbers and contact information for Medicaid in Chapter 2, Section 6.)

SECTION 8 Filling a prescription

Section 8.1 Provide your membership information

To fill your prescription, provide your plan membership information, which can be found on your membership card, at the network pharmacy you choose. The network pharmacy will automatically bill the plan for *our* share of 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 329 Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

your drug cost. You will need to pay the pharmacy your

share of the cost when you pick up your prescription.

Section 8.2 What if you don't have your membership information with you?

If you don't have your plan membership information with you when you fill your prescription, you or the pharmacy can call the plan to get the necessary information, or you can ask the pharmacy to look up your plan enrollment information.

If the pharmacy is not able to get the necessary information, **you may have to pay the full cost of the prescription when you pick it up.** (You can then **ask us to reimburse you** for our share. See Chapter 7, Section 2 for information about how to ask the plan for reimbursement.) 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 330 Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

SECTION 9 Part D drug coverage in special situations

Section 9.1 What if you're in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility for a stay that is covered by the plan?

If you are admitted to a hospital or to a skilled nursing facility for a stay covered by the plan, we will generally cover the cost of your prescription drugs during your stay. Once you leave the hospital or skilled nursing facility, the plan will cover your prescription drugs as long as the drugs meet all of our rules for coverage described in this Chapter.

Section 9.2 What if you're a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility?

Usually, a long-term care (LTC) facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy or uses a pharmacy that supplies drugs for all of its residents. If you are a resident of an LTC facility, you may get your prescription drugs through the facility's pharmacy or the one it uses, as long as it is part of our network.

Check your *Pharmacy Directory* to find out if your LTC facility's pharmacy or the one that it uses is part of our network. If it isn't, or if you need more information or assistance, please contact Member Services. If you are in an LTC facility, we must ensure that you are able to routinely receive your Part D benefits through our network of LTC pharmacies. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 332 Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

What if you're a resident in a long-term care (LTC)

facility and need a drug that is not on our "Drug List"

or is restricted in some way?

Please refer to Section 5.2 about a temporary or

emergency supply.

Section 9.3 What if you're also getting drug coverage from an employer or retiree group plan?

If you currently have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group, please contact **that group's benefits administrator**. He or she can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with our plan.

In general, if you have employee or retiree group coverage, the drug coverage you get from us will be 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 333 Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

secondary to your group coverage. That means your group coverage would pay first.

Special note about creditable coverage:

Each year your employer or retiree group should send you a notice that tells if your prescription drug coverage for the next calendar year is creditable.

If the coverage from the group plan is creditable, it means that the plan has drug coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.

Keep this notice about creditable coverage because you may need it later. If you enroll in a Medicare plan that includes Part D drug coverage, you may need these notices to show that you have maintained creditable coverage. If you didn't get the creditable coverage notice, request a copy from your employer or retiree plan's benefits administrator or the employer or union.

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Section 9.4 What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice?

Hospice and our plan do not cover the same drug at the same time. If you are enrolled in Medicare hospice and require certain drugs (e.g., anti-nausea drugs, laxatives, pain medication or anti-anxiety drugs) that are not covered by your hospice because it is unrelated to your terminal illness and related conditions, our plan must receive notification from either the prescriber or your hospice provider that the drug is unrelated before our plan can cover the drug. To prevent delays in receiving these drugs that should be covered by our plan, ask your hospice provider or prescriber to provide notification before your prescription is filled.

In the event you either revoke your hospice election or are discharged from hospice, our plan should cover your drugs as explained in this document. To prevent any delays at a pharmacy when your Medicare hospice benefit 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 335 Chapter 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

ends, bring documentation to the pharmacy to verify your revocation or discharge.

SECTION 10 Programs on drug safety and managing medications

Section 10.1 Programs to help members use drugs safely

We conduct drug use reviews for our members to help make sure that they are getting safe and appropriate care.

We do a review each time you fill a prescription. We also review our records on a regular basis. During these reviews, we look for potential problems such as:

- Possible medication errors
- Drugs that may not be necessary because you are taking another drug to treat the same condition
- Drugs that may not be safe or appropriate because of your age or gender

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- drugs
- Certain combinations of drugs that could harm you if taken at the same time
- Prescriptions for drugs that have ingredients you are allergic to
- Possible errors in the amount (dosage) of a drug you are taking
- Unsafe amounts of opioid pain medications

If we see a possible problem in your use of medications, we will work with your provider to correct the problem.

Section 10.2 Drug Management Program (DMP) to help members safely use their opioid medications

We have a program that helps make sure members safely use prescription opioids and other frequently abused medications. This program is called a Drug Management Program (DMP). If you use opioid medications that you get from several doctors or pharmacies, or if you had a recent

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opioid overdose, we may talk to your doctors to make sure your use of opioid medications is appropriate and medically necessary. Working with your doctors, if we decide your use of prescription opioid or benzodiazepine medications may not be safe, we may limit how you can get those medications. If we place you in our DMP, the limitations may be:

- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain pharmacy(ies)
- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain doctor(s)
- Limiting the amount of opioid or benzodiazepine medications we will cover for you

If we plan on limiting how you may get these medications or how much you can get, we will send you a letter in advance. The letter will tell you if we will limit coverage of

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these drugs for you, or if you'll be required to get the prescriptions for these drugs only from a specific doctor or pharmacy. You will have an opportunity to tell us which doctors or pharmacies you prefer to use, and about any other information you think is important for us to know. After you've had the opportunity to respond, if we decide to limit your coverage for these medications, we will send you another letter confirming the limitation. If you think we made a mistake or you disagree with our decision or with the limitation, you and your prescriber have the right to appeal. If you appeal, we will review your case and give you a new decision. If we continue to deny any part of your request related to the limitations that apply to your access to medications, we will automatically send your case to an independent reviewer outside of our plan. See Chapter 9 for information about how to ask for an appeal.

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You will not be placed in our DMP if you have certain medical conditions, such as active cancer-related pain or sickle cell disease, you are receiving hospice, palliative, or end-of-life care, or live in a long-term care facility.

Section 10.3 Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program to help members manage their medications

We have a program that can help our members with complex health needs. Our program is called a Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program. This program is voluntary and free. A team of pharmacists and doctors developed the program for us to help make sure that our members get the most benefit from the drugs they take.

Some members who take medications for different medical conditions and have high drug costs or are in a DMP to help members use their opioids safely, may be able to get

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services through an MTM program. If you qualify for the program, a pharmacist or other health professional will give you a comprehensive review of all your medications. During the review, you can talk about your medications, your costs, and any problems or questions you have about your prescription and over-the-counter medications. You'll get a written summary which has a recommended to-do list that includes steps you should take to get the best results from your medications. You'll also get a medication list that will include all the medications you're taking, how much you take, and when and why you take them. In addition, members in the MTM program will receive information on the safe disposal of prescription medications that are controlled substances.

It's a good idea to talk to your doctor about your recommended to-do list and medication list. Bring the summary with you to your visit or anytime you talk with your doctors, pharmacists, and other health care

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providers. Also, keep your medication list up to date and with you (for example, with your ID) in case you go to the hospital or emergency room.

If we have a program that fits your needs, we will automatically enroll you in the program and send you information. If you decide not to participate, please notify us and we will withdraw you. If you have any questions about this program, please contact Member Services.

CHAPTER 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

Are you currently getting help to pay for your drugs?

If you are in a program that helps pay for your drugs, some information in this Evidence of Coverage about the costs for Part D prescription drugs may not apply to you. We sent you a separate insert, called the Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get "Extra Help" Paying for Prescription Drugs (also known as the Low-Income Subsidy Rider or the LIS Rider), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, please call Member Services, and ask for the LIS Rider.

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1 Use this chapter together with other materials that explain your drug coverage

This chapter focuses on what you pay for Part D prescription drugs. To keep things simple, we use "drug" in this chapter to mean a Part D prescription drug. As explained in Chapter 5, not all drugs are Part D drugs – some drugs are covered under Medicare Part A or Part B and other drugs are excluded from Medicare coverage by law.

To understand the payment information, you need to know what drugs are covered, where to fill your prescriptions, and what rules to follow when you get your covered drugs. Chapter 5, Sections 1 through 4 explain these rules. When you use the plan's "Real-Time Benefit Tool" to look up drug coverage (see Chapter 5, Section 3.3), the cost shown is provided in "real time" meaning the cost you see in the tool 2024 Evidence of Coverage for
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reflects a moment in time to provide an estimate of the out-of-pocket costs you are expected to pay. You can also obtain information provided by the "Real-Time Benefit Tool" by calling Member Services.

Section 1.2 Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for covered drugs

There are different types of out-of-pocket costs for Part D drugs. The amount that you pay for a drug is called **cost sharing** and there are three ways you may be asked to pay.

- **Deductible** is the amount you pay for drugs before our plan begins to pay its share.
- **Copayment** is a fixed amount you pay each time you fill a prescription.
- **Coinsurance** is a percentage of the total cost you pay each time you fill a prescription.

Section 1.3 How Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs

Medicare has rules about what counts and what does *not* count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Here are the rules we must follow to keep track of your out-of-pocket costs.

These payments are included in your out-of-pocket costs

<u>Your out-of-pocket costs include</u> the payments listed below (as long as they are for Part D covered drugs, and you followed the rules for drug coverage that are explained in Chapter 5):

- The amount you pay for drugs when you are in any of the following drug payment stages:
 - The Initial Coverage Stage
 - The Coverage Gap Stage

 Any payments you made during this calendar year as a member of a different Medicare prescription drug plan before you joined our plan.

It matters who pays:

- If you make these payments **yourself**, they are included in your out-of-pocket costs.
- These payments are *also included* in your out-of-pocket costs if they are made on your behalf by certain other individuals or organizations. This includes payments for your drugs made by a friend or relative, by most charities, by AIDS drug assistance programs, or by the Indian Health Service. Payments made by Medicare's "Extra Help" Program are also included.
- Some payments made by the Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program are included in your out-of-pocket costs. The amount the manufacturer pays for your brand name drugs is included. But the

amount the plan pays for your generic drugs is not included.

Moving on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage:

When you (or those paying on your behalf) have spent a total of \$8,000 in out-of-pocket costs within the calendar year, you will move from the Coverage Gap Stage to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

These payments <u>are not included</u> in your out-of-pocket costs

Your out-of-pocket costs **do not include** any of these types of payments:

- Your monthly premium.
- Drugs you buy outside the United States and its territories.
- Drugs that are not covered by our plan.

- Drugs you get at an out-of-network pharmacy that do not meet the plan's requirements for out-of-network coverage.
- Non-Part D drugs, including prescription drugs covered by Part A or Part B and other drugs excluded from coverage by Medicare.
- Payments you make toward prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan.
- Payments made by the plan for your brand or generic drugs while in the Coverage Gap.
- Payments for your drugs that are made by group health plans including employer health plans.
- Payments for your drugs that are made by certain insurance plans and government-funded health programs such as TRICARE and the Veterans Affairs.

 Payments for your drugs made by a third-party with a legal obligation to pay for prescription costs (for example, Workers' Compensation).

Reminder: If any other organization such as the ones listed above pays part or all of your out-of-pocket costs for drugs, you are required to tell our plan by calling Member Services.

How can you keep track of your out-of-pocket total?

 We will help you. The Part D Explanation of Benefits (EOB) report you receive includes the current amount of your out-of-pocket costs. When this amount reaches \$8,000, this report will tell you that you have left the Coverage Gap Stage and have moved on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

• Make sure we have the information we need.

Section 3.2 tells what you can do to help make sure that our records of what you have spent are complete and up to date.

SECTION 2	What you pay for a drug
	depends on which drug
	payment stage you are in
	when you get the drug

Section 2.1	What are the drug payment
	stages for Capital Health
	Plan Advantage Plus
	members?

There are four **drug payment stages** for your prescription drug coverage under Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus. How much you pay depends on what stage you are in when you get a prescription filled or refilled. Details of

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each stage are in Sections 4 through 7 of this chapter.

The stages are:

Stage 1: Yearly Deductible Stage Stage 2: Initial Coverage Stage Stage 3: Coverage Gap Stage Stage 4: Catastrophic Coverage Stage

SECTION 3	We send you reports that
	explain payments for your
	drugs and which payment
	stage you are in

Section 3.1 We send you a monthly summary called the *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (the Part D EOB)

Our plan keeps track of the costs of your prescription drugs and the payments you have made when you get your prescriptions filled or refilled at the pharmacy. This way, we can tell you when you have moved from one drug payment stage to the next. In particular, there are two types of costs we keep track of:

- We keep track of how much you have paid. This is called your **Out-of-Pocket Costs**.
- We keep track of your Total Drug Costs. This is the amount you pay out-of-pocket, or others pay on your behalf plus the amount paid by the plan.

If you have had one or more prescriptions filled through the plan during the previous month, we will send you a Part D EOB. The Part D EOB includes:

 Information for that month. This report gives the payment details about the prescriptions you have filled during the previous month. It shows the total drug costs, what the plan paid, and what you and others on your behalf paid.

- Totals for the year since January 1. This is called year-to-date information. It shows the total drug costs and total payments for your drugs since the year began.
- **Drug price information.** This information will display the total drug price, and information about increases in price from first fill for each prescription claim of the same quantity.
- Available lower cost alternative prescriptions. This will include information about other available drugs with lower cost sharing for each prescription claim.

Section 3.2 Help us keep our information about your drug payments up to date

To keep track of your drug costs and the payments you make for drugs, we use records we get from pharmacies.

Here is how you can help us keep your information correct and up to date:

- Show your membership card every time you get a prescription filled. This helps us make sure we know about the prescriptions you are filling and what you are paying.
- Make sure we have the information we need. There are times you may pay for the entire cost of a prescription drug. In these cases, we will not automatically get the information we need to keep track of your out-of-pocket costs. To help us keep track of your out-of-pocket costs, give us copies of your receipts. Here are examples of when you should give us copies of your drug receipts:
 - When you purchase a covered drug at a network pharmacy at a special price or using a discount card that is not part of our plan's benefit.

- When you made a copayment for drugs that are provided under a drug manufacturer patient assistance program.
- Any time you have purchased covered drugs at out-of-network pharmacies or other times you have paid the full price for a covered drug under special circumstances.
- If you are billed for a covered drug, you can ask our plan to pay our share of the cost. For instructions on how to do this, go to Chapter 7, Section 2.
- Send us information about the payments others have made for you. Payments made by certain other individuals and organizations also count toward your out-of-pocket costs. For example, payments made by an AIDS drug assistance program (ADAP), the Indian Health Service, and most charities count toward your out-of-pocket

costs. Keep a record of these payments and send them to us so we can track your costs.

• Check the written report we send you. When you receive the Part D EOB look it over to be sure the information is complete and correct. If you think something is missing or you have any questions, please call us at Member Services. Be sure to keep these reports.

SECTION 4 There is no deductible for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus

There is no deductible for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus. You begin in the Initial Coverage Stage when you fill your first prescription of the year. See Section 5 for information about your coverage in the Initial Coverage Stage.

SECTION 5 During the Initial Coverage Stage, the plan pays its share of your drug costs, and you pay your share

Section 5.1 What you pay for a drug depends on the drug and where you fill your prescription

During the Initial Coverage Stage, the plan pays its share of the cost of your covered prescription drugs, and you pay your share (your copayment or coinsurance amount). Your share of the cost will vary depending on the drug and where you fill your prescription.

The plan has 6 cost-sharing tiers

Every drug on the plan's "Drug List" is in one of 6 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier number, the higher your cost for the drug:

- Cost Sharing Tier 1 includes Preferred Generic Drugs. This is the lowest cost-sharing tier.
- Cost Sharing Tier 2 includes Generic Drugs.
- Cost Sharing Tier 3 includes insulin, Preferred Brand Drugs, and Generic Drugs.
- Cost Sharing Tier 4 includes insulin, Non-Preferred Brand Drugs, and Generic Drugs.
- Cost Sharing Tier 5 includes Specialty Drugs which can be generic or brand drugs. This is the highest cost-sharing tier.
- Cost Sharing Tier 6 includes Select Care Drugs and Select Care Generic Drugs.

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in the plan's "Drug List."

Your pharmacy choices

How much you pay for a drug depends on whether you get the drug from:

- A network retail pharmacy.
- A pharmacy that is not in the plan's network. We cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies in only limited situations. Please see Chapter 5, Section 2.5 to find out when we will cover a prescription filled at an out-of-network pharmacy.
- The plan's mail-order pharmacy.

For more information about these pharmacy choices and filling your prescriptions, see Chapter 5 and the plan's *Pharmacy Directory*.

Section 5.2 A table that shows your costs for a *one-month* supply of a drug

During the Initial Coverage Stage, your share of the cost of a covered drug will be either a copayment or coinsurance.

As shown in the table below, the amount of the copayment or coinsurance depends on the cost-sharing tier.

Sometimes the cost of the drug is lower than your copayment. In these cases, you pay the lower price for the drug instead of the copayment.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs Your share of the cost when you get a one-month supply of a covered

Part D prescription drug:

	Standard	Mail-Order	Long-term	Out-of-network
	retail cost	cost	care (LTC)	cost sharing
	sharing	sharing	cost	(Coverage is
	(in-network)	(up to a	sharing	limited to certain
	(up to a	30-day	(up to a	situations; see
	30-day	supply)	31-day	Chapter 5 for
	supply)		supply)	details.)
				(up to a 30-day
				supply)
Cost-Sharing	\$0 copay	\$0 copay	\$0 copay	\$0 copay
Tier 1				
Preferred Generic				

	Standard	Mail-Order	Long-term	Out-of-network
	retail cost	cost	care (LTC)	cost sharing
	sharing	sharing	cost	(Coverage is
	(in-network)	(up to a	sharing	limited to certain
	(up to a	30-day	(up to a	situations; see
	30-day	supply)	31-day	Chapter 5 for
	(Alddns		supply)	details.)
				(up to a 30-day
				supply)
Cost-Sharing	\$7 copay	\$7 copay	\$7 copay	\$7 copay
Tier 2				
Generic				

	Standard	Mail-Order	Long-term	Out-of-network
	retail cost	cost	care (LTC)	cost sharing
	sharing	sharing	cost	(Coverage is
	(in-network)	(up to a	sharing	limited to certain
	(up to a	30-day	(up to a	situations; see
	30-day	supply)	31-day	Chapter 5 for
	supply)		supply)	details.)
				(up to a 30-day
				supply)
Cost-Sharing	\$45 copay	\$45 copay	\$45 copay	\$45 copay
Tier 3				
Preferred Brand				

Chapter 6 What you pay for	pay for your Pa	r your Part D prescription drugs	n drugs	
	Standard	Mail-Order	Long-term	Out-of-network
	retail cost	cost	care (LTC)	cost sharing
	sharing	sharing	cost	(Coverage is
	(in-network)	(up to a	sharing	limited to certain
	(up to a	30-day	(up to a	situations; see
	30-day	supply)	31-day	Chapter 5 for
	supply)		supply)	details.)
				(up to a 30-day
				supply)
Cost-Sharing	\$95 copay	\$95 copay	\$95 copay	\$95 copay
Tier 4				
Non-Preferred				
Drug				

Chapter 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs	pay for your Pa	rt D prescriptio	n drugs	
	Standard	Mail-Order	Long-term	Out-of-network
	retail cost	cost	care (LTC)	cost sharing
	sharing	sharing	cost	(Coverage is
	(in-network)	(up to a	sharing	limited to certain
	(up to a	30-day	(up to a	situations; see
	30-day	supply)	31-day	Chapter 5 for
	supply)		supply)	details.)
				(up to a 30-day
				supply)
Cost-Sharing	33%	Mail order is	33%	33%
Tier 5	coinsurance	not available	coinsurance	coinsurance
Specialty Tier		for drugs in		
		Tier 5.		

	Standard	Mail-Order	Long-term	Out-of-network
	retail cost	cost	care (LTC)	cost sharing
	sharing	sharing	cost	(Coverage is
	(in-network)	(up to a	sharing	limited to certain
	(up to a	30-day	(up to a	situations; see
	30-day	supply)	31-day	Chapter 5 for
	supply)		supply)	details.)
				(up to a 30-day
				supply)
Cost-Sharing	\$0 copay	\$0 copay	\$0 copay	\$0 copay
Tier 6				
Select Care Drugs	S			

You won't pay more than \$35 for a one-month supply of each covered insulin product regardless of the cost-sharing tier.

Please see Section 8 of this chapter for more information on Part D vaccines cost sharing for Part D vaccines.

Section 5.3 If your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply, you may not have to pay the cost of the entire month's supply

Typically, the amount you pay for a prescription drug covers a full month's supply. There may be times when you or your doctor would like you to have less than a month's supply of a drug (for example, when you are trying a medication for the first time). You can also ask your doctor to prescribe, and your pharmacist to dispense, less than a full month's supply of your drugs, if this will help you better plan refill dates for different prescriptions. If you receive less than a full month's supply of certain drugs, you will not have to pay for the full month's supply.

- If you are responsible for coinsurance, you pay a percentage of the total cost of the drug. Since the coinsurance is based on the total cost of the drug, your cost will be lower since the total cost for the drug will be lower.
- If you are responsible for a copayment for the drug, you will only pay for the number of days of the drug that you receive instead of a whole month. We will calculate the amount you pay per day for your drug (the daily cost-sharing rate) and multiply it by the number of days of the drug you receive.

Section 5.4 A table that shows your costs for a *long-term* (up to a 90-day) supply of a drug

For some drugs, you can get a long-term supply (also called an extended supply). A long-term supply is up to a 90-day supply for tiers 1-4 and up to a 100-day supply for Tier 6.

The table below shows what you pay when you get a long-term supply of a drug.

 Sometimes the cost of the drug is lower than your copayment. In these cases, you pay the lower price for the drug instead of the copayment.

Your share of the cost when you get a long-term

supply of a covered Part D prescription drug:

	Standard retail cost sharing (in-network) (up to a 90-day supply)	Mail-Order cost sharing (up to a 90-day supply)
Cost-Sharing Tier 1 Preferred Generic	\$0	\$0
Cost-Sharing Tier 2 Generic	\$21	\$17.50
Cost-Sharing Tier 3 Preferred Brand	\$135	\$112.50
Cost-Sharing Tier 4 Non-Preferred Drug	\$285	\$237.50
Cost-Sharing Tier 5 Specialty Tier	A long-term supply is not	Mail order is not available for drugs in Tier 5.

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	Standard retail	Mail-Order cost
	cost sharing	sharing (up to a
	(in-network)	90-day supply)
	(up to a 90-day	
	supply)	
	available for	
	drugs in Tier 5.	
Cost-Sharing Tier 6	\$0	\$0
Select Care Drugs		

You won't pay more than \$105 for up to a three-month supply of each covered insulin product regardless of the cost-sharing tier.

Section 5.5 You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until your total drug costs for the year reach \$5,030

You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until the total amount for the prescription drugs you have filled reaches the **\$5,030 limit for the Initial Coverage Stage.**

The Part D EOB that you receive will help you keep track of how much you, the plan, and any third parties have spent on your behalf during the year. Many people do not reach the \$5,030 limit in a year.

We will let you know if you reach this amount. If you do reach this amount, you will leave the Initial Coverage Stage and move on to the Coverage Gap Stage. See Section 1.3 on how Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs.

SECTION 6 Costs in the Coverage Gap Stage

When you are in the Coverage Gap Stage, the Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program provides manufacturer discounts on brand name drugs. You pay 25% of the negotiated price and a portion of the dispensing fee for brand name drugs. Both the amount you pay, and the amount discounted by the manufacturer count toward your out-of-pocket costs as if you had paid them and move you through the coverage gap.

You also receive some coverage for generic drugs. You pay no more than 25% of the cost for generic drugs and the plan pays the rest. Only the amount you pay counts and moves you through the coverage gap.

You continue paying these costs until your yearly out-of-pocket payments reach a maximum amount that Medicare has set. Once you reach this amount \$8,000, 2024 Evidence of Coverage for
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you leave the Coverage Gap Stage and move to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

Medicare has rules about what counts and what does *not* count toward your out-of-pocket costs (Section 1.3).

Coverage Gap Stage coinsurance requirements do not apply to Part D covered insulin products and most adult Part D vaccines, including shingles, tetanus, and travel vaccines.

You won't pay more than \$35 for a one-month supply of each covered insulin product regardless of the cost-sharing tier.

Please see Section 8 of this chapter for more information on Part D vaccines and cost sharing for Part D vaccines.

SECTION 7 During the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, the plan pays the full cost for your covered Part D drugs

You enter the Catastrophic Coverage Stage when your out-of-pocket costs have reached the \$8,000 limit for the calendar year. Once you are in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you will stay in this payment stage until the end of the calendar year.

• During this payment stage, the plan pays the full cost for your covered Part D drugs. You pay nothing.

SECTION 8 Part D Vaccines. What you pay for depends on how and where you get them

Important Message About What You Pay for

Vaccines - Some vaccines are considered medical

benefits. Other vaccines are considered Part D drugs. You

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can find these vaccines listed in the plan's "Drug List." Our plan covers most adult Part D vaccines at no cost to you. Refer to your plan's "Drug List" or contact Member Services for coverage and cost-sharing details about specific vaccines.

There are two parts to our coverage of Part D vaccinations:

- The first part of coverage is the cost of **the vaccine itself.**
- The second part of coverage is for the cost of giving you the vaccine. (This is sometimes called the administration of the vaccine.)

Your costs for a Part D vaccination depend on three things:

- 1. Whether the vaccine is recommended for adults by an organization called the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP).
 - Most adult Part D vaccinations are recommended by ACIP and cost you nothing.
- 2. Where you get the vaccine.
 - The vaccine itself may be dispensed by a pharmacy or provided by the doctor's office.
- 3. Who gives you the vaccine.
 - A pharmacist or another provider may give the vaccine in the pharmacy. Alternatively, a provider may give it in the doctor's office.

What you pay at the time you get the Part D vaccination can vary depending on the circumstances and what **drug payment stage** you are in.

- Sometimes when you get a vaccination, you have to pay for the entire cost for both the vaccine itself and the cost for the provider to give you the vaccine. You can ask our plan to pay you back for our share of the cost. For most adult Part D vaccines, this means you will be reimbursed the entire cost you paid.
- Other times, when you get a vaccination, you will pay only your share of the cost under your Part D benefit. For most adult Part D vaccines, you will pay nothing.

Below are three examples of ways you might get a Part D vaccine.

Situation 1: You get the Part D vaccination at the network pharmacy. (Whether you have this choice depends on where you live. Some states do not allow pharmacies to give certain vaccines.)

- For most adult Part D vaccines, you will pay nothing.
- For other Part D vaccines, you will pay the pharmacy your copayment for the vaccine itself which includes the cost of giving you the vaccine.
- Our plan will pay the remainder of the costs.
- Situation 2: You get the Part D vaccination at your doctor's office.
 - When you get the vaccine, you may have to pay for the entire cost of the vaccine itself and the cost for the provider to give it to you.
 - You can then ask our plan to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures that are described in Chapter 7.

- For most adult Part D vaccines, you will be reimbursed the full amount you paid. For other Part D vaccines, you will be reimbursed the amount you paid less any copayment for the vaccine (including administration).
- Situation 3: You buy the Part D vaccine itself at the network pharmacy, and then take it to your doctor's office where they give you the vaccine.
 - For most adult Part D vaccines, you will pay nothing for the vaccine itself.
 - For other Part D vaccines, you will pay the pharmacy your copayment for the vaccine itself.

- When your doctor gives you the vaccine, you may have to pay the entire cost for this service.
- You can then ask our plan to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures described in Chapter 7.
- For most adult Part D vaccines, you will be reimbursed the full amount you paid. For other Part D vaccines, you will be reimbursed the amount you paid less any coinsurance for the vaccine administration.

CHAPTER 7:

Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 384 Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

SECTION 1 Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered services or drugs

Sometimes when you get medical care or a prescription drug, you may need to pay the full cost. Other times, you may find that you have paid more than you expected under the coverage rules of the plan. In these cases, you can ask our plan to pay you back (paying you back is often called reimbursing you). It is your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you've paid more than your share of the cost for medical services or drugs that are covered by our plan. There may be deadlines that you must meet to get paid back. Please see Section 2 of this chapter.

There may also be times when you get a bill from a provider for the full cost of medical care you have received or possibly for more than your share of cost sharing as

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discussed in the document. First try to resolve the bill with the provider. If that does not work, send the bill to us instead of paying it. We will look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay the provider directly. If we decide not to pay it, we will notify the provider. You should never pay more than plan-allowed cost sharing. If this provider is contracted, you still have the right to treatment.

Here are examples of situations in which you may need to ask our plan to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received:

When you've received emergency or urgently needed medical care from a provider who is not in our plan's network

Outside the service area, you can receive emergency or urgently needed services from any provider, whether or not the provider is a part of our network. In these cases,

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- You are only responsible for paying your share of the cost for emergency or urgently needed services. Emergency providers are legally required to provide emergency care. If you pay the entire amount yourself at the time you receive the care, ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost.
 Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you have made.
- You may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you do not owe. Send us this bill, along with documentation of any payments you have already made.
 - If the provider is owed anything, we will pay the provider directly.
 - If you have already paid more than your share of the cost of the service, we will determine how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.

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2. When a network provider sends you a bill you think you should not pay

Network providers should always bill the plan directly and ask you only for your share of the cost. But sometimes they make mistakes and ask you to pay more than your share.

- You only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get covered services. We do not allow providers to add additional separate charges, called balance billing. This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.
- Whenever you get a bill from a network provider that you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and resolve the billing problem.

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 If you have already paid a bill to a network provider, but you feel that you paid too much, send us the bill along with documentation of any payment you have made and ask us to pay you back the difference between the amount you paid and the amount you owed under the plan.

3. If you are retroactively enrolled in our plan

Sometimes a person's enrollment in the plan is retroactive. (This means that the first day of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.)

If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan and you paid out-of-pocket for any of your covered services or drugs after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. You will need to submit paperwork such as receipts and bills for us to handle the reimbursement.

4. When you use an out-of-network pharmacy to get a prescription filled

If you go to an out-of-network pharmacy, the pharmacy may not be able to submit the claim directly to us. When that happens, you will have to pay the full cost of your prescription.

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Remember that we only cover out-of-network pharmacies in limited circumstances. See Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for a discussion of these circumstances.

When you pay the full cost for a prescription because you don't have your plan membership card with you

If you do not have your plan membership card with you, you can ask the pharmacy to call the plan or to look up your plan enrollment information. However, if the 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 390 Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

pharmacy cannot get the enrollment information they need right away, you may need to pay the full cost of the prescription yourself.

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost.

6. When you pay the full cost for a prescription in other situations

You may pay the full cost of the prescription because you find that the drug is not covered for some reason.

For example, the drug may not be on the plan's "Drug List" or it could have a requirement or restriction that you didn't know about or don't think should apply to you. If you decide to get the drug immediately, you may need to pay the full cost for it. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 391 Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

> Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back. In some situations, we may need to get more information from your doctor in order to pay you back for our share of the cost.

All of the examples above are types of coverage decisions. This means that if we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 9 of this document has information about how to make an appeal.

SECTION 2 How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received

You may request us to pay you back by either calling us or sending us a request in writing. If you send a request in writing, send your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. It's a good idea to make a copy of your 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 392 Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

bill and receipts for your records. You must submit your claim to us within one year of the date you received the service, item, or drug.

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or paid receipts for medical care to us at this address:

Capital Health Plan Member Services P.O. Box 15349 Tallahassee, Florida 32317-5349

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or receipts for Part D prescription drugs to us at this address:

Capital Health Plan P.O. Box 20970 Lehigh Valley, Pennsylvania 18002-0970 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 393 Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

SECTION 3 We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no

Section 3.1 We check to see whether we should cover the service or drug and how much we owe

When we receive your request for payment, we will let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we will consider your request and make a coverage decision.

 If we decide that the medical care or drug is covered and you followed all the rules, we will pay for our share of the cost. If you have already paid for the service or drug, we will mail your reimbursement of our share of the cost to you. If you have not paid for the service or drug yet, we will mail the payment directly to the provider. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 394 Chapter 7 Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

 If we decide that the medical care or drug is not covered, or you did not follow all the rules, we will not pay for our share of the cost. We will send you a letter explaining the reasons why we are not sending the payment and your right to appeal that decision.

Section 3.2 If we tell you that we will not pay for all or part of the medical care or drug, you can make an appeal

If you think we have made a mistake in turning down your request for payment or the amount we are paying, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment. The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. For the details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 9 of this document.

CHAPTER 8:

Your rights and responsibilities

SECTION 1	Our plan must honor your rights and cultural sensitivities as a member of the plan
Section 1.1	We must provide information in a way that works for you and consistent with your cultural sensitivities (in languages other than English, in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats, etc.)

Your plan is required to ensure that all services, both clinical and non-clinical, are provided in a culturally competent manner and are accessible to all enrollees, including those with limited English proficiency, limited reading skills, hearing incapacity, or those with diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds. Examples of how a plan may meet these accessibility requirements include, but are not limited to: provision of translator services, interpreter services, teletypewriters, or TTY (text telephone or teletypewriter phone) connection.

Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions from non-English speaking members. We can also give you information in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats at no cost if you need it. We are required to give you information about the plan's benefits in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Member Services.

Our plan is required to give female enrollees the option of direct access to a women's health specialist within the network for women's routine and preventive health care services.

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If providers in the plan's network for a specialty are not available, it is the plan's responsibility to locate specialty providers outside the network who will provide you with the necessary care. In this case, you will only pay in-network cost sharing. If you find yourself in a situation where there are no specialists in the plan's network that cover a service you need, call the plan for information on where to go to obtain this service at in-network cost sharing.

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you, seeing a women's health specialists or finding a network specialist, please call to file a grievance with Member Services at 1-877-247-6512 or TTY at 1-877-870-8943. You may also file a complaint with Medicare by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) or directly with the Office for Civil Rights 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697.

Section 1.2 We must ensure that you get timely access to your covered services and drugs

You have the right to choose a primary care provider (PCP) in the plan's network to provide and arrange for your covered services. You also have the right to go to a women's health specialist (such as a gynecologist), behavioral health, dermatologist, podiatrist, or chiropractor without a referral.

You have the right to get appointments and covered services from the plan's network of providers *within a reasonable amount of time*. This includes the right to get timely services from specialists when you need that care. You also have the right to get your prescriptions filled or refilled at any of our network pharmacies without long delays. If you think that you are not getting your medical care or

Part D drugs within a reasonable amount of time,

Chapter 9 tells what you can do.

Section 1.3 We must protect the privacy of your personal health information

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

- Your personal health information includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in this plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health information.
- You have rights related to your information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a Notice of Privacy Practice, that tells about these rights and explains

how we protect the privacy of your health information.

How do we protect the privacy of your health information?

- We make sure that unauthorized people don't see or change your records.
- Except for the circumstances noted below, if we intend to give your health information to anyone who isn't providing your care or paying for your care, we are required to get written permission from you or someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you first.
- There are certain exceptions that do not require us to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.
 - We are required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care.

 Because you are a member of our plan through Medicare, we are required to give Medicare your health information including information about your Part D prescription drugs. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this will be done according to Federal statutes and regulations; typically, this requires that information that uniquely identifies you not be shared.

You can see the information in your records and know how it has been shared with others

You have the right to look at your medical records held by the plan, and to get a copy of your records. We are allowed to charge you a fee for making copies. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your healthcare provider to decide whether the changes should be made. You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that are not routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, please call Member Services.

Section 1.4 We must give you information about the plan, its network of providers, and your covered services

As a member of Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus, you have the right to get several kinds of information from us.

If you want any of the following kinds of information, please call Member Services:

- Information about our plan. This includes, for example, information about the plan's financial condition.
- Information about our network providers and pharmacies. You have the right to get information about the qualifications of the providers and pharmacies in our network and how we pay the providers in our network.
- Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage.
 Chapters 3 and 4 provide information regarding medical services. Chapters 5 and 6 provide information about Part D prescription drug coverage.
- Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it. Chapter 9 provides information on asking for a written explanation on why a medical service or Part D drug is not covered

or if your coverage is restricted. Chapter 9 also provides information on asking us to change a decision, also called an appeal.

Section 1.5 We must support your right to make decisions about your care

You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your health care

You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices *in a way that you can understand*.

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

- To know about all of your choices. You have the right to be told about all of the treatment options that are recommended for your condition, no matter what they cost or whether they are covered by our plan. It also includes being told about programs our plan offers to help members manage their medications and use drugs safely.
- To know about the risks. You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.
- The right to say "no." You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to leave. You also have

the right to stop taking your medication. Of course, if you refuse treatment or stop taking medication, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.

You have the right to give instructions about what is to be done if you are not able to make medical decisions for yourself

Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you are in this situation. This means that, *if you want to*, you can:

 Fill out a written form to give someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself. • **Give your doctors written instructions** about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

The legal documents that you can use to give your directions in advance of these situations are called **advance directives.** There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Documents called **living will** and **power of attorney for health care** are examples of advance directives.

If you want to use an **advance directive** to give your instructions, here is what to do:

• Get the form. You can get an advance directive form from your lawyer, from a social worker, or from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare. You can also contact Member Services to ask for the forms.

- Fill it out and sign it. Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.
- Give copies to appropriate people. You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form who can make decisions for you if you can't. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members. Keep a copy at home.

If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, and you have signed an advance directive, **take a copy with you to the hospital**.

- The hospital will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.
- If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

Remember, it is your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive (including whether you want to sign one if you are in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you have signed an advance directive.

What if your instructions are not followed?

If you have signed an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital did not follow the instructions in it, you may file a complaint with Florida Department of Health, 4052 Bald Cypress Way, Bin C75, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3260.

Section 1.6 You have the right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made

If you have any problems, concerns, or complaints and need to request coverage, or make an appeal, Chapter 9 of this document tells what you can do. Whatever you

do - ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or

make a complaint - we are required to treat you fairly.

Section 1.7 What can you do if you believe you are being treated unfairly or your rights are not being respected?

If it is about discrimination, call the Office for Civil Rights

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, sexual orientation, or national origin, you should call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697, or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

Is it about something else?

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected, *and* it's *not* about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you are having:

- You can call Member Services.
- You can call the SHIP. For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- Or, you can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

Section 1.8 How to get more information about your rights

There are several places where you can get more information about your rights:

- You can call Member Services.
- You can call the SHIP. For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- You can contact Medicare.

0	You can visit the Medicare website to read or	
	download the publication	
	Medicare Rights & Protections.	
	(The publication is available at:	
	www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/	
	<u>11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf</u> .)	
0	Or, you can call 1-800-MEDICARE	
	(1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a	

week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

SECTION 2 You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan

Things you need to do as a member of the plan are listed below. If you have any questions, please call Member Services.

 Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered services. Use this *Evidence of Coverage* to learn what is covered for you and the rules you need to follow to get your covered services.

- Chapters 3 and 4 give the details about your medical services.
- Chapters 5 and 6 give the details about your
 Part D prescription drug coverage.
- If you have any other health insurance coverage or prescription drug coverage in addition to our plan, you are required to tell us. Chapter 1 tells you about coordinating these benefits.
- Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you are enrolled in our plan. Show your plan membership card whenever you get your medical care or Part D prescription drugs.
- Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.
 - To help get the best care, tell your doctors and other health providers about your health

problems. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your doctors agree upon.

- Make sure your doctors know all of the drugs you are taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
- If you have any questions, be sure to ask and get an answer you can understand.
- Be considerate. We expect all our members to respect the rights of other patients. We also expect you to act in a way that helps the smooth running of your doctor's office, hospitals, and other offices.
- **Pay what you owe**. As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:
 - You must pay your plan premiums.
 - You must continue to pay a premium for your
 Medicare Part B to remain a member of the plan.

- For most of your medical services or drugs
 covered by the plan, you must pay your share
 of the cost when you get the service or drug.
- If you are required to pay a late enrollment penalty, you must pay the penalty to keep your prescription drug coverage.
- If you are required to pay the extra amount for Part D because of your yearly income, you must continue to pay the extra amount directly to the government to remain a member of the plan.
- If you move within our plan service area, we need to know so we can keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
- If you move *outside* of our plan service area, you cannot remain a member of our plan.
- If you move, it is also important to tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board).

CHAPTER 9:

What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints) 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 418 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1 What to do if you have a problem or concern

This chapter explains two types of processes for handling problems and concerns:

- For some problems, you need to use the **process** for coverage decisions and appeals.
- For other problems, you need to use the **process** for making complaints; also called grievances.

Both of these processes have been approved by Medicare. Each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

The guide in Section 3 will help you identify the right process to use and what you should do.

2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 419 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Section 1.2 What about the legal terms?

There are legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people and can be hard to understand. To make things easier, this chapter:

- Uses simpler words in place of certain legal terms. For example, this chapter generally says, making a complaint rather than filing a grievance, coverage decision rather than organization determination, or coverage determination or at-risk determination, and independent review organization instead of Independent Review Entity.
- It also uses abbreviations as little as possible.

However, it can be helpful – and sometimes quite important – for you to know the correct legal terms. Knowing which terms to use will help you communicate more accurately to get the right help or information for your situation. To help you know which terms to use, we 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 420 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

include legal terms when we give the details for handling specific types of situations.

SECTION 2 Where to get more information and personalized assistance

We are always available to help you. Even if you have a complaint about our treatment of you, we are obligated to honor your right to complain. Therefore, you should always reach out to customer service for help. But in some situations, you may also want help or guidance from someone who is not connected with us. Below are two entities that can assist you.

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

Each state has a government program with trained counselors. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 421 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

this program can help you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you are having. They can also answer your questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

The services of SHIP counselors are free. You will find phone numbers and website URLs in Chapter 2, Section 3 of this document.

Medicare

You can also contact Medicare to get help. To contact Medicare:

- You can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- You can also visit the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov).

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SECTION 3 To deal with your problem, which process should you use?

If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The guide that follows will help.

Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?

This includes problems about whether medical care (medical items, services and/or Part B prescription drugs) are covered or not, the way they are covered, and problems related to payment for medical care.

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Yes.

Go on to the next section of this chapter, Section 4, A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals.

No.

Skip ahead to Section 10 at the end of this chapter: How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service or other concerns. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 424 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

COVERAGE DECISIONS AND APPEALS

SECTION 4 A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals

Section 4.1 Asking for coverage decisions and making appeals: the big picture

Coverage decisions and appeals deal with problems related to your benefits and coverage for your medical care (services, items and Part B prescription drugs, including payment). To keep things simple, we generally refer to medical items, services and Medicare Part B prescription drugs as **medical care**. You use the coverage decision and appeals process for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered.

Asking for coverage decisions prior to receiving benefits

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical care. For example, if your plan network doctor refers you to a medical specialist not inside the network, this referral is considered a favorable coverage decision unless either your network doctor can show that you received a standard denial notice for this medical specialist, or the Evidence of Coverage makes it clear that the referred service is never covered under any condition. You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we will cover a particular medical service or refuses to provide medical care you think that you need. In other words, if you want to know if we will cover a medical care before you receive it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you. In limited circumstances a request for a coverage decision will be dismissed, which means we

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won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a coverage decision, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

We are making a coverage decision for you whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases, we might decide medical care is not covered or is no longer covered by Medicare for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

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Making an appeal

If we make a coverage decision, whether before or after a benefit is received, and you are not satisfied, you can **appeal** the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. Under certain circumstances, which we discuss later, you can request an expedited or **fast appeal** of a coverage decision. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original decision.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we were properly following the rules. When we have completed the review, we give you our decision.

In limited circumstances a request for a Level 1 appeal will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if

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the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a Level 1 appeal, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

If we say no to all or part of your Level 1 appeal for medical care, your appeal will automatically go on to a Level 2 appeal conducted by an independent review organization that is not connected to us.

- You do not need to do anything to start a Level 2 appeal. Medicare rules require we automatically send your appeal for medical care to Level 2 if we do not fully agree with your Level 1 appeal.
- See **Section 5.4** of this chapter for more information about Level 2 appeals.
- For Part D drug appeals, if we say no to all or part of your appeal you will need to ask for a Level 2

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appeal. Part D appeals are discussed further in Section 6 of this chapter.

If you are not satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal (Section 9 in this chapter explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes).

Section 4.2 How to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal

Here are resources if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:

- You can call us at Member Services.
- You **can get free help** from your State Health Insurance Assistance Program.
- Your doctor can make a request for you. If your doctor helps with an appeal past Level 2, they will need to be appointed as your representative. Please

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call Member Services and ask for the *Appointment* of *Representative* form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at

www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/

CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf.)

- For medical care or Part B prescription drugs, your doctor can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your behalf. If your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2.
- For Part D prescription drugs, your doctor or other prescriber can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your behalf. If your Level 1 appeal is denied your doctor or prescriber can request a Level 2 appeal.

- You can ask someone to act on your behalf. If you want to, you can name another person to act for you as your representative to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
 - If you want a friend, relative, or other person to be your representative, call Member Services and ask for *the Appointment of Representative* form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at <u>www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf</u>.)
 The form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person who you would like to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form.
 - While we can accept an appeal request without the form, we cannot begin or complete our review until we receive it. If we do not receive the form within 44 calendar days after receiving

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your appeal request (our deadline for making a decision on your appeal), your appeal request will be dismissed. If this happens, we will send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the independent review organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.

You also have the right to hire a lawyer. You may contact your own lawyer, or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are also groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, you are not required to hire a lawyer to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.

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Section 4.3 Which section of this chapter gives the details for your situation?

There are four different situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Since each situation has different rules and deadlines, we give the details for each one in a separate section:

- **Section 5** of this chapter: "Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal"
- Section 6 of this chapter: "Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal"
- Section 7 of this chapter: "How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon"
- Section 8 of this chapter: "How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon" (*Applies only to these*

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services: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services)

If you're not sure which section you should be using, please call Member Services. You can also get help or information from government organizations such as your SHIP. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 435 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

SECTION 5	Your medical care: How to
	ask for a coverage decision
	or make an appeal of a
	coverage decision

Section 5.1 This section tells what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the cost of your care

This section is about your benefits for medical care. These benefits are described in Chapter 4 of this document: *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*. In some cases, different rules apply to a request for a Part B prescription drug. In those cases, we will explain how the rules for Part B prescription drugs are different from the rules for medical items and services.

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This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the five following situations:

- You are not getting certain medical care you want, and you believe that this is covered by our plan. Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.
- Our plan will not approve the medical care your doctor or other medical provider wants to give you, and you believe that this care is covered by the plan. Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.
- You have received medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, but we have said we will not pay for this care. Make an appeal. Section 5.3.

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- You have received and paid for medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, and you want to ask our plan to reimburse you for this care. Send us the bill. Section 5.5.
- 5. You are being told that coverage for certain medical care you have been getting that we previously approved will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health. Make an appeal. Section 5.3.

Note: If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services, you need to read Sections 7 and 8 of this Chapter. Special rules apply to these types of care. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 438 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Section 5.2 Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision

Legal Terms

When a coverage decision involves your medical care,

it is called an **organization determination**.

A fast coverage decision is called an **expedited determination**.

Step 1: Decide if you need a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

A standard coverage decision is usually made within 14 days or 72 hours for Part B drugs. A fast coverage decision is generally made within 72 hours, for medical services, or 24 hours for Part B drugs. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 439 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

In order to get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- You may *only ask* for coverage for medical items and/or services (not requests for payment for items and/or services already received).
- You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if using the standard deadlines could *cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function*.
- If your doctor tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.
- If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor's support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision. If we do not approve

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a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that:

- Explains that we will use the standard deadlines.
- Explains if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.
- Explains that you can file a fast complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested.

Step 2: Ask our plan to make a coverage decision or fast coverage decision.

 Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor, or your representative can do this. Chapter 2 has contact information. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 441 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

<u>Step 3:</u> We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.

For standard coverage decisions we use the standard deadlines.

This means we will give you an answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will give you an answer within 72 hours after we receive your request.

 However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you we can take up to 14 more days if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 442 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. We will give you an answer to your complaint as soon as we make the decision. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. See Section 10 of this chapter for information on complaints.)

For Fast Coverage decisions we use an expedited timeframe

A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 72 hours if your request is for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will answer within 24 hours.

 However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, we can take up to 14 more days. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 443 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. (See Section 10 of this chapter for information on complaints.) We will call you as soon as we make the decision.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no.

<u>Step 4:</u> If we say no to your request for coverage for medical care, you can appeal.

 If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to get the medical care coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 444 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Section 5.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal

Legal Terms

An appeal to the plan about a medical care coverage

decision is called a plan **reconsideration**.

A fast appeal is also called an **expedited reconsideration**.

Step 1: Decide if you need a standard appeal or a fast appeal.

A standard appeal is usually made within 30 days or 7 days for Part B drugs. A fast appeal is generally made within 72 hours.

 If you are appealing a decision we made about coverage for care that you have not yet received, you and/or your doctor will need to decide if you need a fast appeal. If your doctor tells us that your 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 445 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

health requires a fast appeal, we will give you a fast appeal.

• The requirements for getting a fast appeal are the same as those for getting a fast coverage decision in Section 5.2 of this chapter.

Step 2: Ask our plan for an appeal or a Fast appeal

- If you are asking for a standard appeal, submit your standard appeal in writing. You may also ask for an appeal by calling us. Chapter 2 has contact information.
- If you are asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us. Chapter 2 has contact information.
- You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the

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> reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may include a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.

 You can ask for a copy of the information regarding your medical decision. You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal. We are allowed to charge a fee for copying and sending this information to you.

Step 3: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.

 When our plan is reviewing your appeal, we take a careful look at all of the information. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 447 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

• We will gather more information if needed possibly contacting you or your doctor.

Deadlines for a fast appeal

- For fast appeals, we must give you our answer
 within 72 hours after we receive your appeal. We
 will give you our answer sooner if your health
 requires us to.
 - However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
 - If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to automatically send your request on to Level 2 of

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> the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.

- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you our decision in writing and automatically forward your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal. The independent review organization will notify you in writing when it receives your appeal.

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Deadlines for a standard appeal

- For standard appeals, we must give you our answer within 30 calendar days after we receive your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug you have not yet received, we will give you our answer within 7 calendar days after we receive your appeal. We will give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.
 - However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you,
 we can take up to 14 more calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing.
 We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

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- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (See Section 10 of this chapter for information on complaints.)
- If we do not give you an answer by the deadline (or by the end of the extended time period), we will send your request to a Level 2 appeal, where an independent review organization will review the appeal. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the coverage within 30 calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service, or within
 7 calendar days if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

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 If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal, we will automatically send your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal.

Section 5.4 Step-by-step: How a Level 2 appeal is done

Legal Term

The formal name for the independent review

organization is the **Independent Review Entity.** It is

sometimes called the IRE.

The **independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare**. It is not connected with us and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 452 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Step 1: The independent review organization reviews your appeal.

- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your case file. You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file. We are allowed to charge you a fee for copying and sending this information to you.
- You have a right to give the independent review organization additional information to support your appeal.
- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

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If you had a fast appeal at Level 1, you will also have a fast appeal at Level 2

- For the fast appeal, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal
 within 72 hours of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

If you had a standard appeal at Level 1, you will also have a standard appeal at Level 2

 For the standard appeal if your request is for a medical item or service, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal
 within 30 calendar days of when it receives your 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 454 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 7 calendar days** of when it receives your appeal.

 However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

Step 2: The independent review organization gives you their answer.

The independent review organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

• If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service, we 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 455 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

> must authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours or provide the service within 14 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization for standard requests. For expedited requests, we have 72 hours from the date we receive the decision from the review organization.

- If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we must authorize or provide the Part B prescription drug within 72 hours after we receive the decision from the review organization for standard requests. For expedited requests we have 24 hours from the date we receive the decision from the review organization.
- If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal, it means they agree with us that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care should not be approved. (This is called

upholding the decision or **turning down your appeal**.) In this case, the independent review organization will send you a letter:

- Explaining its decision.
- Notifying you of the right to a Level 3 appeal if the dollar value of the medical care coverage meets a certain minimum. The written notice you get from the independent review organization will tell you the dollar amount you must meet to continue the appeals process.
- Telling you how to file a Level 3 appeal.

<u>Step 3:</u> If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

 There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for
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 The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes.

Section 5.5 What if you are asking us to pay you for our share of a bill you have received for medical care?

Chapter 7 describes when you may need to ask for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage decision from us

If you send us the paperwork asking for reimbursement, you are asking for a coverage decision. To make this decision, we will check to see if the medical care you paid 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 458 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

for is covered. We will also check to see if you followed all the rules for using your coverage for medical care.

- If we say yes to your request: If the medical care is covered and you followed all the rules, we will send you the payment for our share of the cost within 60 calendar days after we receive your request. If you haven't paid for the medical care, we will send the payment directly to the provider.
- If we say no to your request: If the medical care is not covered, or you did not follow all the rules, we will not send payment. Instead, we will send you a letter that says we will not pay for the medical care and the reasons why.

If you do not agree with our decision to turn you down, **you can make an appeal**. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 459 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

To make this appeal, follow the process for appeals that we describe in Section 5.3. For appeals concerning reimbursement, please note:

- We must give you our answer within
 60 calendar days after we receive your appeal. If
 you are asking us to pay you back for medical care
 you have already received and paid for, you are not
 allowed to ask for a fast appeal.
- If the independent review organization decides we should pay, we must send you or the provider the payment within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment you requested to you or to the provider within 60 calendar days.

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SECTION 6 Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal

Section 6.1 This section tells you what to do if you have problems getting a Part D drug or you want us to pay you back for a Part D drug

Your benefits include coverage for many prescription drugs. To be covered, the drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. (See Chapter 5 for more information about a medically accepted indication.) For details about Part D drugs, rules, restrictions, and costs please see Chapters 5 and 6. **This section is about your Part D drugs only.** To keep things simple, we generally say *drug* in the rest of this section, instead of repeating *covered outpatient prescription drug* or *Part D drug* every 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 461 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

time. We also use the term "Drug List" instead of *List of Covered Drugs* or *Formulary*.

- If you do not know if a drug is covered or if you meet the rules, you can ask us. Some drugs require that you get approval from us before we will cover it.
- If your pharmacy tells you that your prescription cannot be filled as written, the pharmacy will give you a written notice explaining how to contact us to ask for a coverage decision.

Part D coverage decisions and appeals

Legal Term

An initial coverage decision about your Part D drugs is called a **coverage determination**.

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A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your drugs. This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the following situations:

- Asking to cover a Part D drug that is not on the plan's *List of Covered Drugs*. Ask for an exception.
 Section 6.2
- Asking to waive a restriction on the plan's coverage for a drug (such as limits on the amount of the drug you can get). Ask for an exception. Section 6.2
- Asking to pay a lower cost-sharing amount for a covered drug on a higher cost-sharing tier. Ask for an exception. Section 6.2
- Asking to get pre-approval for a drug. Ask for a coverage decision. Section 6.4
- Pay for a prescription drug you already bought. Ask us to pay you back. Section 6.4

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If you disagree with a coverage decision we have made, you can appeal our decision.

This section tells you both how to ask for

coverage decisions and how to request an appeal.

Section 6.2 What is an exception?

Legal Terms	
Asking for coverage of a drug that is not on the	
"Drug List" is sometimes called asking for a formulary	
exception.	
Asking for removal of a restriction on coverage for a	
drug is sometimes called asking for a formulary	
exception.	
Asking to pay a lower price for a covered non-preferred	
drug is sometimes called asking for a tiering	
exception.	

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If a drug is not covered in the way you would like it to be covered, you can ask us to make an **exception**. An exception is a type of coverage decision.

For us to consider your exception request, your doctor or other prescriber will need to explain the medical reasons why you need the exception approved. Here are three examples of exceptions that you or your doctor or other prescriber can ask us to make:

1. Covering a Part D drug for you that is not on our "Drug List." If we agree to cover a drug not on the "Drug List," you will need to pay the cost-sharing amount that applies to drugs in Non-Preferred Brand tier (Tier 4). You cannot ask for an exception to the cost-sharing amount we require you to pay for the drug.

2. Removing a restriction for a covered drug.

Chapter 5 describes the extra rules or restrictions that apply to certain drugs on our "Drug List." If we agree to

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make an exception and waive a restriction for you, you can ask for an exception to the copayment or coinsurance amount we require you to pay for the drug.

- 3. Changing coverage of a drug to a lower cost-sharing tier. Every drug on our "Drug List" is in one of 6 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the lower the cost-sharing tier number, the less you will pay as your share of the cost of the drug.
 - If our "Drug List" contains alternative drug(s) for treating your medical condition that are in a lower cost-sharing tier than your drug, you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the alternative drug(s).
 - If the drug you're taking is a biological product you can ask us to cover your drug at a lower cost-sharing amount. This would be the lowest tier that contains biological product alternatives for treating your condition.

- If the drug you're taking is a brand name drug you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the lowest tier that contains brand name alternatives for treating your condition.
- If the drug you're taking is a generic drug you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the lowest tier that contains either brand or generic alternatives for treating your condition.
- You cannot ask us to change the cost-sharing tier for any drug in Tier 5 Specialty Drugs.
- If we approve your tiering exception request and there is more than one lower cost-sharing tier with alternative drugs you can't take, you will usually pay the lowest amount.

Section 6.3 Important things to know about asking for exceptions

Your doctor must tell us the medical reasons

Your doctor or other prescriber must give us a statement that explains the medical reasons for requesting an exception. For a faster decision, include this medical information from your doctor or other prescriber when you ask for the exception.

Typically, our "Drug List" includes more than one drug for treating a particular condition. These different possibilities are called **alternative** drugs. If an alternative drug would be just as effective as the drug you are requesting and would not cause more side effects or other health problems, we will generally *not* approve your request for an exception. If you ask us for a tiering exception, we will generally *not* approve your request for an exception unless all the alternative drugs in the lower cost-sharing 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 468 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

tier(s) won't work as well for you or are likely to cause an adverse reaction or other harm.

We can say yes or no to your request

- If we approve your request for an exception, our approval usually is valid until the end of the plan year. This is true as long as your doctor continues to prescribe the drug for you and that drug continues to be safe and effective for treating your condition.
- If we say no to your request, you can ask for another review by making an appeal.

Section 6.4 Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception

Legal Term

A fast coverage decision is called an **expedited coverage determination**.

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<u>Step 1:</u> Decide if you need a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

Standard coverage decisions are made within **72 hours** after we receive your doctor's statement.

Fast coverage decisions are made within **24 hours** after we receive your doctor's statement.

If your health requires it, ask us to give you a fast coverage decision. To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- You must be asking for a drug you have not yet received. (You cannot ask for fast coverage decision to be paid back for a drug you have already bought.)
- Using the standard deadlines could cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.
- If your doctor or other prescriber tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.

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- If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor or prescriber's support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision. If we do not approve a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that:
 - Explains that we will use the standard deadlines.
 - Explains if your doctor or other prescriber asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.
 - Tells you how you can file a fast complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested. We will answer your complaint within 24 hours of receipt.

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<u>Step 2:</u> Request a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You can also access the coverage decision process through our website. We must accept any written request, including a request submitted on the *CMS Model Coverage Determination Request* form, which is available on our website. Chapter 2 has contact information. To assist us in processing your request, please be sure to include your name, contact information, and information identifying which denied claim is being appealed.

You, your doctor (or other prescriber), or your representative can do this. You can also have a lawyer act on your behalf. Section 4 of this chapter tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 472 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

 If you are requesting an exception, provide the supporting statement which is the medical reasons for the exception. Your doctor or other prescriber can fax or mail the statement to us. Or your doctor or other prescriber can tell us on the phone and follow up by faxing or mailing a written statement if necessary.

Step 3: We consider your request and give you our answer.

Deadlines for a fast coverage decision

- We must generally give you our answer
 within 24 hours after we receive your request.
 - For exceptions, we will give you our answer within 24 hours after we receive your doctor's supporting statement. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.

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(coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 24 hours after we receive your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about a drug you have not yet received

We must generally give you our answer
 within 72 hours after we receive your request.

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- For exceptions, we will give you our answer
 within 72 hours after we receive your doctor's
 supporting statement. We will give you our
 answer sooner if your health requires us to.
- If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

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Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about payment for a drug you have already bought

• We must give you our answer within

14 calendar days after we receive your request.

- If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we are also required to make payment to you within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

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<u>Step 4:</u> If we say no to your coverage request, you can make an appeal.

 If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to get the drug coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you are going to Level 1 of the appeals process.

Section 6.5 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal

Legal Terms

An appeal to the plan about a Part D drug coverage decision is called a plan **redetermination**.

A fast appeal is also called an **expedited redetermination**.

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Step 1: Decide if you need a standard appeal or a fast appeal.

A standard appeal is usually made within 7 days. A fast appeal is generally made within 72 hours. If your health requires it, ask for a fast appeal.

- If you are appealing a decision, we made about a drug you have not yet received, you and your doctor or other prescriber will need to decide if you need a fast appeal.
- The requirements for getting a fast appeal are the same as those for getting a fast coverage decision in Section 6.4 of this chapter.

<u>Step 2:</u> You, your representative, doctor, or other prescriber must contact us and make your Level 1 appeal. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a fast appeal.

- For standard appeals, submit a written request or call us. Chapter 2 has contact information.
- For fast appeals either submit your appeal in writing or call us at 1-877-247-6512. Chapter 2 has contact information.
- We must accept any written request, including a request submitted on the *CMS Model Coverage Determination Request Form*, which is available on our website. Please be sure to include your name, contact information, and information regarding your claim to assist us in processing your request.
- You must make your appeal request within
 60 calendar days from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may include a serious illness that

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> prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.

 You can ask for a copy of the information in your appeal and add more information. You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal. We are allowed to charge a fee for copying and sending this information to you.

Step 3: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.

 When we are reviewing your appeal, we take another careful look at all of the information about your coverage request. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request. We may contact you or your doctor or other prescriber to get more information. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 480 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Deadlines for a fast appeal

- For fast appeals, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your appeal. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
 - If we do not give you an answer within
 72 hours, we are required to send your request
 on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it
 will be reviewed by an independent review
 organization. Section 6.6 explains the Level 2
 appeal process.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.

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 If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how you can appeal our decision.

Deadlines for a standard appeal for a drug you have not yet received

- For standard appeals, we must give you our answer within 7 calendar days after we receive your appeal. We will give you our decision sooner if you have not received the drug yet and your health condition requires us to do so.
 - If we do not give you a decision within
 7 calendar days, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 6.6 explains the Level 2 appeal process.

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- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the coverage as quickly as your health requires, but no later than
 7 calendar days after we receive your appeal.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how you can appeal our decision.

Deadlines for a standard appeal about payment for a drug you have already bought

- We must give you our answer within
 14 calendar days after we receive your request.
 - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization.

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- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we are also required to make payment to you within 30 calendar days after we receive your request.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

<u>Step 4:</u> If we say no to your appeal, you decide if you want to continue with the appeals process and make *another* appeal.

 If you decide to make another appeal, it means your appeal is going on to Level 2 of the appeals process. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 484 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Section 6.6 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal

Legal Term

The formal name for the independent review organization is the **Independent Review Entity.** It is sometimes called the **IRE.**

The independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare. It is not connected with us and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 485 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

<u>Step 1:</u> You (or your representative or your doctor or other prescriber) must contact the independent review organization and ask for a review of your case.

- If we say no to your Level 1 appeal, the written notice we send you will include instructions on how to make a Level 2 appeal with the independent review organization. These instructions will tell who can make this Level 2 appeal, what deadlines you must follow, and how to reach the review organization. If, however, we did not complete our review within the applicable timeframe, or make an unfavorable decision regarding at-risk determination under our drug management program, we will automatically forward your claim to the IRE.
- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your
 case file. You have the right to ask us for a copy
 of your case file. We are allowed to charge you a fee for copying and sending this information to you.

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 You have a right to give the independent review organization additional information to support your appeal.

Step 2: The independent review organization reviews your appeal.

Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

Deadlines for fast appeal

- If your health requires it, ask the independent review organization for a fast appeal.
- If the organization agrees to give you a fast appeal, the organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 72 hours after it receives your appeal request.

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Deadlines for standard appeal

For standard appeals, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal
 within 7 calendar days after it receives your appeal if it is for a drug you have not yet received. If you are requesting that we pay you back for a drug you have already bought, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal
 within 14 calendar days after it receives your request.

Step 3: The independent review organization gives you their answer.

For fast appeals:

 If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the drug coverage that was approved by the 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 488 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

review organization **within 24 hours** after we receive the decision from the review organization.

For standard appeals:

- If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of your request for coverage, we must provide the drug coverage that was approved by the review organization within 72 hours after we receive the decision from the review organization.
- If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of your request to pay you back for a drug you already bought, we are required to send payment to you within 30 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization.

What if the review organization says no to your appeal?

If this organization says no to **part or all** of your appeal, it means they agree with our decision not to approve your request (or part of your request). (This is called **upholding the decision**. It is also called **turning down your appeal.**) In this case, the independent review organization will send you a letter:

- Explaining its decision.
- Notifying you of the right to a Level 3 appeal if the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting meets a certain minimum. If the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting is too low, you cannot make another appeal and the decision at Level 2 is final.
- Telling you the dollar value that must be in dispute to continue with the appeals process.

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Step 4: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal).
- If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

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SECTION 7 How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you are being discharged too soon

When you are admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all of your covered hospital services that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will be working with you to prepare for the day when you will leave the hospital. They will help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your discharge date.
- When your discharge date is decided, your doctor or the hospital staff will tell you.

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 If you think you are being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay, and your request will be considered.

Section 7.1 During your inpatient hospital stay, you will get a written notice from Medicare that tells about your rights

Within two days of being admitted to the hospital, you will be given a written notice called *An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights*. Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice. If you do not get the notice from someone at the hospital (for example, a caseworker or nurse), ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, please call Member Services or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048). 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 493 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- Read this notice carefully and ask questions if you don't understand it. It tells you:
 - Your right to receive Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as ordered by your doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
 - Your right to be involved in any decisions about your hospital stay.
 - Where to report any concerns you have about the quality of your hospital care.
 - Your right to request an immediate review of the decision to discharge you if you think you are being discharged from the hospital too soon. This is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date so that we will cover your hospital care for a longer time.

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- 2. You will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it and understand your rights.
 - You or someone who is acting on your behalf will be asked to sign the notice.
 - Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about your rights. The notice does not give your discharge date. Signing the notice **does** *not* **mean** you are agreeing on a discharge date.
- 3. Keep your copy of the notice handy so you will have the information about making an appeal (or reporting a concern about quality of care) if you need it.
 - If you sign the notice more than two days before your discharge date, you will get another copy before you are scheduled to be discharged.
 - To look at a copy of this notice in advance, you can call Member Services or 1-800 MEDICARE

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(1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can

also see the notice online at

www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General

-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.

Section 7.2 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to change your hospital discharge date

If you want to ask for your inpatient hospital services to be covered by us for a longer time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- Follow the process.
- Meet the deadlines.
- Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Member Services. Or call your State Health Insurance

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Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance.

During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It checks to see if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care professionals paid by the Federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare. These experts are not part of our plan. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 497 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for an immediate review of your hospital discharge. You must act quickly.

How can you contact this organization?

• The written notice you received (*An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights*) tells you how to reach this organization. Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.

Act quickly:

 To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization *before* you leave the hospital and **no later than midnight the day of** your discharge. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 498 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- If you meet this deadline, you may stay in the hospital *after* your discharge date *without paying for it* while you wait to get the decision from the Quality Improvement Organization.
- If you do not meet this deadline, and you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, you may have to pay all of the costs for hospital care you receive after your planned discharge date.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, and you still wish to appeal, you must make an appeal directly to our plan instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 7.4.

Once you request an immediate review of your hospital discharge the Quality Improvement Organization will contact us. By noon of the day after we are contacted, we will give you a **Detailed Notice of Discharge.** This notice

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gives your planned discharge date and explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

You can get a sample of the **Detailed Notice of Discharge** by calling Member Services or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) Or you can see a sample notice online at <u>www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General</u> -Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.

<u>Step 2:</u> The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

 Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the *reviewers*) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 500 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and we have given to them.
- By noon of the day after the reviewers told us of your appeal, you will get a written notice from us that gives your planned discharge date. This notice also explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

Step 3: Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its answer to your appeal.

What happens if the answer is yes?

 If the review organization says yes, we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 501 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

 You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments if these apply).
 In addition, there may be limitations on your covered hospital services.

What happens if the answer is no?

- If the review organization says *no*, they are saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, **our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end** at noon on the day *after* the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.
- If the review organization says *no* to your appeal and you decide to stay in the hospital, then you may have to pay the full cost of hospital care you receive after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

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<u>Step 4:</u> If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

If the Quality Improvement Organization has said *no* to your appeal, *and* you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make another appeal. Making another appeal means you are going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

Section 7.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to change your hospital discharge date

During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at their decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 503 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

• You must ask for this review within

60 calendar days after the day the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stay in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

<u>Step 2:</u> The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

 Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 504 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Step 3: Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a Level 2 appeal, the reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

If the review organization says yes:

- We must reimburse you for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since noon on the day after the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement Organization.
 We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and coverage limitations may apply.

If the review organization says no:

- It means they agree with the decision they made on your Level 1 appeal. This is called upholding the decision.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process.

Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going on to Level 3.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this

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chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

Section 7.4 What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 appeal to change your hospital discharge date?

Legal Term

A fast review (or fast appeal) is also called an

expedited appeal.

You can appeal to us instead

As explained above, you must act quickly to start your Level 1 appeal of your hospital discharge date. If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, there is another way to make your appeal. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 507 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

If you use this other way of making your appeal, *the first two levels of appeal are different.*

Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate appeal

Step 1: Contact us and ask for a fast review.

• Ask for a fast review. This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the fast deadlines rather than the standard deadlines. Chapter 2 has contact information.

<u>Step 2:</u> We do a fast review of your planned discharge date, checking to see if it was medically appropriate.

 During this review, we take a look at all of the information about your hospital stay. We check to see if your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. We see if the decision about when you should leave the hospital was fair and followed all the rules. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 508 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a fast review.

- If we say yes to your appeal, it means we have agreed with you that you still need to be in the hospital after the discharge date. We will keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as they are medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)
- If we say no to your appeal, we are saying that your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services ends as of the day we said coverage would end.

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If you stayed in the hospital *after* your planned discharge date, then you may have to **pay the full cost** of hospital care you received after the planned discharge date.

<u>Step 4:</u> If we say *no* to your appeal, your case will *automatically* be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.

Step-by-Step: Level 2 *Alternate* appeal Process

Legal Term

The formal name for the independent review organization is the **Independent Review Entity.** It is sometimes called the **IRE.**

The independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare. It is not connected with our plan and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 510 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

Step 1: We will automatically forward your case to the independent review organization.

 We are required to send the information for your Level 2 appeal to the independent review organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. Section 10 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

Step 2: The independent review organization does a fast review of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

 Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal of your hospital discharge.

- If this organization says yes to your appeal, then we must pay you back for our share of the costs of hospital care you received since the date of your planned discharge. We must also continue the plan's coverage of your inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.
- If this organization says no to your appeal, it means they agree that your planned hospital discharge date was medically appropriate.
 - The written notice you get from the independent review organization will tell how to start a Level 3 appeal with the review process, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

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Step 3: If the independent review organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If reviewers say no to your Level 2 appeal, you decide whether to accept their decision or go on to Level 3 appeal.
- Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

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SECTION 8	How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon
Section 8.1	This section is only about three services: Home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services

When you are getting covered home health services,

skilled nursing care, or rehabilitation care

(Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility),

you have the right to keep getting your services for that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 514 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

When we decide it is time to stop covering any of the three types of care for you, we are required to tell you in advance. When your coverage for that care ends, *we will stop paying our share of the cost for your care.*

If you think we are ending the coverage of your care too soon, **you can appeal our decision**. This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

Section 8.2 We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending

Legal Term

Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage. It tells you how

you can request a fast-track appeal. Requesting a

fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to request a

change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care.

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- You receive a notice in writing at least two days before our plan is going to stop covering your care. The notice tells you:
 - The date when we will stop covering the care for you.
 - How to request a fast track appeal to request us to keep covering your care for a longer period of time.
- 2. You, or someone who is acting on your behalf, will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it. Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about when your coverage will stop. Signing it does <u>not</u> mean you agree with the plan's decision to stop care.

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Section 8.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

If you want to ask us to cover your care for a longer period of time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- Follow the process.
- Meet the deadlines.
- Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Member Services. Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance.

During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It decides if the end date for your care is medically appropriate. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 517 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing plan decisions about when it's time to stop covering certain kinds of medical care. These experts are not part of our plan.

<u>Step 1:</u> Make your Level 1 appeal: contact the Quality Improvement Organization and ask for a *fast-track appeal*. You must act quickly.

How can you contact this organization?

• The written notice you received (*Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage*) tells you how to reach this organization. Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 518 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Act quickly:

- You must contact the Quality Improvement
 Organization to start your appeal by noon of the
 day before the effective date on the Notice of
 Medicare Non-Coverage.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, and you still wish to file an appeal, you must make an appeal directly to us instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 8.5.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

Legal Term

Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage. Notice that

provides details on reasons for ending coverage.

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What happens during this review?

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the reviewers) will ask you, or your representative, why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan has given to them.
- By the end of the day the reviewers tell us of your appeal, you will get the Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage from us that explains in detail our reasons for ending our coverage for your services.

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Step 3: Within one full day after they have all the information they need; the reviewers will tell you their decision.

What happens if the reviewers say yes?

- If the reviewers say yes to your appeal, then we must keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply).
 There may be limitations on your covered services.

What happens if the reviewers say no?

- If the reviewers say no, then your coverage will end on the date we have told you.
- If you decide to keep getting the home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services

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after this date when your coverage ends, then you

will have to pay the full cost of this care yourself.

Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

 If reviewers say *no* to your Level 1 appeal – <u>and</u> you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended – then you can make a Level 2 appeal.

Section 8.4 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 522 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

• You must ask for this review **within 60 days** after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

<u>Step 2:</u> The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

 Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 523 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Step 3: Within 14 days of receipt of your appeal request, reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

What happens if the review organization says yes?

- We must reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must continue providing coverage for the care for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.

What happens if the review organization says no?

- It means they agree with the decision made to your Level 1 appeal.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go

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> on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

<u>Step 4:</u> If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

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Section 8.5 What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 appeal?

You can appeal to us instead

As explained above, you must act quickly to contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your first appeal (within a day or two, at the most). If you miss the deadline for contacting this organization, there is another way to make your appeal. If you use this other way of making your appeal, *the first two levels of appeal are different.*

Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate appeal

Legal Term

A fast review (or fast appeal) is also called an **expedited appeal.**

Step 1: Contact us and ask for a fast review.

• Ask for a fast review. This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the fast deadlines rather than the standard deadlines. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Step 2: We do a fast review of the decision we made about when to end coverage for your services.

 During this review, we take another look at all of the information about your case. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we set the date for ending the plan's coverage for services you were receiving.

Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a fast review.

 If we say yes to your appeal, it means we have agreed with you that you need services longer, and will keep providing your covered services for as long 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 527 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

> as it is medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)

- If we say no to your appeal, then your coverage will end on the date we told you and we will not pay any share of the costs after this date.
- If you continued to get home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end, then you will have to pay the full cost of this care.

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<u>Step 4:</u> If we say *no* to your fast appeal, your case will *automatically* go on to the next level of the appeals process.

Legal Term

The formal name for the independent review organization is the **Independent Review Entity.** It is sometimes called the **IRE**.

Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate appeal Process

During the Level 2 appeal, the **independent review** organization reviews the decision we made to your fast appeal. This organization decides whether the decision should be changed. **The independent review** organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare. This organization is not connected with our plan and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 529 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

the job of being the independent review organization. Medicare oversees its work.

<u>Step 1:</u> We automatically forward your case to the independent review organization.

 We are required to send the information for your Level 2 appeal to the independent review organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. Section 10 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

Step 2: The independent review organization does a fast review of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

 Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

- If this organization says yes to your appeal, then we must pay you back for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must also continue to cover the care for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover services.
- If this organization says no to your appeal, it means they agree with the decision our plan made to your first appeal and will not change it.
 - The notice you get from the independent review organization will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to go on to a Level 3 appeal.

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<u>Step 3:</u> If the independent review organization says no to your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- A Level 3 appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

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SECTION 9 Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond

Section 9.1 Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Medical Service Requests

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the dollar value of the item or medical service you have appealed meets certain minimum levels, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 appeal will explain how to make a Level 3 appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 533 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Level 3 appealAn Administrative Law Judge or an
attorney adjudicator who works for
the Federal government will review
your appeal and give you an answer.

- If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says yes to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over. Unlike a decision at a Level 2 appeal, we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that is favorable to you. If we decide to appeal, it will go to a Level 4 appeal.
 - If we decide *not* to appeal, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within
 60 calendar days after receiving the
 Administrative Law Judge's or attorney
 adjudicator's decision.
 - If we decide to appeal the decision, we will send you a copy of the Level 4 appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may

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> wait for the Level 4 appeal decision before authorizing or providing the medical care in dispute.

- If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

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Level 4 appeal	The Medicare Appeals Council
	(Council) will review your appeal and
	give you an answer. The Council is
	part of the Federal government.

- If the answer is yes, or if the Council denies our request to review a favorable Level 3 appeal decision, the appeals process may or may not be over. Unlike a decision at Level 2, we have the right to appeal a Level 4 decision that is favorable to you. We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 5.
 - If we decide *not* to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after receiving the Council's decision.
 - If we decide to appeal the decision, we will let you know in writing.

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- If the answer is no or if the Council denies the review request, the appeals process may or may not be over.
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - If you do not want to accept the decision, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 appeal and how to continue with a Level 5 appeal.

Level 5 appeal A judge at the Federal District Court will review your appeal.

 A judge will review all of the information and decide yes or no to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more appeal levels after the Federal District Court.

Section 9.2 Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Part D Drug Requests

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the value of the drug you have appealed meets a certain dollar amount, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar amount is less, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 appeal will explain who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 538 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Level 3 appealAn Administrative Law Judge or an
attorney adjudicator who works for
the Federal government will review
your appeal and give you an answer.

- If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over. We must authorize or provide the drug coverage that was approved by the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after we receive the decision.
- If the answer is no, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review

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process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

Level 4 appealThe Medicare Appeals Council(Council) will review your appeal andgive you an answer. The Council is partof the Federal government.

- If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over.
 We must authorize or provide the drug coverage that was approved by the Council within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after we receive the decision.
- If the answer is no, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.

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> If you do not want to accept the decision, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal or denies your request to review the appeal, the notice will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 appeal. It will also tell you who to contact and what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

Level 5 appeal A judge at the Federal District Court will review your appeal.

 A judge will review all of the information and decide yes or no to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more appeal levels after the Federal District Court. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 541 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

MAKING COMPLAINTS

SECTION 10 How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns

Section 10.1 What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?

The complaint process is *only* used for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

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Complaint	Example
Quality of your medical care	 Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you have received (including care in the hospital)?
Respecting your privacy	 Did someone not respect your right to privacy or share confidential information?
Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors	 Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you? Are you unhappy with our Member Services? Do you feel you are being encouraged to leave the plan?
Waiting times	 Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it?

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Complaint	Ex	ample
	•	Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors, pharmacists, or other health professionals? Or by our Member Services or other staff at the plan?
		 Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting or exam room, or getting a prescription.
Cleanliness	•	Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital, or doctor's office?
Information you get from us	•	Did we fail to give you a required notice? Is our written information hard to understand?

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Complaint	Example
Timeliness	If you have asked for a coverage
(These types of	decision or made an appeal, and you
complaints are	think that we are not responding quickly
all related to the	enough, you can make a complaint
timeliness of	about our slowness. Here are examples:
our actions	 You asked us for a fast coverage
related to	decision or a fast appeal, and we
coverage	have said no; you can make a
decisions and	complaint.
appeals)	• You believe we are not meeting the
	deadlines for coverage decisions or
	appeals; you can make a complaint.
	You believe we are not meeting
	deadlines for covering or
	reimbursing you for certain medical
	items or services or drugs that were

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Complaint	Example
	approved; you can make a
	complaint.
	 You believe we failed to meet
	required deadlines for forwarding
	your case to the independent review
	organization; you can make a
	complaint.

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Section 10.2 How to make a complaint

Legal Terms A Complaint is also called a grievance. Making a complaint is also called filing a grievance. Using the process for complaints is also called using the process for filing a grievance. A fast complaint is also called an expedited grievance.

Section 10.3 Step-by-step: Making a complaint

<u>Step 1:</u> Contact us promptly – either by phone or in writing.

 Usually, calling Member Services is the first step. If there is anything else you need to do, Member Services will let you know. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 547 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- If you do not wish to call (or you called and were not satisfied), you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us. If you put your complaint in writing, we will respond to your complaint in writing.
- To have a complaint reviewed through the formal process, you should send the written **complaint to us.** You may find the contact information in Chapter 2, Section 1 (Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus contacts (how to contact us, including how to reach Member Services)), How to contact us when you are making a complaint about *your medical care or How to contact us when you* are making a complaint about your Part D prescription drugs. We must address your complaint as quickly as your case requires based on your health status, but no later than 30 days after we receive your written complaint. We may extend the time frame by up to 14 calendar days if you ask for

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> the extension, or if we justify a need for additional information and the delay is in your best interest. If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a "fast response" to a coverage decision or appeal, we will automatically give you a "fast" complaint. If you have a "fast" complaint, it means we will give you an answer within 24 hours.

The deadline for making a complaint is
 60 calendar days from the time you had the problem you want to complain about.

Step 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.

- If possible, we will answer you right away. If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call.
- Most complaints are answered within
 30 calendar days. If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for

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more time, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.

- If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a fast coverage decision or a fast appeal, we will automatically give you a fast complaint. If you have a fast complaint, it means we will give you an answer within 24 hours.
- If we do not agree with some or all of your complaint or don't take responsibility for the problem you are complaining about, we will include our reasons in our response to you.

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Section 10.4 You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization

When your complaint is about *quality of care*, you also have two extra options:

• You can make your complaint directly to the Quality Improvement Organization. The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Or

 You can make your complaint to both the Quality Improvement Organization and us at the same time. 2024 Evidence of Coverage for Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus (HMO) 551 Chapter 9 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Section 10.5 You can also tell Medicare about your complaint

You can submit a complaint about Capital Health Plan

Advantage Plus directly to Medicare. To submit a

complaint to Medicare, go to

www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx.

You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227).

TTY/TDD users can call 1-877-486-2048.

CHAPTER 10:

Ending your membership in the plan

SECTION 1 Introduction to ending your membership in our plan

Ending your membership in Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus may be **voluntary** (your own choice) or **involuntary** (not your own choice):

- You might leave our plan because you have decided that you *want* to leave. Sections 2 and 3 provide information on ending your membership voluntarily.
- There are also limited situations where we are required to end your membership. Section 5 tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

If you are leaving our plan, our plan must continue to provide your medical care and prescription drugs and you will continue to pay your cost share until your membership ends.

SECTION 2 When can you end your membership in our plan?

Section 2.1 You can end your membership during the Annual Enrollment Period

You can end your membership in our plan during the Annual Enrollment Period (also known as the Annual Open Enrollment Period). During this time, review your health and drug coverage and decide about coverage for the upcoming year.

- The Annual Enrollment Period is from October 15 to December 7.
- Choose to keep your current coverage or make changes to your coverage for the upcoming year. If you decide to change to a new plan, you can choose any of the following types of plans:
 - Another Medicare health plan, with or without prescription drug coverage.

- Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
- Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
 - If you choose this option, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

Note: If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 or more days in a row, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

• Your membership will end in our plan when your new plan's coverage begins on January 1.

Section 2.2 You can end your membership during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period

You have the opportunity to make *one* change to your health coverage during the **Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period.**

- The annual Medicare Advantage Open
 Enrollment Period is from January 1 to March 31.
- During the annual Medicare Advantage Open
 Enrollment Period you can:
 - Switch to another Medicare Advantage Plan
 with or without prescription drug coverage.
 - Disenroll from our plan and obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time.

• Your membership will end on the first day of the month after you enroll in a different Medicare Advantage plan or we get your request to switch to Original Medicare. If you also choose to enroll in a Medicare prescription drug plan, your membership in the drug plan will begin the first day of the month after the drug plan gets your enrollment request.

Section 2.3 In certain situations, you can end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period

In certain situations, members of Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus may be eligible to end their membership at other times of the year. This is known as a **Special Enrollment Period**.

You may be eligible to end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period if any of the following situations apply to you. These are just examples, for the full list you can contact the plan, call Medicare, or visit the Medicare website (<u>www.medicare.gov</u>):

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- Usually, when you have moved.
- If you have Medicaid.
- If you are eligible for "Extra Help" with paying for your Medicare prescriptions.
- If we violate our contract with you.
- If you are getting care in an institution, such as a nursing home or long-term care (LTC) hospital.
- If you enroll in the Program of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).
- Note: If you're in a drug management program, you may not be able to change plans. Chapter 5, Section 10 tells you more about drug management programs.

The enrollment time periods vary depending on your situation.

To find out if you are eligible for a Special Enrollment Period, please call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. If you are eligible to end your membership because of a special situation, you can choose to change both your Medicare health coverage and prescription drug coverage. You can choose:

- Another Medicare health plan with or without prescription drug coverage.
- Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
- *or* Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

Note: If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 days or more in a row, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later. Your membership will usually end on the first day of the month after your request to change your plan is received.

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If you receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs: If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

Section 2.4 Where can you get more information about when you can end your membership?

If you have any questions about ending your membership you can:

- Call Member Services.
- Find the information in the *Medicare & You 2024* handbook.
- Contact Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

SECTION 3 How do you end your membership in our plan?

The table below explains how you should end your membership in our plan.

If you would like to switch from our plan to:	This is what you should do:
 Another Medicare health plan. 	 Enroll in the new Medicare health plan. You will automatically be disenrolled from Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus when your new plan's coverage begins.
 Original Medicare <i>with</i> a separate 	 Enroll in the new Medicare prescription drug plan.

If you would like to switch from our plan to:	This is what you should do:
Medicare prescription drug plan.	 You will automatically be disenrolled from Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus when your new plan's coverage begins.
 Original Medicare <i>without</i> a separate Medicare prescription drug plan. 	 Send us a written request to disenroll. Contact Member Services if you need more information on how to do this. You can also contact Medicare, at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and ask to be

If you would like to switch from our plan to:	This is what you should do:
	disenrolled. TTY users should call
	1-877-486-2048.
	You will be disenrolled from
	Capital Health Plan Advantage
	Plus when your coverage in
	Original Medicare begins.

SECTION 4 Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical items, services and drugs through our plan

Until your membership ends, and your new Medicare coverage begins, you must continue to get your medical services, items and prescription drugs through our plan.

- Continue to use our network providers to receive medical care.
- Continue to use our network pharmacies or mail-order to get your prescriptions filled.
- If you are hospitalized on the day that your membership ends, your hospital stay will be covered by our plan until you are discharged (even if you are discharged after your new health coverage begins).

SECTION 5 Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus must end your membership in the plan in certain situations

Section 5.1 When must we end your membership in the plan?

Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus must end your membership in the plan if any of the following happen:

- If you no longer have Medicare Part A and Part B.
- If you move out of our service area.
- If you are away from our service area for more than six months.
 - If you move or take a long trip, call Member
 Services to find out if the place you are moving or traveling to is in our plan's area.
- If you become incarcerated (go to prison).

- If you are no longer a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States.
- If you lie or withhold information about other insurance you have that provides prescription drug coverage.
- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you let someone else use your membership card to get medical care. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)

- If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.
- If you do not pay the plan premiums for two calendar months.
 - We must notify you in writing that you have two calendar months to pay the plan premium before we end your membership.
- If you are required to pay the extra Part D amount because of your income and you do not pay it, Medicare will disenroll you from our plan and you <u>will</u> lose prescription drug coverage.

Where can you get more information?

If you have questions or would like more information on when we can end your membership call Member Services.

Section 5.2 We <u>cannot</u> ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason

Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus is not allowed to ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason.

What should you do if this happens?

If you feel that you are being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

Section 5.3 You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership.

CHAPTER 11: Legal notices

SECTION 1 Notice about governing law

The principal law that applies to this *Evidence of Coverage* document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. In addition, other Federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in this document.

SECTION 2 Notice about nondiscrimination

We don't discriminate based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, gender, age, sexual orientation, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service

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area. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage plans, like our plan, must obey Federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get Federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, please call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY 1-800-537-7697) or your local Office for Civil Rights. You can also review information from the Department of Health and Human Services' Office for Civil Rights at

https://www.hhs.gov/ocr/index.html.

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If you have a disability and need help with access to care, please call us at Member Services. If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Member Services can help.

SECTION 3 Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus, as a Medicare Advantage Organization, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any State laws.

CHAPTER 12:

Definitions of important words

Ambulatory Surgical Center – An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center does not exceed 24 hours.

Annual Enrollment Period – The time period of October 15 until December 7 of each year when members can change their health or drug plans or switch to Original Medicare.

Appeal – An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of health care services or prescription drugs or payment for services or drugs you already received. You may also make an appeal if you disagree with our decision to stop services that you are receiving. **Balance Billing** – When a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills a patient more than the plan's allowed cost-sharing amount. As a member of Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus, you only have to pay our plan's cost-sharing amounts when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow providers to **balance bill** or otherwise charge you more than the amount of cost sharing your plan says you must pay.

Benefit Period – The way that both our plan and Original Medicare measures your use of hospital and skilled nursing facility (SNF) services. A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you have not received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods.

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Biological Product – A prescription drug that is made from natural and living sources like animal cells, plant cells, bacteria, or yeast. Biological products are more complex than other drugs and cannot be copied exactly, so alternative forms are called biosimilars. Biosimilars generally work just as well, and are as safe, as the original biological products.

Brand Name Drug – A prescription drug that is manufactured and sold by the pharmaceutical company that originally researched and developed the drug. Brand name drugs have the same active-ingredient formula as the generic version of the drug. However, generic drugs are manufactured and sold by other drug manufacturers and are generally not available until after the patent on the brand name drug has expired.

Capital Health Plan Choice Card – A debit card, prepaid by the plan, that may be used to help pay for out-of-pocket expenses at dental, over-the-counter items, and hearing providers that accept VISA. **Catastrophic Coverage Stage** – The stage in the Part D Drug Benefit that begins when you (or other qualified parties on your behalf) have spent \$8,000 for Part D covered drugs during the covered year. During this payment stage, the plan pays the full cost for your covered Part D drugs. You pay nothing.

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) – The Federal agency that administers Medicare.

Coinsurance – An amount you may be required to pay, expressed as a percentage (for example 20%) as your share of the cost for services or prescription drugs.

Complaint – The formal name for making a complaint is **filing a grievance.** The complaint process is used *only* for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. It also includes complaints if your plan does not follow the time periods in the appeal process.

Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility

(**CORF**) – A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.

Copayment (or copay) – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor's visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription drug. A copayment is a set amount (for example \$10), rather than a percentage.

Cost Sharing – Cost sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services or drugs are received. (This is in addition to the plan's monthly premium.) Cost sharing includes any combination of the following three types of payments: (1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services or drugs are covered; (2) any fixed copayment amount that a plan requires when a specific

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service or drug is received; or (3) any coinsurance amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service or drug, that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is received.

Cost-Sharing Tier - Every drug on the

list of covered drugs is in one of 6 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug.

Coverage Determination – A decision about whether a drug prescribed for you is covered by the plan and the amount, if any, you are required to pay for the prescription. In general, if you bring your prescription to a pharmacy and the pharmacy tells you the prescription isn't covered under your plan, that isn't a coverage determination. You need to call or write to your plan to ask for a formal decision about the coverage. Coverage determinations are called **coverage decisions** in this document.

Covered Drugs – The term we use to mean all of the prescription drugs covered by our plan.

Covered Services – The term we use to mean all of the health care services and supplies that are covered by our plan.

Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage – Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty, if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

Custodial Care – Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care, provided by people who do not have professional skills or training, includes help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn't pay for custodial care.

Daily cost-sharing rate – A daily cost-sharing rate may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply of certain drugs for you and you are required to pay a copayment. A daily cost-sharing rate is the copayment divided by the number of days in a month's supply. Here is an example: If your copayment for a one-month supply of a drug is \$30, and a one-month's supply in your plan is 30 days, then your daily cost-sharing rate is \$1 per day.

Deductible – The amount you must pay for health care or prescriptions before our plan pays.

Disenroll or **Disenrollment** – The process of ending your membership in our plan.

Dispensing Fee – A fee charged each time a covered drug is dispensed to pay for the cost of filling a prescription, such as the pharmacist's time to prepare and package the prescription.

Durable Medical Equipment (DME) – Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples include: walkers, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, or hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home.

Emergency – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

Emergency Care – Covered services that are: 1) provided by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and 2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

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Information – This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders, or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan.

Exception – A type of coverage decision that, if approved, allows you to get a drug that is not on our formulary (a formulary exception), or get a non-preferred drug at a lower cost-sharing level (a tiering exception). You may also request an exception if our plan requires you to try another drug before receiving the drug you are requesting,

or if our plan limits the quantity or dosage of the drug you are requesting (a formulary exception).

"Extra Help" – A Medicare or a State program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance.

Generic Drug – A prescription drug that is approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) as having the same active ingredient(s) as the brand name drug. Generally, a generic drug works the same as a brand name drug and usually costs less.

Grievance – A type of complaint you make about our plan, providers, or pharmacies, including a complaint concerning the quality of your care. This does not involve coverage or payment disputes. **Home Health Aide** – A person who provides services that do not need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises).

Hospice – A benefit that provides special treatment for a member who has been medically certified as terminally ill, meaning having a life expectancy of 6 months or less. We, your plan, must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice and continue to pay premiums you are still a member of our plan. You can still obtain all medically necessary services as well as the supplemental benefits we offer.

Hospital Inpatient Stay – A hospital stay when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient.

Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount (IRMAA)

– If your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from 2 years ago is above a certain amount, you'll pay the standard premium amount and an Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, also known as IRMAA. IRMAA is an extra charge added to your premium. Less than 5% of people with Medicare are affected, so most people will not pay a higher premium.

Initial Coverage Limit – The maximum limit of coverage under the Initial Coverage Stage.

Initial Coverage Stage – This is the stage before your total drug costs including amounts you have paid and what your plan has paid on your behalf for the year have reached \$5,030.

Initial Enrollment Period – When you are first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. If you're eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the 7-month period that begins 3 months before the monthyou turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends3 months after the month you turn 65.

List of Covered Drugs (Formulary or "Drug List") – A list of prescription drugs covered by the plan.

Low Income Subsidy (LIS) – See "Extra Help."

Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount – The most that you pay out-of-pocket during the calendar year for in-network covered Part A and Part B services. Amounts you pay for your plan premiums, Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and prescription drugs do not count toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount. In addition to the maximum out-of-pocket amount for in-network covered Part A and Part B medical services, we also have a maximum out-of-pocket amount for certain types of services. **Medicaid (or Medical Assistance)** – A joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. State Medicaid programs vary, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid.

Medically Accepted Indication – A use of a drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain reference books.

Medically Necessary – Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

Medicare – The Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant). Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage Plan can be an i) HMO, ii) PPO, iii) a Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or a iv) Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. Besides choosing from these types of plans, a Medicare Advantage HMO or PPO plan can also be a Special Needs Plan (SNP). In most cases, Medicare Advantage Plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage.

Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period – The time period from January 1 until March 31 when members in a Medicare Advantage plan can cancel their plan enrollment and switch to another Medicare Advantage plan, or obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, 2024 Evidence of Coverage for
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you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time. The Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period is also available for a 3-month period after an individual is first eligible for Medicare.

Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program – A

program that provides discounts on most covered Part D brand name drugs to Part D members who have reached the Coverage Gap Stage and who are not already receiving "Extra Help." Discounts are based on agreements between the Federal government and certain drug manufacturers.

Medicare-Covered Services – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans must cover all of the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B. The term Medicare-Covered Services does not include the extra benefits, such as vision, dental or hearing, that a Medicare Advantage plan may offer. **Medicare Health Plan** – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in the plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Special Needs Plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage

(Medicare Part D) – Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologicals, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance)

Policy – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill *gaps* in Original Medicare.
Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare.
(A Medicare Advantage Plan is not a Medigap policy.)

Member (Member of our Plan, or Plan Member) – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan, and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

Member Services – A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals.

Network Pharmacy – A pharmacy that contracts with our plan where members of our plan can get their prescription drug benefits. In most cases, your prescriptions are covered only if they are filled at one of our network pharmacies.

Network Provider – Provider is the general term for doctors, other health care professionals, hospitals, and other health care facilities that are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the State to provide health care services. Network providers have an agreement with our plan to

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accept our payment as payment in full, and in some cases to coordinate as well as provide covered services to members of our plan. Network providers are also called **plan providers**.

Organization Determination – A decision our plan makes about whether items or services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered items or services.

Organization determinations are called coverage decisions in this document.

Original Medicare (Traditional Medicare or

Fee-for-service Medicare) – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan like Medicare Advantage Plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved

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amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has two parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

Out-of-Network Pharmacy – A pharmacy that does not have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered drugs to members of our plan. Most drugs you get from out-of-network pharmacies are not covered by our plan unless certain conditions apply.

Out-of-Network Provider or Out-of-Network Facility – A provider or facility that does not have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered services to members of our plan. Out-of-network providers are providers that are not employed, owned, or operated by our plan.

Out-of-Pocket Costs – See the definition for cost sharing above. A member's cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services or drugs received is also referred to as the member's out-of-pocket cost requirement.

PACE plan – A PACE (Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly) plan combines medical, social, and long-term services and supports (LTSS) for frail people to help people stay independent and living in their community (instead of moving to a nursing home) as long as possible. People enrolled in PACE plans receive both their Medicare and Medicaid benefits through the plan.

Part C – see Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan.

Part D – The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program.

Part D Drugs – Drugs that can be covered under Part D.
We may or may not offer all Part D drugs. Certain
categories of drugs have been excluded as covered
Part D drugs by Congress. Certain categories of Part D
drugs must be covered by every plan.

Part D Late Enrollment Penalty – An amount added to your monthly premium for Medicare drug coverage if you go without creditable coverage (coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage) for a continuous period of 63 days or more after you are first eligible to join a Part D plan.

Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) Plan – A

Preferred Provider Organization plan is a Medicare Advantage Plan that has a network of contracted providers that have agreed to treat plan members for a specified payment amount. A PPO plan must cover all plan benefits whether they are received from network or out-of-network providers. Member cost sharing will generally be higher 2024 Evidence of Coverage for
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when plan benefits are received from out-of-network providers. PPO plans have an annual limit on your out-of-pocket costs for services received from network (preferred) providers and a higher limit on your total combined out-of-pocket costs for services from both network (preferred) and out-of-network (non-preferred) providers.

Premium – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health or prescription drug coverage.

Primary Care Provider (PCP) – The doctor or other provider you see first for most health problems. In many Medicare health plans, you must see your primary care provider before you see any other health care provider. Prior Authorization – Approval in advance to get services or certain drugs. Covered services that need prior authorization are marked in the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4. Covered drugs that need prior authorization are marked in the formulary.

Prosthetics and Orthotics – Medical devices including, but are not limited to: arm, back and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.

Quantity Limits – A management tool that is designed to limit the use of selected drugs for quality, safety, or utilization reasons. Limits may be on the amount of the

drug that we cover per prescription or for a defined period of time.

Real-Time Benefit Tool – A portal or computer application in which enrollees can look up complete, accurate, timely, clinically appropriate, enrollee-specific formulary and benefit information. This includes cost sharing amounts, alternative formulary medications that may be used for the same health condition as a given drug, and coverage restrictions (Prior Authorization, Step Therapy, Quantity Limits) that apply to alternative medications.

Rehabilitation Services – These services include physical therapy, speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy.

Service Area – A geographic area where you must live to join a particular health plan. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it's also generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services.

The plan must disenroll you if you permanently move out of the plan's service area.

Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care – Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor.

Special Enrollment Period – A set time when members can change their health or drug plans or return to Original Medicare. Situations in which you may be eligible for a Special Enrollment Period include: if you move outside the service area, if you are getting "Extra Help" with your prescription drug costs, if you move into a nursing home, or if we violate our contract with you.

Special Needs Plan – A special type of Medicare Advantage Plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who reside in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions.

Step Therapy – A utilization tool that requires you to first try another drug to treat your medical condition before we will cover the drug your physician may have initially prescribed.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

Urgently Needed Services – Covered services that are not emergency services, provided when the network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible or when the enrollee is out of the service area. For example, you need immediate care during the weekend. Services must be immediately needed and medically necessary.



Nondiscrimination and Accessibility Notice (ACA §1557)

Capital Health Plan complies with applicable Federal civil rights laws and does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability or sex. Capital Health Plan does not exclude people or treat them differently because of race, color, national origin, age, disability or sex. Capital Health Plan provides free aids and services to people with disabilities to communicate effectively with us, such as:

- Qualified sign language interpreters
- Written information in other formats (large print, audio, accessible electronic formats, other formats)
- Provides free language services to people whose primary language is not English, such as:
 - Qualified interpreters

Information written in other languages
 If you need these services, contact Member Services at

one of the numbers listed below.

If you believe that Capital Health Plan has failed to provide these services or discriminated in another way on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability or sex, you can file a grievance with:

Capital Health Plan's Compliance and Privacy Officer:

2140 Centerville Place

Tallahassee, FI 32308

Phone: Member Services 850-383-3311, 1-877-247-6512,

TTY 850-383-3534 or 1-877-870-8943,

Fax: 850-523-7419, Email: memberservices@chp.org.

Medicare members or prospective members call

850-523-7441 or 1-877-247-6512 (TTY 850-383-3534 or

1-877-870-8943) 8:00 a.m. - 8:00 p.m., seven days a

week, October 1 - February 14; 8:00 a.m. - 8:00 p.m.,

Monday - Friday, February 15 - September 30. State of

Florida members call 1-877-392-1532,

7:00 a.m. - 7:00 p.m.

You can file a grievance in person or by mail, fax or email. If you need help filing a grievance, our Member Services Department is available to help you.

You can also file a civil rights complaint with the

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights electronically through the Office for Civil Rights Complaint Portal, available at

<u>https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf</u>, or by mail or phone at:

U.S. Department of Health and Human

Services, 200 Independence Avenue SW

Room 509F, HHH Building

Washington, DC 20201

800-368-1019, 800-537-7697 (TDD)

Complaint forms are available at

http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/office/file/index.html.

Have a disability? Speak a language other than English? Call to get help for free. 1-877-247-6512, TTY/TDD 850-383-3534 or 1-877-870-8943

Vous souffrez d'un handicap ? Vous parlez une autre langue que l'anglais ? Appelez pour obtenir une aide gratuite. 1 877 247 6512, Téléscripteur/ATME 850 383 3534 ou 1 877 870 8943

Hai una disabilità? Non parli inglese? Chiama uno di questi numeri per chiedere assistenza gratuita: 1-877-247-6512, TTY/TDD 850-383-3534 o 1-877-870-8943

على للحصول اتصل الإنجليزية؟ اللغة غير لغة تتحدث هل إعاقة؟ من تعاني هل المجانية المساعدة النصي الهاتف/للصم الهاتفي الاتصال جهاز ،1-6512-877-877-870 أو TDD/TTY (TDD/TTY)

Haben Sie eine Behinderung? Möchten Sie mit uns in einer anderen Sprache als Englisch kommunizieren?
Rufen Sie an, um kostenlos Unterstützung zu erhalten.
1-877-247-6512, TTY/TDD 850-383-3534 oder
1-877-870-8943

¿Tiene una discapacidad? ¿Habla algún otro idioma que no sea inglés? Llame para obtener ayuda gratis.

1-877-247-6512, TTY/TDD 850-383-3534 o al

1-877-870-8943

ناتوانی خاصی دارید؟ به زبانی بجز انکلیسی صحبت می کفید؟ برای دریافت کمکا دایکان با این شماره ها تماس بکیرید DDT/YTT به شماره 3534-383-383 یا 0DT/YTT 1-877-870-8943 1-877-247-6512 یا

અપંગતા છે? ઇંગલિશ કરતાં અન્ય ભાષા બોલો છો? નિ શુલ્ક મદદ મેળવવા કૉલ કરો. 1-877-247-6512, TTY/TDD 850-383-3534 અથવા 1-877-870-8943 પર

Ou gen yon andikap? Ou pale yon lang ki pa Anglè? Rele pou jwenn èd pou gratis? 1-877-247-6512, TTY/TDD 850-383-3534 oswa 1-877-870-8943

장애가 있으십니까? 영어가 아닌 다른 언어를

사용하십니까? 전화하십시오. 무료로 도와드립니다.

1-877-247-6512, TTY/TDD 850-383-3534 또는

1-877-870-8943

Jesteś osobą niepełnosprawną? Mówisz w języku innym niż j. angielski? Zadzwoń, aby uzyskać bezpłatną pomoc. 1-877-247-6512, TTY/TDD 850-383-3534 lub 1-877-870-8943

Tem algum tipo de incapacidade? Fala outra língua que não o inglês? Ligue para obter ajuda gratuitamente. 1-877-247-6512, TTY/TDD 850-383-3534 ou 1-877-870-8943

Ваши возможности ограничены по состоянию здоровья? Вы не говорите по-английски? Обратитесь за бесплатной помощью по телефону: 1-877-247-6512, TTY/TDD 850-383-3534 or 1-877-870-8943

您是残障人士吗?您不会说英语吗?请拨打电话以免费获取帮助。电话号码:1-877-247-6512;TTY/TDD

(听障人士):850-383-3534 或 1-877-870-8943

Ikaw ba ay may kapansanan? Ikaw ba ay nakakapagsalita ng ibang wika maliban sa Ingles? Tumawag upang makakuha ng libreng tulong. 1-877-247-6512, TTY/TTD 850-383-3534 o sa 1-877-870-8943.

您是否是障礙人士? 您是否不會講英語? 請撥打電話以取得 免費協助。1-877-247-6512, 聽障者請使用 TTY/TDD 850-383-3534 或 1-877-870-8943

พิการหรือเปล่า? พูดภาษาอนี่ ทไ ม่ใช่ภาษาอังกฤษหรือเปล่า? โทรเพอี่ ขอความช่วยเหลือฟรี 1-877-247-6512, TTY/TDD

850-383-3534 หรือ 1-877-870-8943

Quý vị có khuyết tật? Quý vị nói ngôn ngữ khác mà không phải tiếng Anh? Vui lòng gọi để được trợ giúp miễn phí.

Approved by Compliance Committee: 8/23/2016; Revised 5/3/17; Revised 11/14/17; Revised 4/4/19

1-877-247-6512, TTY/TDD 850-383-3534 hoặc 1-877-870-8943

If you have any questions or concerns related to this, please call our Member Services Department, Monday through Friday 8:00 am – 5:00 pm at 850-383-3311 or 1-877-247-6512. Medicare members or prospective members call 850-523-7441 or 1-877-247-6512 (TTY 850-383-3534 or 1-877-870-8943) 8:00 a.m. - 8:00 p.m., seven days a week, October 1 - February 14; 8:00 a.m. - 8:00 p.m., Monday - Friday, February 15 - September 30. State of Florida members call 1-877-392-1532, 7:00 a.m. - 7:00 p.m. Capital Health Plan contact information is located on our website: http://www.capitalhealth.com/

Capital-Health-Plan/Contact-Us

Approved by Compliance Committee: 8/23/2016; Revised 5/3/17; Revised 11/14/17; Revised 4/4/19

Multi-language Interpreter Services

English: We have free interpreter services to answer any questions you may have about our health or drug plan. To get an interpreter, just call us at 1-877-247-6512. Someone who speaks English/Language can help you. This is a free service.

Spanish: Tenemos servicios de intérprete sin costo alguno para responder cualquier pregunta que pueda tener sobre nuestro plan de salud o medicamentos. Para hablar con un intérprete, por favor llame al 1-877-247-6512. Alguien que hable español le podrá ayudar. Este es un servicio gratuito.

Chinese Mandarin: 我们提供免费的翻译服务,帮助您解

答关于健康或药物保险的任何疑问。如果您需要此翻译服务,请致电1-877-247-6512。我们的中文工作人员很乐意帮助您。这是一项免费服务。

Chinese Cantonese: 您對我們的健康或藥物保險可能存有 疑問,為此我們提供免費的翻譯 服務。如需翻譯服務,請 致電 1-877-247-6512。 我們講中文的人員將樂意為您提供 幫助。這 是一項免費服務。

Tagalog: Mayroon kaming libreng serbisyo sa pagsasaling-wika upang masagot ang anumang mga katanungan ninyo hinggil sa aming planong pangkalusugan o panggamot. Upang makakuha ng tagasaling-wika, tawagan lamang kami sa 1-877-247-6512. Maaari kayong tulungan ng isang nakakapagsalita ng Tagalog. Ito ay libreng serbisyo.

French: Nous proposons des services gratuits d'interprétation pour répondre à toutes vos questions relatives à notre régime de santé ou d'assurance-médicaments. Pour accéder au service d'interprétation, il vous suffit de nous appeler au 1-877-247-6512. Un interlocuteur parlant Français pourra vous aider. Ce service est gratuit. Vietnamese: Chúng tôi có dịch vụ thông dịch miễn phí để trả lời các câu hỏi về chương sức khỏe và chương trình thuốc men. Nếu quí vị cần thông dịch viên xin gọi 1-877-247-6512 sẽ có nhân viên nói tiếng Việt giúp đỡ quí vị. Đây là dịch vụ miễn phí.

German: Unser kostenloser Dolmetscherservice beantwortet Ihren Fragen zu unserem Gesundheits-und Arzneimittelplan. Unsere Dolmetscher erreichen Sie unter 1-877-247-6512. Man wird Ihnen dort auf Deutsch weiterhelfen. Dieser Service ist kostenlos.

Korean: 당사는 의료 보험 또는 약품 보험에 관한 질문에 답해 드리고자 무료 통역 서비스를 제공하고 있습니다. 통역 서비스를 이용하려면 전화 1-877-247-6512 번으로 문의해 주십시오. 한국어를 하는 담당자가 도와 드릴 것입니다. 이 서비스는 무료로 운영됩니다. Russian: Если у вас возникнут вопросы относительно страхового или медикаментного плана, вы можете воспользоваться нашими бесплатными услугами переводчиков. Чтобы воспользоваться услугами переводчика, позвоните нам по телефону 1-877-247-6512. Вам окажет помощь сотрудник, который говорит по-русски. Данная услуга бесплатная.

Arabic:

أو بالصحة تتعلق أسئلة أي عن للإجابة المجانية الفوري المترجم خدمات نقدم إنتا عليك ليس فوري، خدمة هذه بمساعدتك مترجم على للحصول لدينا الأدوية جدول العربية يتحدث ما شخص سيقوم .1-877-247-6512 على بتا الاتصال سوى مجانية

Hindi: हमारे स्वास्थ्य या दवा क योजना के बारे म आपके कसी भी प्रश्न के जवाब देने के लए हमारेपास मुफ्तदुभा षया सेवाएँ उपलब्ध ह एक दुभा षया प्राप्त करने के लए, बस हम 1-877-247-6512 पर फोन कर. कोई व्यिक्तजो हन्द बोलता हैआपक मदद कर सकता है. यह एक मुफ्त सेवा है. **Italian:** È disponibile un servizio di interpretariato gratuito per rispondere a eventuali domande sul nostro piano sanitario e farmaceutico. Per un interprete, contattare il numero 1-877-247-6512. Un nostro incaricato che parla Italianovi fornirà l'assistenza necessaria. È un servizio gratuito.

Portugués: Dispomos de serviços de interpretação gratuitos para responder a qualquer questão que tenha acerca do nosso plano de saúde ou de medicação. Para obter um intérprete, contacte-nos através do número 1-877-247-6512. Irá encontrar alguém que fale o idioma Português para o ajudar. Este serviço é gratuito.

French Creole: Nou genyen sèvis entèprèt gratis pou reponn tout kesyon ou ta genyen konsènan plan medikal oswa dwòg nou an. Pou jwenn yon entèprèt, jis rele nou nan 1-877-247-6512. Yon moun ki pale Kreyòl kapab ede w. Sa a se yon sèvis ki gratis.

Polish: Umożliwiamy bezpłatne skorzystanie z usług tłumacza ustnego, który pomoże w uzyskaniu odpowiedzi na temat planu zdrowotnego lub dawkowania leków. Aby skorzystać z pomocy tłumacza znającego język polski, należy zadzwonić pod numer 1-877-247-6512. Ta usługa jest bezpłatna.

Japanese: 当社の健康 健康保険と薬品 処方薬プランに関 するご質問にお答えするため に、無料の通訳サービスがあ りますございます。通訳をご用命になるには、 1-877-247-6512 にお電話ください。日本語を話す人 者 が 支援いたします。これは無料のサービスです。

Capital Health Plan Advantage Plus Member Services

Method	Member Services – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-247-6512
	Calls to this number are free. You may call
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week
	between October 1 and March 31; and
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., Monday through
	Friday between April 1 and September 30.
	Member Services also has free language
	interpreter services available for
	non-English speakers.
ТТҮ	1-877-870-8943
	This number requires special telephone
	equipment and is only for people who have
	difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free. You may call
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., seven days a week
	between October 1 and March 31; and

Method	Member Services – Contact Information
	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., Monday through Friday between April 1 and September 30.
FAX	850-383-3338
WRITE	Capital Health Plan
	Member Services
	P.O. Box 15349
	Tallahassee, Florida 32317-5349
EMAIL	memberservices@chp.org
WEBSITE	www.capitalhealth.com/Medicare

Serving Health Insurance Needs of Elders (SHINE)

Serving Health Insurance Needs of Elders (SHINE) is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

Method	Serving Health Insurance Needs of Elders (SHINE) (Florida's SHIP) – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-963-5337
ΤΤΥ	1-800-955-8770This number requires special telephoneequipment and is only for people who havedifficulties with hearing or speaking.
WRITE	SHINE Program Department of Elder Affairs 4040 Esplanade Way, Suite 270 Tallahassee, Florida 32399-7000
WEBSITE	www.floridashine.org

PRA Disclosure Statement According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-1051. If you have comments or suggestions for improving this form, please *write to: CMS, 7500 Security Boulevard, Attn: PRA* Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.